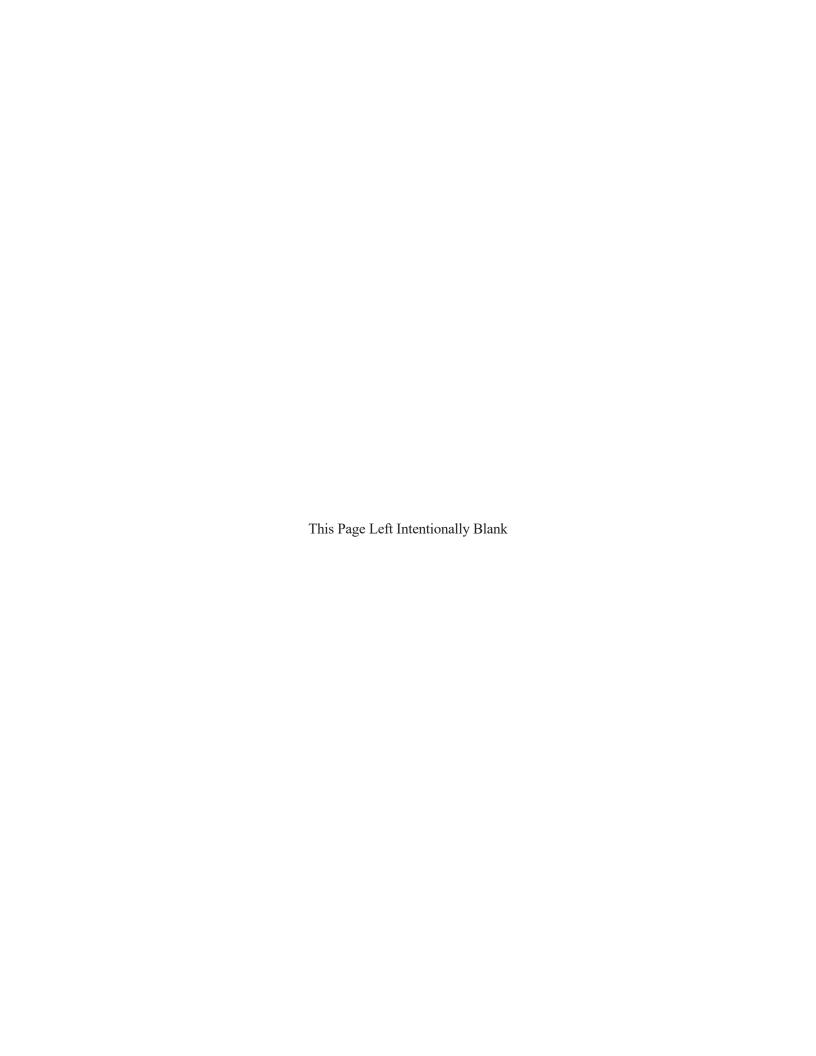


City of Manteca

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

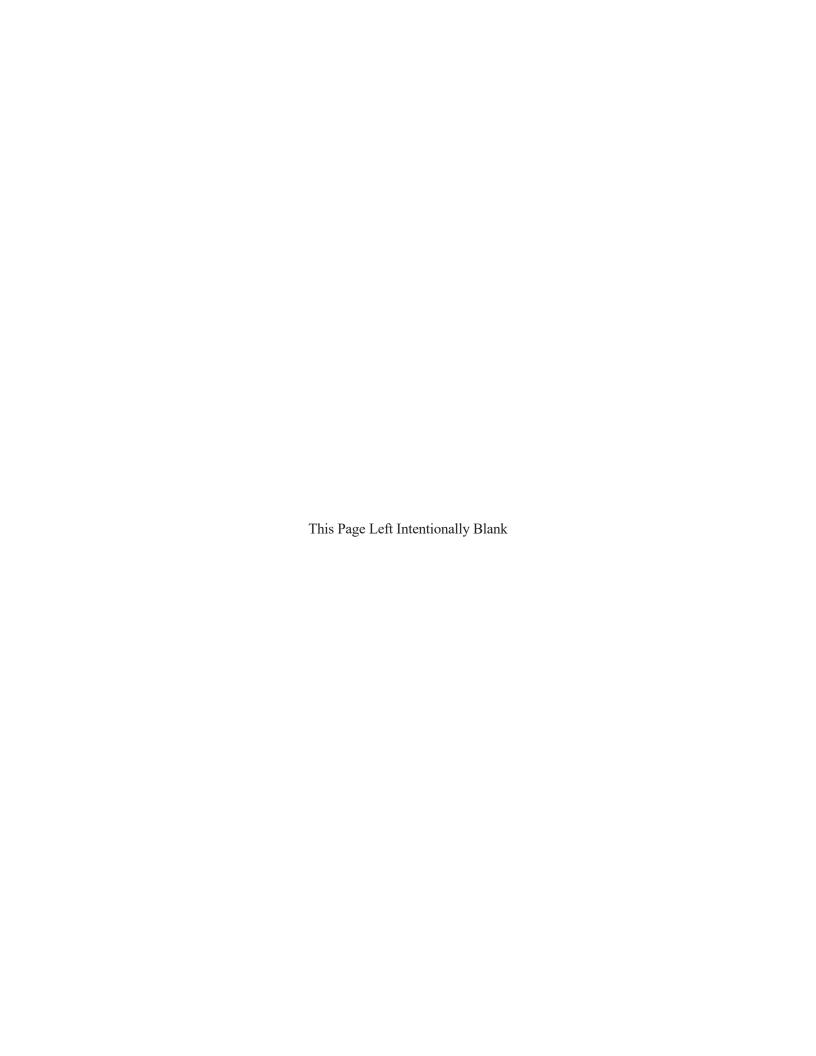




CITY OF MANTECA, CALIFORNIA ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Prepared by

FINANCE DEPARTMENT



Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

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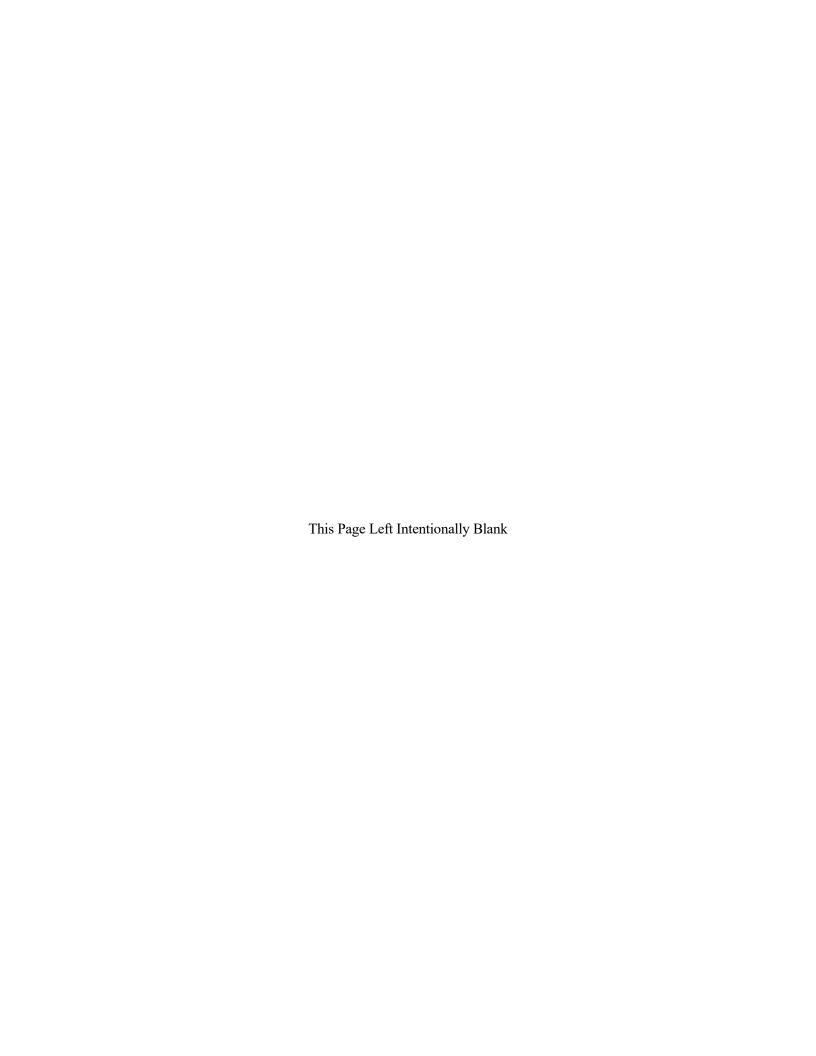
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1001 W. Center St. Manteca, CA 95337

Office: 209.456.8785

May 22, 2025

Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Residents of Manteca:

We are pleased to submit the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the City of Manteca, California, for the fiscal year (FY) ended June 30, 2024. The City of Manteca annually publishes a complete set of financial statements, presented in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) and audited by an independent, certified public accounting firm.

The City's Finance Department has prepared this report. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the information, including all disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of the City staff's knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present the financial position and results of operations of various funds for the City of Manteca. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included. GAAP requires that statements include a Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A, and it should be read in conjunction with the MD&A, which can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Reporting Entity

The financial statements included in this ACFR present the City (the primary government) with the City funds and the Manteca Financing Authority (MFA) as a component unit. This component unit is a separate legal entity; however, the City Council sits as the Board of Commissioners and the MFA is dependent upon the City of Manteca for record keeping and financial report preparation activities.

On June 28, 2011, the State of California adopted ABX1 26, later amended by AB1484 on June 27, 2012, which suspended all new redevelopment activities except for limited specified activities as of that date and dissolved Redevelopment Agencies as of January 31, 2012. Under the provision of ABX1 26, a city that authorized the creation of a redevelopment agency may elect to serve as the successor agency. On September 20, 2011, the City made the election to become the Successor Agency to the Manteca Redevelopment Agency and on February 1, 2012, the Redevelopment Agency's non-housing related assets were distributed to, and the liabilities were assumed by the Successor Agency. The activities of the Successor Agency are subject to the review and approval of a County Oversight Board.

The activities of the Successor Agency are reported in the Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency Private-Purpose Trust Fund as the activities are under the control of the Oversight Board. The City provides administrative services to the Successor Agency to wind down the affairs of the former Redevelopment Agency. The activities and net position information for the Private-Purpose Trust Fund can be found in the Fiduciary Financial Statements section.

Additionally, under the provision of ABX1 26 and pursuant to Health and Safety Code Section 34176(b), the City could elect to become the Housing Successor and retain the housing assets. On February 7, 2012, the City elected to become the Housing Successor and certain housing assets were transferred to the City's Successor Agency Housing Special Revenue Fund pending State approval of the transfer, which occurred in 2012. The activities of the Housing Successor are reported in the Low and Moderate Income Housing Assets Special Revenue Fund as the City has control of the assets. These funds may be used in accordance with the low and moderate income housing provisions of the California Health and Safety Code.

Government Profile

The City of Manteca is located seventy-six (76) miles due east of San Francisco in northern San Joaquin County and is situated along Highway 99 and the Highway 120 bypass that serves as a connector to Interstate 5. The city is uniquely positioned with access not only to three major freeways, but also within proximity to the Union Pacific Intermodal Yard, the Santa Fe Railroad Intermodal Yard, the Stockton Metro Airport and the Port of Stockton. Manteca's strategic location provides easy commuting to the San Francisco Bay Area, San Jose, and Sacramento. With more than 18 million consumers within 100 miles of Manteca, the city is positioned for future residential growth as well as business expansion through the location and/or relocation of manufacturing, retailing, wholesaling, and service industries.

The City of Manteca is adjacent to extensive green areas and agricultural lands in California's Central Valley. Agriculturally oriented business activities have always been an integral component of our community and continue to be an important part of Manteca's local economy. Strong land use policies lay the foundation for economic development growth and expansion as well as continued residential development. Large-scale opportunity sites that are compatible with a wide range of uses support commercial, industrial, retail and professional growth. These employment bases along with Manteca's access to transportation routes position Manteca to attract employers migrating to the Central Valley from the San Francisco Bay Area and other regions. These new businesses will join Manteca's many large employers including packaging and distribution plants, manufacturers, electronic firms, and two local hospitals.

The City of Manteca is a full-service city providing police protection, fire protection, parks and recreation, planning, building inspection, engineering, fleet maintenance, construction and maintenance of streets, public buildings, and other infrastructure, as well as solid waste, water, and wastewater utility services. The City is a general-law city incorporated under California law on May 28, 1918. The City operates under the City Council/Manager form of government. The Mayor is directly elected by the people and serves as a member of the City Council for a four-year term. Four council members are elected into districts and serve staggered four-year terms. All elections are conducted on a non-partisan basis. The City Council is also financially accountable for the Manteca Financing Authority.

Economic Conditions and Outlook

Even through the uncertainty that the COVID-19 pandemic brought in March of 2020, the City of Manteca has continued to grow. The City's recovery from the Great Recession continued throughout 2020 and 2021 even when considering the pandemic. Positive indicators included increased consumer spending and continued growth in new and resale home values. Through strong economic development and bolstered consumer spending, general sales tax revenue was 4.3% higher than for the same period last year. The total property tax received of \$27.6 million included one-time payments of residual taxes due to the dissolution of the former Redevelopment Agencies. Property tax, net of the residual, was \$24.7 million or a 12.3% increase when compared to the prior year.

Despite the business restrictions brought on by the increase in interest rates, the pace of housing construction has continued relatively unabated, with 978 permits issued during FY 2023-24 from July 1, 2023, through June 30, 2024, and 1,996 permits issued during the first half of FY 2024-25 from July 1, 2024, through December 31, 2025. Building activity typically ramps up during the spring and summer of each year and the period from January 1, 2024, through December 31, 2024, averaged 384 new permits each month, and a total of 4,608 during the calendar year. Permit activity over the first half of FY2024-25 has seen considerable increases as well with 2,612 permits issued from July 1, 2024, through December 31, 2024, and a total of 4,819 permits issued during FY2023-24.

As of June 30, 2024, unemployment rates in California had continued to increase due to protective measures the state issued in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. The U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics listed the June 2024 statewide unemployment rate at 5.4%, San Joaquin County at 6.5% and 6.1% for Manteca. Reflective of an economy that is continuing to recover from the global pandemic, unemployment rates continue to be down from June 2023 when the statewide unemployment rate was 4.7%, San Joaquin County was 6.1%, and the City of Manteca was 6.8%.

Budgetary Control

By June 30 of every year, the City prepares an annual budget for the subsequent fiscal year. The City maintains budgetary controls to ensure compliance with the legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City Council. Activities of the general fund, special revenue funds, and capital projects funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at the department level for the general fund and at the fund level for all other funds. The City also applies and maintains encumbrance accounting as a technique of accomplishing budgetary control. As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the City continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

Long-Term Financial Planning

The past decade has been fiscally challenging for many cities throughout California and the nation. To navigate through the diverse and rapidly changing fiscal climate, Manteca has set the foundation for future stability through the annual City Council strategy and goal setting sessions. Through these sessions, the City develops long-term financial planning strategies designed to meet Council's goals and priorities. The City annually adopts a Capital Improvement Plan budget that supports the Council's goals and priorities. Projects are analyzed not only on the merits and benefits of the proposal, but also on the long-term financial impact on City resources resulting from anticipated maintenance.

Single Audit

The City is subject to an annual single audit in compliance with provisions of the Single Audit Act as amended in 1996, and the Uniform Guidance effective December 26, 2014. Information contained in this separate report related to the single audit includes the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and the auditor's report on the Schedule along with their reports on internal controls and compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

Internal Controls

City management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that assets are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP.

The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that 1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived from the control, and 2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. All internal control evaluations occur within the above-stated framework. We believe our internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance that financial transactions are properly recorded.

Independent Audit

State statutes require an annual audit of the City's accounts by an independent certified public accountant. The City of Manteca selected the accounting firm of Maze and Associates. The auditor's report on the basic financial statements is included in the financial section of this report.

Acknowledgments

Completion of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report was made possible by the dedicated service of Finance Department staff, whose work has our sincere appreciation. Additional thanks are due to staff in other City Departments who spent time answering questions and providing information. Appreciation is also extended to the City's auditors Maze and Associates for their assistance.

Respectfully submitted,

Matthew Boring

Interim Finance Director



Mayor and City Council Fiscal Year 2023-2024











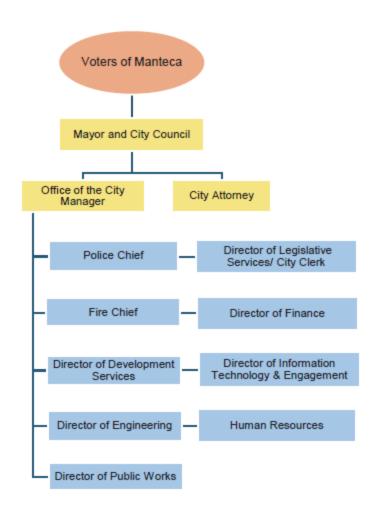
Gary Singh, Mayor
Mike Morowit, Vice Mayor
Jose Nuno, Councilmember
David Breitenbucher, Councilmember
Charlie Halford, Councilmember

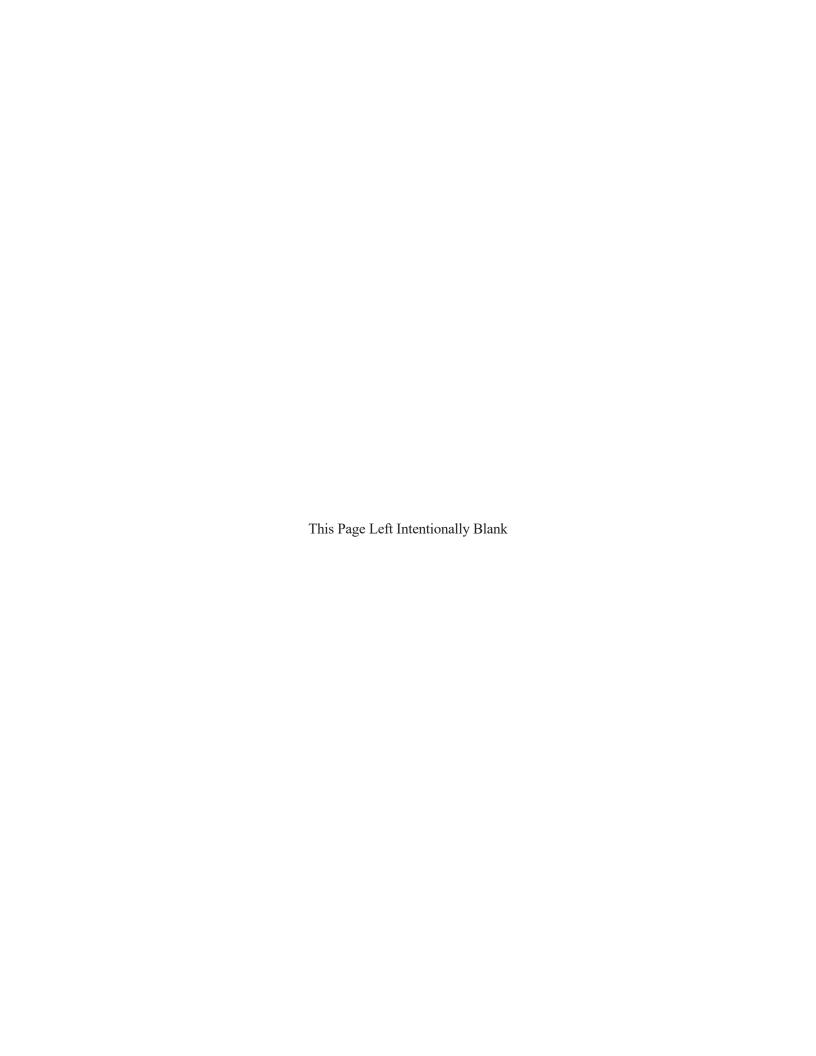
Executive Team¹

Toni Lundgren, City Manager
Jose Jasso, Assistant City Manager
David Nefouse, City Attorney
Cassandra Candini-Tilton, Director of Legislative Services/City Clerk
Stephanie Van Steyn, Director of Human Resources
Pennie Arounsack, Director of Information Technology & Innovation
Shay Narayan, Director of Finance
Carl Brown, Director of Public Works
Kevin Jorgensen, Director of Engineering
Barb Harb, Interim Director of Development Services
Stephen Schluer, Chief of Police
Dave Marques, Chief of Fire

¹ Executive Team is as of June 30, 2024









INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Members of the City Council City of Manteca, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Manteca, California (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2024 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons listed in the Table of Contents as part of the basic financial statements for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirement relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and other Required Supplementary Information as listed in the Table of Contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying Supplementary Information, as listed in the Table of Contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Supplementary Information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Introductory Section and Statistical Section listed in the Table of Contents, but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated May 22, 2025, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Pleasant Hill, California

Mane & associates

May 22, 2025

The Management's Discussion and Analysis provides an overview of the City of Manteca's financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. This report has been prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) as established by the Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB). The City encourages readers to consider this information in conjunction with the information provided in the accompanying basic financial statements and notes thereto.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The City's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeds its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the 2023-24 fiscal year (FY) by \$969.1 million (Net Position). Of this amount \$696.8 million reflects investments in capital assets, debt service and legally segregated taxes, grants, and fees; \$249.1 million is Restricted Net Position, of which a substantial portion is associated with the City's reserve policy; and \$23.2 million is the combined Unrestricted Net Position. The combined Unrestricted Net Position reflects the inclusion of a Net Pension Liability of \$149.4 million and a Total Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Liability of \$37.9 million in accordance with the GAAP.

- As of June 30, 2024, the governmental activities reported a total net position of \$653.7 million including: \$465.6 million net investment in capital assets, \$249.1 million in restricted net position, and a combined unrestricted balance of \$(61) million.
- Business-type activities reported a combined net position of \$315.4 million including: \$231.1 million net investment in capital assets, and \$84.3 million in unrestricted net position.
- Governmental capital assets increased by \$25.8 million in comparison to prior year assets representing additions such as land, streets, storm drainage, equipment, and construction in progress. The increase is also reflected in the governmental activities' net investment in capital assets.
- The City's total liabilities increased by \$10.1 million over the prior year, primarily due to increases in net pension and other post-employment benefits (OPEB). While a portion of these increases can be attributed to changes in assumptions made by the actuaries, much of the increase stems from underperforming investment returns.
- As of June 30, 2024, the fund balance for the General Fund was \$47.6 million including: \$1.1 million for *Non-Spendable* items such as deposits, prepaid assets, advances from other funds, and inventory; \$0.4 million of *Restricted*; \$30.5 million *Assigned* for items such as economic revitalization and public facilities oversizing; and \$15.6 million *Unassigned*.

OVERVIEW OF THE ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

The Management's Discussion and Analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements within the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, which is comprised of the following sections:

- 1) Introductory Section, which includes the Transmittal Letter and general information,
- 2) Management's Discussion and Analysis,
- 3) The Basic Financial Statements, which include the Government-wide and the Fund Financial Statements, along with the Notes to these financial statements,

- 4) Required Supplemental Information,
- 5) Combining Statements for Non-major Governmental Funds and Internal Service Funds,
- 6) Statistical Information

The Basic Financial Statements

The Basic Financial Statements are comprised of the Government-wide Financial Statements and the Fund Financial Statements. These two sets of financial statements provide two different views of the City's financial activities and financial position.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Government-wide Financial Statements provide a longer-term view of the City's activities as a whole and are presented in a manner similar to a private-sector business. These statements are comprised of:

Statement of Net Position – Presents information on all City assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between them reported as Net Position. Over time, increases or decreases in Net Position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

Statement of Activities – Presents information reflecting any change in the government's net position during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs (regardless of the timing of related cash flows). Thus revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation and compensated time leaves), and conversely revenues and expenses not being reported for some items that have already affected cash flows (unearned revenues for unexpended grand funding).

Both Government-wide financial statements distinguish the functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes, fees and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities).

- Governmental activities All of the City's basic services are considered to be governmental activities, including general government, community development, library, public safety, public works, parks and recreation, and streets and highways. These services are supported by general city revenues such as taxes, and by specific program revenues such as developer fees.
- Business-type activities All of the City's enterprise activities are reported here, including golf, sewer, water, solid waste and transit. Unlike governmental services, these services are meant to be supported by charges paid by users based on the amount of the service they use.

The City's business-type activities include not only the City of Manteca but also the activities of a separate legal entity, the Manteca Financing Authority ("MFA"). The City Council serves as the governing body of this component unit and the City is financially accountable for the MFA. The activities of the MFA are reported in the business-type activities.

Pursuant to ABX1 26, approved by Governor Brown on June 28, 2011, and upheld by the California State Supreme Court on December 29, 2011, the Manteca Redevelopment Agency ("RDA") was dissolved on January 31, 2012. The former RDA is now administered under the name of Successor Agency (SA) to the Manteca Redevelopment Agency. The activities of the SA can be found in the Fiduciary Fund Section of the Financial Statements.

Fund Financial Statements

The Fund Financial Statements report the City's operations in more detail than the Government-wide Statements and focus primarily on the short-term activities for the City's General Fund and other Major Governmental Funds. The Governmental Fund Financial Statements measure only current revenues and expenditures and fund balances; they exclude capital assets, long-term debt and other long-term asset and liability amounts. Enterprise and Internal Service Fund Financial Statements are prepared on the full accrual basis and include all their assets and liabilities, current and long-term. Each Major Fund is presented individually, with all non-major Funds summarized and presented only in a single column. Subsequent schedules present the details of these non-major funds. Major Funds present the major activities of the City for the year and may change from year to year as a result of changes in the pattern of the City's activities.

A fund is a set of associated accounts that are used to capture and maintain control over resources that have been purposed for specific activities and objectives. All of the City's funds can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds – These funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported
as governmental activities in the Government-wide Financial Statements. Governmental Fund
Financial Statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources and are
therefore prepared on the modified accrual basis. Capital assets and other long-lived assets, along
with long-term liabilities, are not presented in the Governmental Fund Financial Statements.

The City of Manteca has a variety of governmental funds of which several are considered major funds for presentation purposes. Each major fund is presented separately in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. The financial information for the remaining non-major governmental funds is combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

• Proprietary Funds – The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds: Enterprise Funds and Internal Service Funds. Enterprise Funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the Government-wide Financial Statements. Internal Service Funds account for the financial activity of the City's equipment/information technology pool, vehicle fleet pool, self-insurance/risk management, and payroll tax benefits. The revenues for Internal Service Funds are eliminated in the City-wide financial statements and any related profits or losses are returned to the activities which created them. Financial statements for proprietary funds are prepared on the full accrual basis and include all their assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, current and long-term.

Since the City's Internal Service Funds provide goods and services only to the City's governmental activities, their activities are reported only in total at the fund level. Internal Service Funds may not be Major Funds because their revenues are derived from other City Funds.

• Fiduciary Funds – These funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary Funds are not reflected in the Government-wide Financial Statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for Fiduciary Funds is similar to that used for Proprietary Funds. With the dissolution of the RDA per ABX1 26 and AB 1484, the activities of the SA are reported as a Private Purpose Trust Fund in the Fiduciary Fund section. The City added a custodial fund to account for the Community Facilities District 2023-1 special assessment collections and debt service payments.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The Notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements.

Combining Statements

This section of the report includes additional detailed information about non-major governmental and internal service funds.

Required Supplemental Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the financial activities of the City's pension and OPEB plans.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net Position – As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, combined net position (governmental and business-type activities) totaled \$969.1 million as of June 30, 2024. This is an increase of \$64.3 million from June 30, 2023.

The following table reflects the Summary of Net Position for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024 with comparative data for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023.

Summary of Net Position as of June 30 (in thousands of dollars)

	Go	vernmenta	l Activities	Bu	ısiness-Typ	e Activities	Total Government					
		2024	2023 *1		2024	2023 *1	2024		2023 *1			
Cash and Other Assets	\$	354,967	\$ 321,661	\$	155,424	\$ 139,389	\$ 510,391	\$	461,050			
Capital Assets		466,964	441,125		284,405	279,251	751,369		720,376			
Total Assets		821,931	762,786		439,829	418,640	1,261,760		1,181,426			
Deferred Outflows		48,415	48,943		11,679	11,993	60,094		60,936			
Current Liabilities		62,070	63,291		37,373	30,117	99,443		93,408			
Non-Current Liabilities		3,295	4,007		51,131	53,565	54,426		57,572			
Net Pension & OPEB Liability		143,896	131,899		43,390	48,206	187,286		180,105			
Total Liabilities		209,261	199,197		131,894	131,888	341,155		331,085			
Deferred Inflows		7,367	8,604		4,231	2,787	11,598		11,391			
Net Investment in Capital Assets		465,657	439,717		231,118	222,149	696,775		661,866			
Restricted Net Position		249,084	217,804		-	-	249,084		217,804			
Unrestricted Net Position		(61,023)	(53,592)		84,265	73,808	23,242		20,216			
Total Net Position	\$	653,718	\$ 603,929	\$	315,383	\$ 295,957	\$ 969,101	\$	899,886			

 $[\]ensuremath{^{*}1}$ - Restated for the correction of depreciation discussed in Note 9E

The City's Government-wide Net Position as of June 30, 2024, comprised the following:

- Cash and investments comprised \$421.5 million, an increase of \$49.9 million over the prior year.
 Restricted cash held by fiscal agents and investments totaled \$19.1 million, a decrease of \$1 million.
- Total Governmental and Business-type receivables were comprised of \$39.4 million in current receivables and \$30.5 million of long-term receivables. Long-term receivables are related to conditional grants and loans provided by the former RDA designed to encourage the construction of or improvement to low-to-moderate-income housing, as well as leases receivable. The conditional grants and loans have varying repayment terms and interest rates.
- Net investment in capital assets of \$696.8 million includes the City's infrastructure in addition to all other City assets, net of the debt incurred to construct and/or acquire those assets. Net capital assets increased \$31 million primarily from the purchase of property at 1403 West Atherton Drive for future economic development and developer dedicated infrastructure from Cerri Unit 3 and Villa Ticino West Units 1 and 2.
- Restricted Net Position, totaling \$249.1 million, includes \$167.3 million restricted for capital projects, \$37 million restricted for redevelopment projects, and \$44.5 million restricted for other projects as specified by funding source restrictions.
- The combined Unrestricted Net Position totals \$23.2 million, which if positive, would be designated for day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants or other legal requirements or restrictions. While these assets are technically unrestricted, most of these assets are committed or assigned for a specific use. The unrestricted balance reflects the inclusion of the Net Pension Liability of \$149.4 million and the Total OPEB Liability of \$37.9 million.

The Change in Net Position as expressed as the change in revenues and expenses through June 30, 2024, is further reflected in the Statement of Activities shown below.

	Governmental Activities					ısiness-Ty _l	ctivities		ne nt			
		2024	2	2023 *1		2024	2	2023 *1		2024	2	2023 *1
Program Revenues:												
Charges for Services	\$	30,021	\$	23,033	\$	74,956	\$	62,624	\$	104,977	\$	85,657
Operating Grants & Contributions		15,253		8,726		2,712		3,535		17,965		12,261
Capital Grants & Contributions		45,023		52,366		9,852		4,229		54,875		56,595
General Revenues:												
Property Taxes		27,637		25,661						27,637		25,661
Sales Taxes		29,241		29,324						29,241		29,324
Other Taxes		9,964		10,219						9,964		10,219
Interest Income		9,760		4,532		4,813		1,891		14,573		6,423
Development agreements		771		368						771		368
Other Revenue		2,059		1,408		235		366		2,294		1,774
Gain from Sale of Capital Assets		318				1,250				1,568		-
Total Revenues		170,047		155,637		93,818		72,645		263,865		228,282
Governmental Activities Expenses:												
General Government		14,222		10,151		_		-		14,222		10,151
Community Development		15,961		14,922		-		_		15,961		14,922
Public Safety		52,496		36,874		-		_		52,496		36,874
Library		159		146		-		_		159		146
Public Works		19,615		16,674		-		_		19,615		16,674
Recreation		5,513		6,081		-		-		5,513		6,081
Streets and Highways		15,133		12,874		-		-		15,133		12,874
Interest and fiscal charges		94		89		-		-		94		89
Business-Type Activities:												
Water		-		-		24,628		20,450		24,628		20,450
Wastewater		-		-		27,935		22,409		27,935		22,409
Solid Waste		-		-		17,965		16,728		17,965		16,728
Golf		-		-		1,655		1,636		1,655		1,636
Transit		-		<u> </u>		4,197		3,708		4,197		3,708
Total Expenses		123,193		97,811		76,380		64,931		199,573		162,742
Increase (Decrease) in Net												
Position Before Transfers		46,854		57,826		17,438		7,714		64,292		65,540
Transfers		2,485		(5,985)		(2,485)		5,985				
Change in Net Position		49,339		51,841		14,953		13,699		64,292		65,540
Net Position - Beginning *1		604,379		552,088		300,430		282,258		904,809		834,346
Net Position - Ending	\$	653,718	\$	603,929	\$	315,383	\$	295,957	\$	969,101	\$	899,886

^{*1 -} Restated for the correction of depreciation discussed in Note 9E

Revenues

Total government-wide revenues increased by \$35.6 million, or 15.6% over the prior year to a total of \$228.3 million. Governmental Activities charges for services increased by \$7.0 million compared to the prior year while operating and capital grants and contributions increased by \$6.5 million. Community Development and Public Works have seen the largest charges for services revenues increases with \$3.2 and \$2.3 million respectively.

Business-type Activities charges for services increased by \$12.3 million and operating and capital grants and contributions decreased by \$0.8 million compared to the prior year. Charges for activities can be attributed to an increase of Water and Solid Waste of \$5.6 and \$4.8 million respectively. Water saw the largest growth in debt service fees of \$2.7 million and PFIP zone 12 fees of \$2.2 million. Solid waste saw the revenue growth in Residential and Drop Box fees of \$3.5 million and \$1 million respectively.

General Revenues increased by \$12.3 million including: an increase in property taxes of \$2.0 million, an increase in gain from sales of assets of \$1.6 million from the sale of unused solar panels, an increase in interest income of \$8.2 million as interest rates increased during the fiscal year, increase in development agreements of \$0.4 million, and a decrease in other revenue of \$0.5 million.

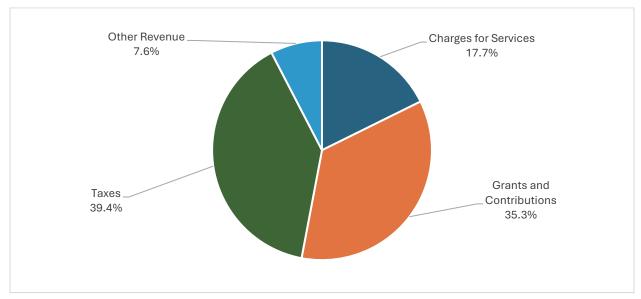
Expenses

Expenses for the City totaled \$199.6 million for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, an increase of \$36.8 million, or 22.6% over the prior year. Governmental activities incurred \$123.2 million of expenses. The largest expenses by activity were in Public Safety \$52.5 million. This was an increase of \$25 million as compared to FY 2022-23. The bulk of this increase comes from changes in actuarial assumptions along with investments related to pensions performing lower than expected with an increase of \$14.3 million. The remaining major expenditures included Public Works \$19.6 million, Community Development \$16 million, and Streets & Highways \$15.1 million.

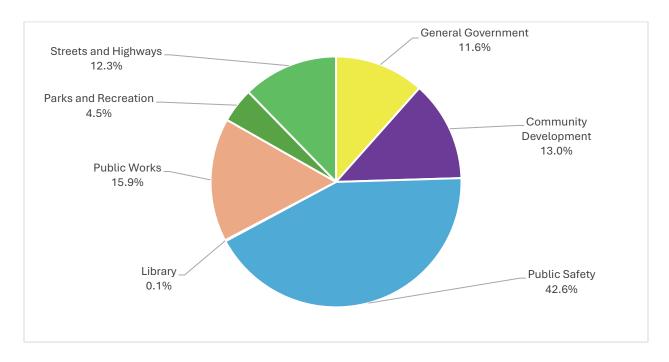
Business-type activities incurred \$76.3 million in expenses, an increase of \$11.4 million from the previous FY. The largest expenses by activity were Sewer at \$27.9 million, an increase of \$5.5 million, and Water at \$24.6 million, an increase of \$4.1 million, for the year. In the Water Fund there was an overall increase due to rising costs related to salaries and benefits for employees, and ongoing maintenance projects.

Governmental Activities

As presented in the following two graphs, the largest funding sources for governmental activities are Taxes (39.4%) and Charges for Services (17.7%). The largest uses of resources for governmental activities are Public Safety (42.6%) and Public Works (15.9%).

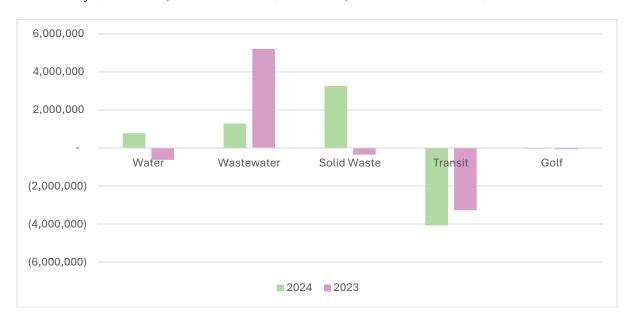


Expenses by Program – Governmental Activities



Business-type Activities

In the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position for Proprietary Funds, operating income (loss) of Business-type Activities increased by \$0.3 million. Net operating income for water increased by \$1.4 million, sewer decreased \$3.9 million, solid waste increased \$3.6 million.



FUND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The focus of the City's Governmental Funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spending resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. The classification of spendable fund balances to committed, assigned, and unassigned, is intended to be helpful in measuring the resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At June 30, 2024, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$264.2 million, which is an increase of \$39.4 million or 18.1% compared with the prior year. Governmental fund revenues were \$165 million this year, an increase of \$30.9 million, or 23.1%. The General Fund accounted for 44.3% of this revenue total. Expenditures were \$127.1 million this year. Of this total, \$71.2 million was in the General Fund, \$19.5 million was in other major funds and \$36.4 million was in non-major funds.

General Fund

General Fund revenues increased in FY 2023-24 by \$3.5 million or 5.1% as compared to FY 2022-23. Property taxes increased 7.7% and licenses and permits increased 25.8%. General Fund expenditures increased by \$6.6 million or 10.2% more than the prior year expenditures.

At June 30, 2024, the General Fund balance was comprised of \$1.1 million in non-spendable balances, \$0.4 million in restricted balances, \$30.5 million of assigned balances and \$15.6 million in unassigned balance. Fund balances have been classified in accordance with GAAP. While amounts have been categorized as unassigned, they may be informally earmarked by the City Council for specific purposes.

Low and Moderate Income Housing Assets Fund

On June 28, 2011 the State of California adopted ABx1 26, amended by AB 1484 on June 27, 2012, which dissolved redevelopment agencies as of January 31, 2012. All assets of the former RDA were transferred as prescribed by law to either the Housing Successor or to the Successor Agency.

The City of Manteca elected to become the Housing Successor and established the Low and Moderate Income Housing Assets Special Revenue Fund to account for the housing assets and activities previously provided by the Manteca Redevelopment Agency.

Homeless Navigation Center Fund

Established to account for the financing and construction activities associated with the regional low barrier emergency homeless shelter. Financing is provided by local, State, and Federal Grants.

Homeless Navigation Center Fund revenues increased by \$158 thousand or 189% as compared to FY 2022-23. Use of property and money increased by \$179 thousand and other revenue decreased by \$21 thousand. Expenses matched revenues thus leaving fund balance unchanged at June 30, 2024.

Recreation

Funding for the Recreation Fund is provided through fees collected from those who participate in recreational activities offered by the city. Revenues for the Recreation Fund increased by \$27.6 thousand or 3%. While expenditures decreased by \$104.7 thousand or 6.5%. The increase in revenue is primarily due to investment earnings while the decrease in expenditures stems from lower part-time personnel costs.

Development Services

Development Services Fund was established to record revenues and expenditures directly related to development services, including planning and building safety. Revenues increased by \$3.5 million or 53.7% as compared to FY 2022-23. Licenses and Permits increased by \$2.3 million or 47.7%. Charges for Services increased by \$661 thousand or 44.7%. Expenditures increased by \$953 thousand or 19.9%. \$912 thousand increase can be attributed to personnel expenditures. Due to the large increase in revenues and lower increase in expenditures, change in fund balance increased by \$4.3 million or 313%. The ending Development Services fund balance at June 30, 2024 was \$18 million.

Public Facilities Implementation Plan

Development fees are collected in the areas designated by the Public Facilities Implementation Plan (PFIP) to finance the construction of future transportation and storm drainage infrastructure. The PFIP was updated in FY 2012-13 except for the transportation element which was completed in FY 2018-19. Total fund balance was \$51.5 million at year end an increase of 10.5% over the prior year. Revenues totaled \$12.8 million for the year and expenditures were \$7.9 million which includes \$7.5 million of capital outlay for construction projects in FY 2023-24.

State Gasoline Tax

Established to account for the construction and maintenance of the street system in Manteca. Financing is provided by the City's share of state gasoline taxes and State of California under AB2928. The allocation from AB2928 must be spent on local streets and roads maintenance, rehabilitation and reconstruction projects according to the tax levied for that purpose by San Joaquin County.

Revenue in the State Gasoline Tax Fund remained relatively constant at \$2.5 million as compared to FY 2022-23. Expenditures increased by \$696 thousand. Streets and Highways were the major contributor to this increase at \$611 thousand. Repairs and Maintenance pavement increased \$142 thousand while salaries and benefits increased \$155 and \$168 thousand, respectively. Fund balance decreased by \$712 thousand to \$1.2 million at June 30, 2024.

Gas Tax SB1

Established to account for the Road Maintenance and Rehabilitation Account that addresses deferred maintenance of the local street and road systems and is funded by the State of California. Revenues increased by \$519 thousand or 26.8%. while expenditures increased by \$1 million. This is due to the increase of capital outlay. Fund Balance at June 30, 2024 was \$7 million.

Enterprise Funds

The City's Enterprise Funds provide the same type of information found in the Government-Wide Financial Statements, but in more detail. The City's Enterprise Funds are comprised of the Water Fund, the Sewer Fund, the Solid Waste Fund, the Golf Fund and the Transit Fund. Enterprise Fund net position totaled \$317 million at June 30, 2024. Enterprise operating revenues were \$75.1 million and operating expenses were \$74.0 million in fiscal year 2023-24.

Water Fund

The net position of the Water Fund is \$109.1 million, consisting of \$45.9 million unrestricted funds and a net investment in capital assets of \$63.3 million at the end of the fiscal year.

Activities for the year were comprised of \$24.5 million in operating revenues for the current year and \$23.7 million in operating expenses. Charges for services showed an increase of 29.9% as compared to the prior year. Operating expenses increased by 21.7% from fiscal year 2022-23. The largest operational increase was Supplies and Other Expenses, which increased by 46.3% due primarily to supplies related to public works SSJID Surface Water and the purchase of water meters and boxes.

Sewer Fund

The net position of the Sewer Fund is \$196.6 million for the current year. Of the \$196.6 million, \$154.5 million of the fund's net position is invested in capital assets with \$42.1 million unrestricted. Operating revenues for the year were \$27.8 million, an increase of 6.4% from the prior year. Operating expenses increased by \$6 million or 26.8% over the prior year. Supplies and Other Expenses, and Contractual Services experienced the largest increase year over year, a combined total increase of \$4.8 million, or 217.6%.

Solid Waste Fund

Operating revenues for FY 2023-24 totaled \$21.2 million, an increase of 29.6% over the prior year. Operating expenses were \$18 million an increase of 7.4% from the prior year, leaving the fund with a net operating income of \$3.2 million for the year. Net position of the Solid Waste Fund is \$3.8 million, of which \$5.2 million is invested in capital assets and \$(1.4) million is unrestricted. Long-term liabilities total \$14.3 million, with \$9.4 million for net pension liability and \$4.6 million for total OPEB liability. These long-term liabilities result in a negative unrestricted net position.

Golf Fund

The operating revenue for this fund totaled \$1.6 million as of June 30, 2024, an increase of 2.8%. Operating expenses totaled \$1.7 million, an increase of 1.1% from the prior year. Net position of the Golf Fund is \$0.3 million, of which \$2.1 million is invested in capital assets and \$(1.8) million is unrestricted. The General Fund has subsidized this fund when necessary, but there was no subsidy in fiscal year 2024.

Transit Fund

The operating revenue for this fund totaled \$0.1 million as of June 30, 2024. Operating expenses totaled \$4.2 million. Net position of the Transit Fund is \$5.5 million, of which \$6.1 million is invested in capital assets and \$(0.5) million is unrestricted.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The final amended budget for the General Fund totaled \$68.9 million in revenues, \$72.9 million in expenditures, with expenditures exceeding revenues by \$3.9 million. The difference between the original budget and the final amended budget was a decrease in revenues of \$0.1 million and an increase in expenditures of \$5.9 million. Charges for current services accounted for the decrease in revenues, while a variety of departmental charges accounted for the increase in expenditures, the largest being public safety and capital outlay.

General Fund revenues in total exceed their final budgeted forecasts by \$4.1 million. Property taxes, Sales taxes and other taxes exceeded their final budgeted forecasts by a combined total of \$2.6 million, while Fines and forfeitures were under budget forecasts by \$0.04 million. Use of money and property, charges for current services and other revenue account for the majority of the remaining variance. At the end of the fiscal year, the total actual expenditures of the General Fund were \$71.2 million which was \$1.7 million less than the total final amended budget.

CAPITAL ASSETS

At the end of FY 2023-24, the City had \$751.4 million, net of depreciation, invested in a broad range of capital assets used in governmental and business type activities as outlined in Note 7.

	G	overnmenta	l A	ctivities	Bu	siness-T	Activities	Total Government					
	2024			2023 *1		2024		2023 *1		2024	2023 *1		
Land	\$	65,269	\$	63,067	\$	4,394	\$	4,394	\$	69,663	\$	67,461	
Subscription assets in progress		1,065		109						1,065		109	
Construction in Progress		37,575		32,217		10,509		27,093		48,084		59,310	
Buildings & Improvements		36,798		36,759		20,720		18,564		57,518		55,323	
Intangible right-to-use building		635		635		22		22		657		657	
Machinery & Equipment		28,527		28,716		34,119		31,261		62,646		59,977	
Intangible right-to-use building		29		29		23		23		52		52	
Storm Drain		72,989		68,924						72,989		68,924	
Streets		359,452		331,865						359,452		331,865	
Parks		82,606		79,998						82,606		79,998	
Subscription assets		1,810		1,400						1,810		1,400	
Sewer lines and improvements						101,007		76,585		101,007		76,585	
Sewer plant expansion						128,915		128,915		128,915		128,915	
Water wells and pipelines						155,958		152,733		155,958		152,733	
Other Infrastructure						165		165		165		165	
Less accumulated depreciation		(219,791)		(202,594)		(171,427)		(160,504)		(391,218)		(363,098)	
Total	\$	466,964	\$	441,125	\$	284,405	\$	279,251	\$	751,369	\$	720,376	

^{*1 -} Restated for the correction of depreciation discussed in Note 9E

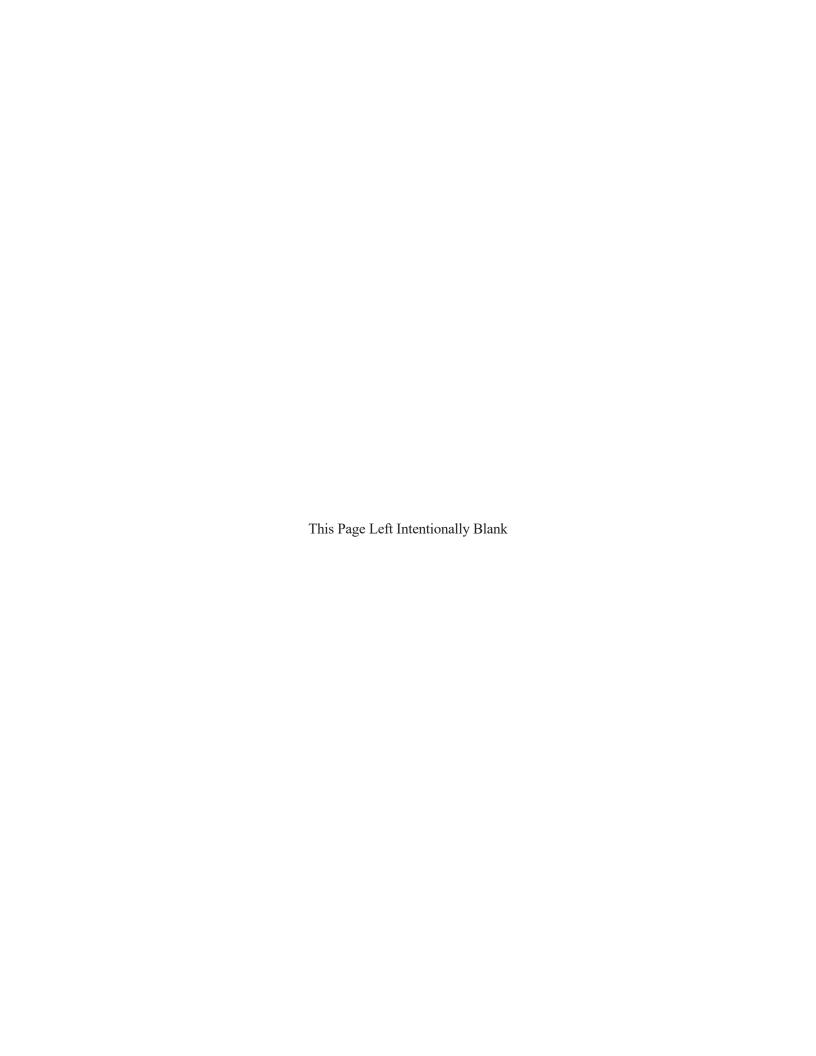
DEBT SERVICE ADMINISTRATION

Each of the City's debt issuances is discussed in detail in Note 8. At the end of the year, the City had zero long-term outstanding debt associated with Governmental Activities and \$53.3 million in debt associated with Business-type Activities. Debt in the Business-type Activities are related to the Sewer and Water Revenue bonds.

	Governmental Activities					Bus	siness-Ty	pe A	Activities	Total Government				
		2024			2023		2024		2023			2024		2023
Capital Lease	\$		-				\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Revenue Bonds			-			_		53,277		57,079		53,277		57,079
Total	\$		-	\$		-	\$	53,277	\$	57,079	\$	53,277	\$	57,079

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This Annual Comprehensive Financial Report is intended to provide citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances. Questions about this report should be directed to the Finance Department, at 1001 W Center, Manteca, CA 95337 or mantecafinance@manteca.gov.



CITY OF MANTECA

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities summarize the entire City's financial activities and financial position.

The Statement of Net Position reports the difference between the City's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and the City's total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, including all the City's capital assets and all its long-term debt. The Statement of Net Position summarizes the financial position of all of the City's Governmental Activities in a single column, and the financial position of all of the City's Business-type Activities in a single column; these columns are followed by a Total column that presents the financial position of the entire City.

The City's Governmental Activities include the activities of its General Fund, along with all its Special Revenue, Capital Projects and Debt Service Funds. Since the City's Internal Service Funds service these Funds, their activities are consolidated with Governmental Activities, after eliminating inter-fund transactions and balances. The City's Business-type Activities include all its Enterprise Fund activities.

The Statement of Activities reports increases and decreases in the City's net position. It is also prepared on the full accrual basis, which means it includes all the City's revenues and all its expenses, regardless of when cash changes hands. This differs from the "modified accrual" basis used in the Fund financial statements, which reflect only current assets, current liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, available revenues and measurable expenditures.

The Statement of Activities presents the City's expenses first, listed by program, followed by the expenses of its business-type activities. Program revenues—that is, revenues which are generated directly by these programs—are then deducted from program expenses to arrive at the net expense of each governmental and business-type program. The City's general revenues are then listed in the Governmental Activities or Business-type Activities column, as appropriate, and the Change in Net Position is computed and reconciled with the Statement of Net Position.

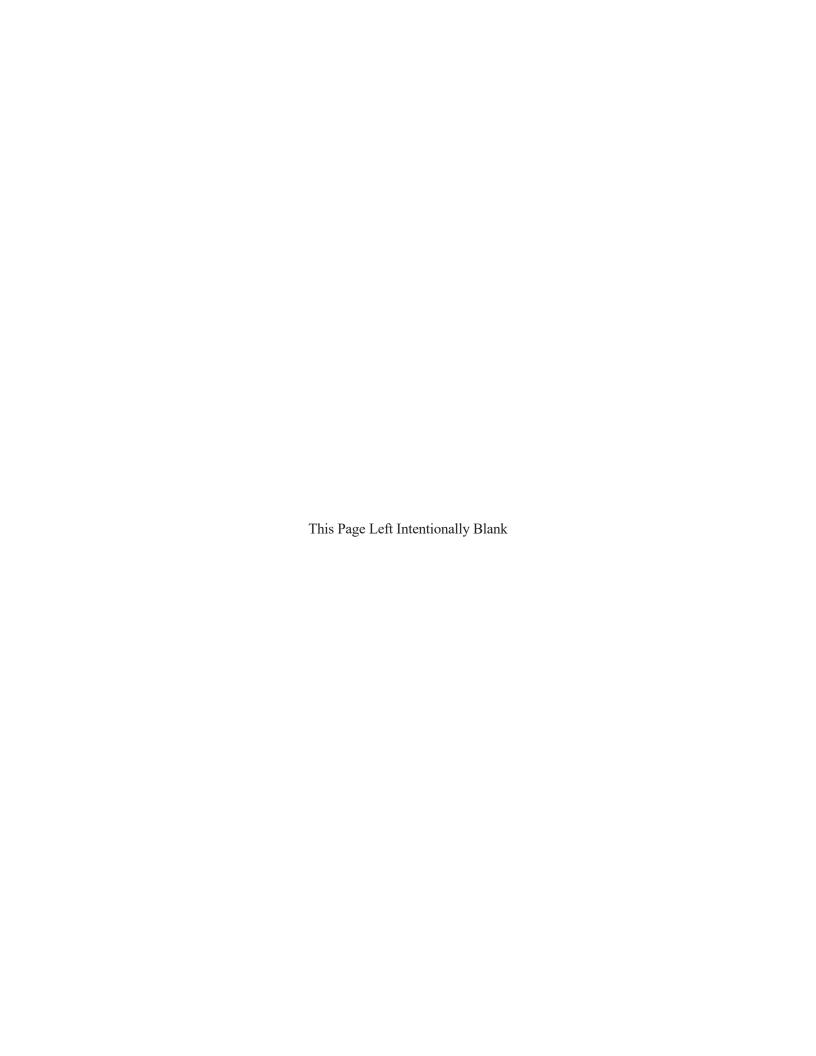
Both of these Statements include the financial activities of the City and the Manteca Financing Authority, which is legally separate but is a component unit of the City because it is controlled by the City, which is financially accountable for the activities of this entity.

CITY OF MANTECA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and investments (Note 3)	\$282,134,858	\$139,321,970	\$421,456,828
Restricted cash and investments (Note 3)	7,831,124	11,284,623	19,115,747
Accounts receivable, net	13,811,303	14,953,234	28,764,537
Taxes receivable	9,683,201		9,683,201
Interest receivable	785,551	24,296	809,847
Prepaids and deposits	30,668		30,668
Internal balances (Note 4D)	12,416,433	(12,416,433)	
Long-term notes receivable (Notes 5 and 16D)	27,657,558		27,657,558
Employee notes receivable (Note 6)	41,525		41,525
Capital assets, not being depreciated (Note 7)	103,909,094	14,903,283	118,812,377
Capital assets, being depreciated (net) (Note 7)	363,055,105	269,500,990	632,556,095
Leases receivable (Note 14) Total Assets	575,079	2,256,276	2,831,355
	821,931,499	439,828,239	1,261,759,738
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	42.555.224	0.755.055	52 521 270
Deferred outflows related to pensions (Note 10)	43,775,324	9,755,955	53,531,279
Deferred outflows related to OPEB (Note 11)	4,640,149	1,923,304	6,563,453
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	48,415,473	11,679,259	60,094,732
LIABILITIES	40.770.440		46.60=4==
Accounts payable	10,750,410	5,944,747	16,695,157
Contracts payable (Note 16C)	8,859,544	19,728,495	28,588,039
Refundable deposits	6,078,862	4,438,276	10,517,138
Accrued liabilities	3,565,723	650,251	4,215,974
Unearned revenue	27,311,937	2,555,394	29,867,331
Compensated absences (Note 1G):	2 695 229	1 120 002	4 925 241
Due within one year	3,685,338 2,456,892	1,139,903 759,936	4,825,241
Due in more than one year Estimated claims liability (Note 13):	2,430,892	739,930	3,216,828
Due within one year	1,302,921		1,302,921
Due in more than one year	46,666		46,666
Long-term debt (Notes 8, 14 and 15):	40,000		40,000
Due within one year	514,271	2,915,941	3,430,212
Due in more than one year	791,770	50,371,418	51,163,188
Net pension liability (Note 10):	751,770	30,371,110	51,105,100
Due in more than one year	117,118,265	32,290,480	149,408,745
Total OPEB liability (Note 11):	117,110,200	52,250,100	1.5,100,7.10
Due in more than one year	26,778,146	11,099,321	37,877,467
Total Liabilities	209,260,745	131,894,162	341,154,907
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows related to pensions (Note 10)	2,098,627		2,098,627
Deferred inflows related to OPEB (Note 11)	4,721,560	1,957,048	6,678,608
Deferred inflows related to leases (Note 14)	547,201	2,273,705	2,820,906
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	7,367,388	4,230,753	11,598,141
NET POSITION (Note 9):			
Net investment in capital assets	465,658,158	231,116,914	696,775,072
Restricted for:			
Capital projects	167,276,437		167,276,437
Redevelopment projects	37,252,943		37,252,943
Special revenue projects:	10.000.000		10.000.000
Development mitigation	10,922,029		10,922,029
Landscaping and lighting	2,055,371		2,055,371
Public safety	6,716,199		6,716,199
Other special revenue projects	24,860,722		24,860,722
Total Restricted Net Position	249,083,701		249,083,701
Unrestricted	(61,023,020)	84,265,669	23,242,649
Total Net Position	\$653,718,839	\$315,382,583	\$969,101,422

CITY OF MANTECA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Changes in I		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Governmental Activities:							
General government	\$14,222,196	\$7,841,363	\$3,129,274		(\$3,251,559)		(\$3,251,559)
Community development	15,960,910	9,422,712	673,980	\$1,760,625	(4,103,593)		(4,103,593)
Public safety	52,495,969	1,774,957	1,547,982	1,914,334	(47,258,696)		(47,258,696)
Library	159,214	5 00 C 00 L	/= = · ·	10.076.260	(159,214)		(159,214)
Public works	19,615,341	5,006,321	67,711	10,976,368	(3,564,941)		(3,564,941)
Parks and recreation	5,513,406	5,975,713	483	7,361,155	7,823,945		7,823,945
Streets and highways	15,133,269		9,833,933	23,010,180	17,710,844		17,710,844
Interest and fiscal charges	93,675				(93,675)		(93,675)
Total Governmental Activities	123,193,980	30,021,066	15,253,363	45,022,662	(32,896,889)		(32,896,889)
Business-type Activities:							
Water	24,628,431	24,411,625		4,046,155		\$3,829,349	3,829,349
Sewer	27,934,721	27,693,625	100,000	5,767,932		5,626,836	5,626,836
Solid waste	17,964,654	21,136,784	82,982	, ,		3,255,112	3,255,112
Golf	1,654,615	1,592,653	, in the second			(61,962)	(61,962)
Transit	4,197,567	121,233	2,529,181	37,365		(1,509,788)	(1,509,788)
Total Business-type Activities	76,379,988	74,955,920	2,712,163	9,851,452		11,139,547	11,139,547
Total	\$199,573,968	\$104,976,986	\$17,965,526	\$54,874,114	(32,896,889)	11,139,547	(21,757,342)
General revenues:							
Taxes:							
Property taxes					27,637,304		27,637,304
Sales taxes					29,241,378		29,241,378
Other taxes					9,964,285		9,964,285
Interest income					9,760,393	4,813,201	14,573,594
Development agreements, unrestric	ted				770,559		770,559
Other revenue					2,059,406	234,830	2,294,236
Gain on sale of capital assets					317,807	1,250,000	1,567,807
Transfers, net (Note 4A)					2,484,789	(2,484,789)	
Total general revenues and tra	nsfers				82,235,921	3,813,242	86,049,163
Change in Net Position					49,339,032	14,952,789	64,291,821
Net Position-Beginning, as Restated (Note 9E)				604,379,807	300,429,794	904,809,601
Net Position-Ending					\$653,718,839	\$315,382,583	\$969,101,422



FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The funds described below were determined to be Major Funds by the City in fiscal 2024. Individual non-major funds may be found in the Supplemental Section.

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is used for all the general revenues of the City not specifically levied or collected for other City funds and the related expenditures. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources of a governmental unit which are not accounted for in another fund.

LOW AND MODERATE INCOME HOUSING ASSETS FUND

Established to account for revenues and expenditures as a result of the activities related to the housing assets assumed by the City as Housing Successor to the former Redevelopment Agency. The activities are governed by California redevelopment law and must be used to provide housing for people with low and moderate incomes.

HOMELESS NAVIGATION CENTER FUND

Established to account for the financing and construction activities associated with the regional low barrier emergency homeless shelter. Financing is provided by local, State and Federal Grants.

RECREATION FUND

Established to account for the operations of the City's recreation program. Funding of these programs is provided through fees collected from those who participate in recreational activities.

DEVELOPMENT SERVICES FUND

Established to record revenues and expenditures directly related to development services, including planning and building safety.

PUBLIC FACILITIES IMPLEMENTATION PLAN FUND

This fund was initially established to account for the costs incurred for the development of a Public Facilities Implementation Plan. This fund accounts for the developer impact fees collected and expended in the construction of the drainage and transportation elements of the Plan. The sewer and water developer impact fees collected and expended in connection with the Plan are accounted for in their respective Enterprise Funds.

STATE GASOLINE TAX FUND

Established to account for the construction and maintenance of the street system in Manteca. Financing is provided by the City's share of state gasoline taxes and State of California under AB2928. The allocations from AB2928 must be spent on local streets and roads maintenance, rehabilitation and reconstruction projects according to the tax levied for that purpose by San Joaquin County.

GAS TAX SB1 FUND

Established to account for the Road Maintenance and Rehabilitation Account that addresses deferred maintenance of the local street and road systems and is funded by the State of California.

CITY OF MANTECA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2024

	General	Low and Moderate Income Housing Assets	Homeless Navigation Center	Recreation	Development Services
ASSETS					
Cash and investments (Note 3) Restricted cash and investments (Note 3) Accounts receivables (net of allowance for	\$44,672,005 427,774	\$924,434	\$15,913,176	\$1,464,427	\$18,244,471
estimated uncollectible accounts)	734,812			3,700	1,269,301
Taxes receivable Interest receivable	6,846,638 784,721				
Employee notes receivable (Note 6)	41,525				
Due from other funds (Note 4B)	6,470,680				
Prepaids and deposits	4,124				
Advances to other funds (Note 4C)	1,081,780				
Long-term notes receivable (Notes 5 and 16D) Leases receivable (Note 14)	472,500	28,113,381			
Total Assets	\$61,536,559	\$29,037,815	\$15,913,176	\$1,468,127	\$19,513,772
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$3,748,436		\$1,483	\$47,407	\$313,046
Contracts payable Refundable deposits	882,744			242,789	
Accrued liabilities	3,541,338			212,709	
Due to other funds (Note 4B)	, ,				
Advances from other funds (Note 4C)					
Unearned revenue	5,048,287		15,995,513		
Total Liabilities	13,220,805		15,996,996	290,196	313,046
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable revenue - accounts receivable Unavailable revenue - notes receivable	195,620				1,246,132
(Notes 5 and 16D)	472,500	\$28,113,381			
Deferred inflows related to leases (Note 14)		·			
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	668,120	28,113,381			1,246,132
FUND BALANCES					
Fund balance (Note 9):					
Nonspendable	1,085,904				
Restricted	427,774	924,434		1,177,931	17,954,594
Committed Assigned	30,542,921				
Unassigned	15,591,035		(83,820)		
-					
Total Fund Balances	47,647,634	924,434	(83,820)	1,177,931	17,954,594
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$61,536,559	\$29,037,815	\$15,913,176	\$1,468,127	\$19,513,772

Public Facilities Implementation Plan	State Gasoline Tax	Gas Tax SB1	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$45,522,129 2,443,804	\$1,214,594	\$6,745,723	\$139,084,046 4,035,112	\$272,860,571 7,831,124
2,713,166	210,561	399,385	9,072,182 2,226,617 830	13,793,161 9,683,201 785,551 41,525
10,797,628			575,079	6,470,680 4,124 11,879,408 28,585,881 575,079
\$61,476,727	\$1,425,155	\$7,145,108	\$154,993,866	\$352,510,305
\$1,507,570 721,140 3,562,048	\$190,832	\$53,768	\$4,242,074 28,406 1,390,473	\$10,104,616 749,546 6,078,054 3,541,338
1,521,666			4,411,989	4,411,989 1,521,666
			6,268,137	27,311,937
7,312,424	190,832	53,768	16,341,079	53,719,146
2,640,701			1,308,942	5,391,395
			547,201	28,585,881 547,201
2,640,701			1,856,143	34,524,477
51,523,602	1,234,323	7,091,340	133,635,318 303,025 2,952,404 (94,103)	1,085,904 213,969,316 303,025 33,495,325 15,413,112
51,523,602	1,234,323	7,091,340	136,796,644	264,266,682
\$61,476,727	\$1,425,155	\$7,145,108	\$154,993,866	\$352,510,305

CITY OF MANTECA

Reconciliation of the

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS-BALANCE SHEET

with the

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

Total fund balances reported on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet

\$264,266,682

Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are different from those reported in the Governmental Funds above because of the following:

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets used in Governmental Activities are not current assets or financial resources and therefore are not reported in the Governmental Funds.

464,643,232

ALLOCATION OF INTERNAL SERVICE FUND NET POSITION

Internal service funds are not governmental funds. However, they are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and central services and maintenance to individual governmental funds. The net current assets of the Internal Service Funds are therefore included in Governmental Activities in the following line items in the Statement of Net Position.

Cash and investments	9,274,287
Accounts receivable	18,142
Prepaid items	26,544
Capital assets, not being depreciated	1,170,740
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	1,150,227
Contracts and accounts payable	(645,794)
Accrued liabilities	(19,221)
Refundable deposits	(808)
Estimated claims liability	(1,349,587)
Net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows related to pensions	(3,062,462)
Total OPEB liability and deferred outflows/inflows related to OPEB	(763,220)
Long-term debt	(742,412)

ACCRUAL OF NON-CURRENT REVENUES AND EXPENSES

Revenues which are unavailable on the Fund Balance Sheets because they are not available currently are taken into revenue in the Statement of Activities.

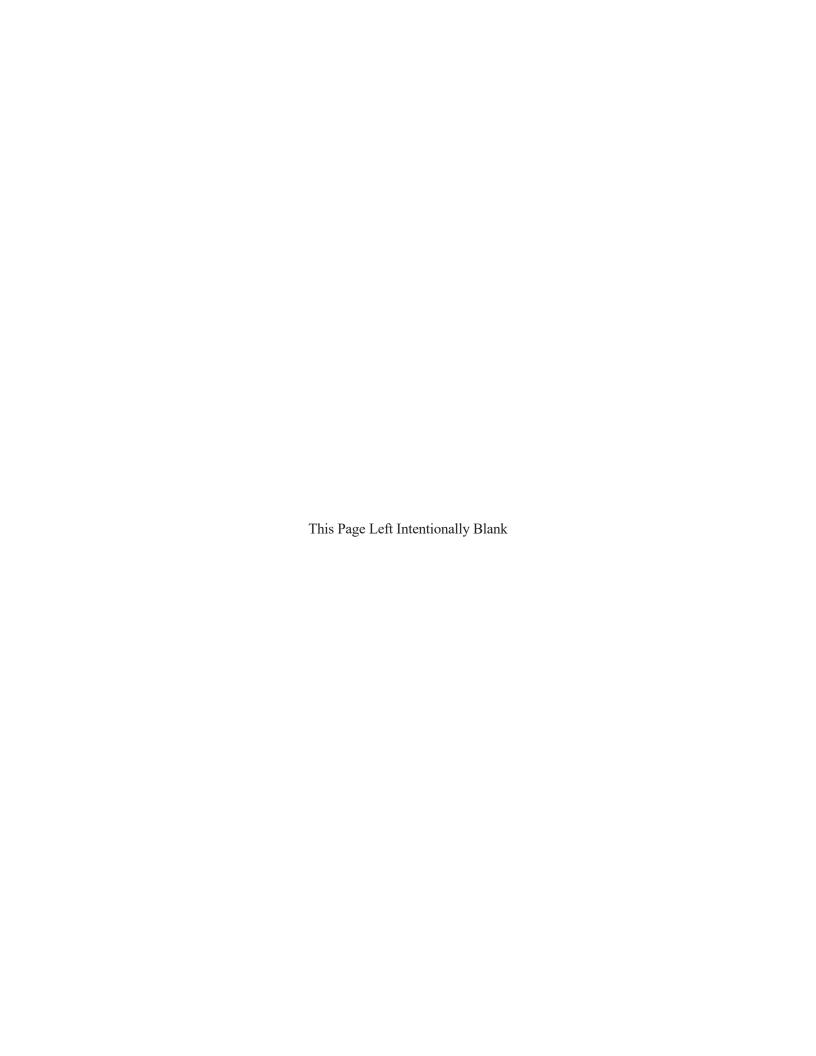
33,977,276

LONG-TERM ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

The assets and liabilities below are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the Funds:

Long-term debt, including leases and subscription-based	
information technology arrangements	(563,629)
Net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows related to pensions	(72,379,106)
Total OPEB liability and deferred outflows/inflows related to OPEB	(26,096,337)
Compensated absences	(6,142,230)
Interest payable (accrued liabilities)	(5,164)
Contracts payable	(8,109,998)
Allowance for conditional grants	(928,323)

NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES \$653,718,839



CITY OF MANTECA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	General	Low and Moderate Income Housing Assets	Homeless Navigation Center	Recreation	Development Services
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$27,637,304				
Sales taxes	19,131,748				
Other taxes	11,324,601				
Licenses and permits	1,319,650				\$7,170,925
Fines and forfeitures	422,302				
Use of money and property	1,304,252	\$169,312		\$18,162	493,311
Revenue from other agencies	2,151,062				230,742
Charges for current services	9,211,048			915,542	2,138,208
Other revenue	570,489	35,000	\$74,588	2,865	
Total Revenues	73,072,456	204,312	74,588	936,569	10,033,186
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government	11,182,703		74,588		280,007
Community development					5,291,519
Public safety	37,321,035				
Library	159,214				
Public works	8,989,948			1 400 772	
Parks and recreation Streets and highways	531,630			1,408,773	
Nondepartmental	9,541,249				
Capital outlay	3,328,303			85,217	
Debt service:	3,320,303			03,217	
Principal	138,668			3,457	176,221
Interest and fiscal charges	1,297			17	2,373
Total Expenditures	71,194,047		74,588	1,497,464	5,750,120
EVODOS (DEDICIENOS) OF DEVENIES					
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	1,878,409	204,312		(560,895)	4,283,066
OVER EXITERDITORES	1,070,407	204,312		(300,873)	4,203,000
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				1 400 000	
Transfers in (Note 4A)	(2.521.7(()			1,400,000	
Transfers (out) (Note 4A) Issuance of SBITA	(2,521,766) 446,372				
Proceeds from sale of property	385,307				
	363,367				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,690,087)			1,400,000	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	188,322	204,312		839,105	4,283,066
FUND BALANCES - as previously reported	40,508,130	720,122	(83,820)		
ADJUSTMENTS (Note 9E)					
Adjustment for change within the financial					
reporting entity	7,505,786				
Restated for correction of an error	(554,604)				
Changes from major fund to nonmajor fund					
Changes from nonmajor fund to major fund				338,826	13,671,528
BEGINNING FUND BALANCES,					
as adjusted and restated	47,459,312	720,122	(83,820)	338,826	13,671,528
•	. , , 2				
ENDING FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)	\$47,647,634	\$924,434	(\$83,820)	\$1,177,931	\$17,954,594

\$1,00,109,630 \$27,637,304 \$2,241,378 \$11,324,601 \$1,324,601 \$1,324,601 \$1,324,601 \$1,324,601 \$1,324,601 \$1,423,302 \$1,442,333 \$2,291,655 \$19,477,845 \$2,6565,337 \$18,123,228 \$4,833,465 \$1,480,535 \$2,177,272 \$12,754,606 \$2,513,109 \$2,458,061 \$62,999,560 \$165,046,447 \$10,781,737 \$48,102,772 \$12,754,606 \$2,513,109 \$2,458,061 \$62,999,560 \$165,046,447 \$10,781,737 \$48,102,772 \$10,781,737 \$10,68,23 \$13,846 \$90,031 \$13,846 \$90,031 \$13,846 \$90,031 \$13,846 \$90,031 \$13,846 \$90,031 \$13,846 \$10,981,737 \$10,981,982 \$13,846 \$10,981,982 \$13,846 \$10,981,982 \$13,846 \$10,981,982 \$13,846 \$10,981,982 \$13,846 \$10,981,982 \$13,846 \$10,981,982 \$13,846 \$10,981,982 \$13,846 \$10,981,982 \$13,846 \$10,981,982 \$13,846 \$10,981,982 \$13,846 \$10,981,982 \$13,846 \$10,981,982 \$13,846 \$10,981,982 \$13,846 \$10,981,982 \$13,846 \$13,846 \$10,981,982 \$13,846 \$10,981,982 \$13,846 \$10,981,982 \$13,846 \$10,981,982 \$13,846 \$10,981,982 \$13,846 \$10,981,982 \$13,846 \$10,981,982 \$13,846 \$10,981,982 \$13,846 \$10,981,982 \$13,846 \$10,981,982 \$13,846 \$10,981,982 \$13,846 \$10,981,982 \$13,846 \$10,981,982 \$13,846 \$10,981,982 \$13,846 \$10,981,982 \$13,846 \$10,981,982 \$13,846 \$10,981,982 \$13,846 \$10,981,982 \$13,846 \$10,981,982	Public Facilities Implementation Plan	State Gasoline Tax	Gas Tax SB1	(Formerly Major) Special Apportionment Streets	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$1,309,167 \$85,081 \$166,406 \$5,839,955 9,385,646					\$10,109,630	29,241,378
\$1,309,167 \$85,081 \$166,406 \$5,839,955 9,385,646 2,414,233 2,291,655 19,477,845 26,565,537 11,445,439 13,795 13,795 14,805,35 2,177,272 12,754,606 2,513,109 2,458,061 62,999,560 165,046,447 \$\$\$\$\$12,754,606 2,513,109 2,458,061 62,999,560 165,046,447 \$\$\$\$\$12,754,606 2,513,109 2,458,061 62,999,560 165,046,447 \$\$\$\$\$12,754,606 2,513,109 2,458,061 62,999,560 165,046,447 \$\$\$\$\$12,754,606 2,513,109 2,458,061 \$\$\$\$\$33,423 2,186 4,674,316 14,019,873 48,102,772 159,214 44,078,32 3,115,495 70,059 9,611,308 7,454,052 82,674 1,091,069 17,549,767 29,591,082 \$\$\$\$\$8,6616 \$\$\$\$13,846 99,303 7,874,091 3,224,737 1,091,069 36,419,757 127,125,873 \$\$\$\$\$4,880,515 (711,628) 1,366,992 26,579,803 37,920,574 \$\$\$\$4,880,515 (711,628) 1,366,992 26,579,803 37,920,574 \$\$\$\$4,880,515 (711,628) 1,366,992 28,379,987 39,430,671 \$\$\$\$4,880,515 (711,628) 1,366,992 28,379,987 39,430,671 \$\$\$\$4,880,515 (711,628) 1,366,992 28,379,987 39,430,671 \$\$\$\$4,6643,087 (\$6,599,737) 136,697,047 217,884,829 \$\$\$\$\$4,6643,087 1,945,951 5,724,348 (\$6,599,737) (\$6,599,737) (\$6,599,737) 1,945,951 5,724,348 (\$6,599,737) (\$2,1880,653) \$\$\$\$\$\$\$4,6643,087 1,945,951 5,724,348 108,416,657 224,836,011					7,968,367	
11,445,439 2,414,233 2,291,655 19,477,845 26,565,537 18,123,228 41,833,465 2,177,272 12,754,606 2,513,109 2,458,061 62,999,560 165,046,447 12,754,606 2,513,109 2,458,061 62,999,560 165,046,447 10,781,737 48,02,772 10,781,737 48,102,772 159,214 333,423 22,186 4,674,316 14,019,873 1,162,038 3,106,823 3,115,495 1,584,787 4,700,282 70,059 9,611,308 7,454,052 82,674 1,091,069 17,549,767 29,591,082 86,616 318,346 90,303 37,820,574 4,880,515 (711,628) 1,366,992 26,579,803 37,920,574 4,880,515 (711,628) 1,366,992 26,579,803 37,920,574 4,6643,087 (711,628) 1,366,992 28,379,987 39,430,671 4,6643,087 (711,628) 1,366,992 28,379,987 39,430,671 4,6643,087 (56,599,737) (6,599,737) <t< td=""><td>\$1 309 167</td><td>\$85.081</td><td>\$166 406</td><td></td><td>5 839 955</td><td>·</td></t<>	\$1 309 167	\$85.081	\$166 406		5 839 955	·
13,795	\$1,500,10 <i>1</i>	· ·				
12,754,606	11,445,439	13,795				
35,000 5,326,519 10,781,737 48,102,772 159,214 159,214 14,102,732 14,102,733 14,102,038 3,106,823 3,115,495 1,584,787 4,700,282 70,059 9,611,308 86,616 20,000 17,549,767 29,591,082 26,579,803 37,920,574 4,880,515 (711,628) 1,366,992 26,579,803 37,920,574 4,880,515 (711,628) 1,366,992 26,579,803 37,920,574 4,880,515 (711,628) 1,366,992 28,379,987 39,430,671 46,643,087 (711,628) 1,366,992 28,379,987 39,430,671 46,643,087 (711,628) 1,366,992 28,379,987 39,430,671 46,643,087 (711,628) 1,366,992 28,379,987 39,430,671 46,643,087 1,945,951 5,724,348 6,599,737 (6,599,737) (21,680,653) 46,643,087 1,945,951 5,724,348 6,599,737 (21,680,653) 46,643,087 1,945,951 5,724,348 108,416,657 224,836,011	12,754,606		2,458,061			
35,000 5,326,519 10,781,737 48,102,772 159,214 159,214 14,102,732 14,102,733 14,102,038 3,106,823 3,115,495 1,584,787 4,700,282 70,059 9,611,308 86,616 20,000 17,549,767 29,591,082 26,579,803 37,920,574 4,880,515 (711,628) 1,366,992 26,579,803 37,920,574 4,880,515 (711,628) 1,366,992 26,579,803 37,920,574 4,880,515 (711,628) 1,366,992 28,379,987 39,430,671 46,643,087 (711,628) 1,366,992 28,379,987 39,430,671 46,643,087 (711,628) 1,366,992 28,379,987 39,430,671 46,643,087 (711,628) 1,366,992 28,379,987 39,430,671 46,643,087 1,945,951 5,724,348 6,599,737 (6,599,737) (21,680,653) 46,643,087 1,945,951 5,724,348 6,599,737 (21,680,653) 46,643,087 1,945,951 5,724,348 108,416,657 224,836,011					562.052	12 000 251
10,781,737 48,102,772 159,214						
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$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	7,874,091	3,224,737	1,091,069		36,419,757	127,125,873
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	4,880,515	(711,628)	1,366,992		26,579,803	37,920,574
4,880,515 (711,628) 1,366,992 28,379,987 39,430,671 46,643,087 (\$6,599,737) 136,697,047 217,884,829 7,505,786 (554,604) (554,604) 1,945,951 5,724,348 (21,680,653) 46,643,087 1,945,951 5,724,348 108,416,657 224,836,011						(2,840,352) 446,372
46,643,087 (\$6,599,737) 136,697,047 217,884,829 7,505,786 (554,604) 1,945,951 5,724,348 (6,599,737) (21,680,653) 46,643,087 1,945,951 5,724,348 108,416,657 224,836,011					1,800,184	1,510,097
7,505,786 (554,604) 1,945,951 5,724,348 (21,680,653) 46,643,087 1,945,951 5,724,348 108,416,657 224,836,011	4,880,515	(711,628)	1,366,992		28,379,987	39,430,671
1,945,951 5,724,348 6,599,737 (6,599,737) (21,680,653) (21,680,653) 46,643,087 1,945,951 5,724,348 108,416,657 224,836,011	46,643,087			(\$6,599,737)	136,697,047	217,884,829
		1,945,951	5,724,348	6,599,737		
\$51,523,602 \$1,234,323 \$7,091,340 \$136,796,644 \$264,266,682	46,643,087	1,945,951	5,724,348		108,416,657	224,836,011
	\$51,523,602	\$1,234,323	\$7,091,340		\$136,796,644	\$264,266,682

CITY OF MANTECA

Reconciliation of the

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS with the

CHANGE IN NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

The schedule below reconciles the Net Change in Fund Balances reported on the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance, which measures only changes in current assets and current liabilities on the modified accrual basis, with the Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities reported in the Statement of Activities, which is prepared on the full accrual basis.

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$39,430,671
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because of the following:	
CAPITAL ASSETS TRANSACTIONS	
Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is capitalized and allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capitalized expenditures are therefore added back to fund balance Depreciation expense is deducted from the fund balance (Depreciation expense is net of internal service fund depreciation	24,749,717
of \$398,862 which has already been allocated to serviced funds) Contributions of infrastructure and improvements by developers are capitalized in the Statement of Activities, but are not recorded in the Fund Statements because	(17,986,966)
no cash changed hands.	18,489,235
Retirements are deducted from fund balance	(205,039)
LONG-TERM DEBT ISSUANCE AND PAYMENTS Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but in the Statement of Net Position the repayment reduces long-term liabilities.	
Issuance of debt (subscription liabilities) is deducted from fund balance Repayment of debt principal is added back to fund balance	(446,372) 318,346
ACCRUAL OF NON-CURRENT ITEMS	
The amounts below included in the Statement of Activities do not provide (or require) the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenue or expenditures in governmental funds (net change):	
Unavailable revenue	(12,751,134)
Contracts and accounts payable	2,081,423
Compensated absences Interest payable	1,363,556 (3,372)
Allowance for conditional grants	(40,499)
Net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows related to pensions	(6,507,127)
Total OPEB liability and deferred outflows/inflows related to OPEB	177,392
ALLOCATION OF INTERNAL SERVICE FUND ACTIVITY	
Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as equipment acquisition, maintenance, and insurance to individual funds. The portion of the net revenue (expense) of these Internal Service Funds arising out of their transactions with governmental funds is reported with governmental activities,	
because they service those activities. Change in Net Position - All Internal Service Funds	669,201
Change in 1961 October 1 in Internal October 1 unus	007,201

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements

\$49,339,032

CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

CITY OF MANTECA GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Budgeted A	Amounts		Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES:				
Property taxes	\$25,826,492	\$25,826,492	\$27,637,304	\$1,810,812
Sales taxes	18,717,837	18,717,837	19,131,748	413,911
Other taxes	10,900,000	10,900,000	11,324,601	424,601
Licenses and permits	941,000	976,000	1,319,650	343,650
Fines and forfeitures	501,000	769,800	422,302	(347,498)
Use of money and property	775,000	775,000	1,304,252	529,252
Revenue from other agencies	685,000	704,667	2,151,062	1,446,395
Charges for current services	10,203,308	9,647,308	9,211,048	(436,260)
Other revenue	511,800	608,800	570,489	(38,311)
Total Revenues	69,061,437	68,925,904	73,072,456	4,146,552
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General government:				
Legislative	1,174,550	1,206,783	1,010,451	196,332
City Attorney	1,694,738	1,451,296	1,254,148	197,148
Administration	5,509,713	5,505,939	4,598,777	907,162
Human resources	1,301,839	1,337,808	1,376,379	(38,571)
Financial services	2,898,375	3,045,391	2,942,948	102,443
Total general government	12,579,215	12,547,217	11,182,703	1,364,514
Public safety:				
Police	22,054,692	23,441,889	23,566,980	(125,091)
Fire	11,895,342	12,544,108	13,181,158	(637,050)
Animal control	548,740	645,952	572,897	73,055
Total public safety	34,498,774	36,631,949	37,321,035	(689,086)
Library	148,791	148,489	159,214	(10,725)
Public works:				
Engineering	998,214	1,038,833	736,206	302,627
Street maintenance	195,214	125,814	117,528	8,286
Storm drain maintenance and operation	1,042,855	1,113,885	979,345	134,540
Vehicle maintenance	984,835	992,272	898,342	93,930
Building maintenance	7,116,715	7,546,845	6,258,527	1,288,318
Total public works	10,337,833	10,817,649	8,989,948	1,827,701

(Continued)

Variance with

CITY OF MANTECA GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Budgeted A	mounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)	
Parks and recreation:					
Senior center	530,635	598,771	531,630	67,141	
Total parks and recreation	530,635	598,771	531,630	67,141	
Nondepartmental charges	8,854,000	9,093,335	9,541,249	(447,914)	
Capital outlay	26,000	3,028,705	3,328,303	(299,598)	
Debt service:					
Principal			138,668	(138,668)	
Interest and fiscal charges			1,297	(1,297)	
Total debt service			139,965	(139,965)	
Total Expenditures	66,975,248	72,866,115	71,194,047	1,672,068	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	2,086,189	(3,940,211)	1,878,409	5,818,620	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out) Issuance of long term debt Proceeds from sale of property	(2,020,000)	971,500 (2,580,070)	(2,521,766) 446,372 385,307	(971,500) 58,304 446,372 385,307	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,020,000)	(1,608,570)	(1,690,087)	(81,517)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$66,189	(\$5,548,781)	188,322	\$5,737,103	
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE			47,459,312		
ENDING FUND BALANCE			\$47,647,634		

CITY OF MANTECA LOW AND MODERATE INCOME HOUSING ASSETS FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Budgeted A	mounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:				
Use of money and property			\$169,312	\$169,312
Other revenue	\$25,000	\$25,000	35,000	10,000
Total Revenues	25,000	25,000	204,312	179,312
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$25,000	\$25,000	204,312	\$179,312
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE			720,122	
ENDING FUND BALANCE			\$924,434	

CITY OF MANTECA HOMELESS NAVIGATION CENTER FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Budgeted A	amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:	***				
Revenue from other agencies Other revenue	\$3,000,000	\$55,355	\$74,588	\$19,233	
Total Revenues	3,000,000	55,355	74,588	19,233	
EXPENDITURES:					
Current: General government Capital outlay	19,000,000	74,588	74,588		
Total Expenditures	19,000,000	74,588	74,588		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(\$16,000,000)	(\$19,233)		\$19,233	
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT)		,	(83,820)		
ENDING FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT)		:	(\$83,820)		

CITY OF MANTECA RECREATION FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Budgeted A	mounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)	
REVENUES: Use of money and property Charges for current services Other revenue	\$1,061,325	\$859,562	\$18,162 915,542 2,865	\$18,162 55,980 2,865	
Total Revenues	1,061,325	859,562	936,569	77,007	
EXPENDITURES: Current: Parks and recreation: Capital outlay Debt service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges	1,069,261	1,694,028 85,214	1,408,773 85,217 3,457 17	285,255 (3) (3,457) (17)	
Total Expenditures	1,069,261	1,779,242	1,497,464	281,778	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(7,936)	(919,680)	(560,895)	358,785	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	1,400,000	1,400,000	1,400,000		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,400,000	1,400,000	1,400,000		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$1,392,064	\$480,320	839,105	\$358,785	
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE			338,826		
ENDING FUND BALANCE		:	\$1,177,931		

CITY OF MANTECA DEVELOPMENT SERVICES FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Budgeted A	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES:				
Licenses and permits Use of money and property	\$4,050,000 3,500	\$4,050,000 3,500	\$7,170,925 493,311	\$3,120,925 489,811
Revenue from other agencies Charges for current services	1,665,000	60,000 1,665,000	230,742 2,138,208	170,742 473,208
Total Revenues	5,718,500	5,778,500	10,033,186	4,254,686
EXPENDITURES: Current:				
General government: City Attorney Financial services	250,000	250,000 106,000	174,016 105,991	75,984 9
Total general government	250,000	356,000	280,007	75,993
Community development	6,693,215	5,785,716	5,291,519	494,197
Capital outlay	1,325,000			
Debt service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges			176,221 2,373	(176,221) (2,373)
Total debt service			178,594	(178,594)
Total Expenditures	8,268,215	6,141,716	5,750,120	391,596
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(2,549,715)	(363,216)	4,283,066	4,646,282
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers (out)		(1,156,203)		1,156,203
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,156,203)		1,156,203
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(\$2,549,715)	(\$1,519,419)	4,283,066	\$5,802,485
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE			13,671,528	
ENDING FUND BALANCE			\$17,954,594	

MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds account for City operations financed and operated in a manner similar to a private business enterprise. The intent of the City is that the cost of providing goods and services be financed primarily through user charges. The City has determined all of its enterprise funds to be major funds in fiscal 2024, as identified below.

WATER FUND

Accounts for the provision of water services to residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, capital improvements, maintenance and billing and collection.

SEWER FUND

Accounts for the provision of sewer services to residents of the City and some residents of the County. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, capital improvements, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.

SOLID WASTE FUND

Accounts for the provision of solid waste collection services to residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, capital improvements, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.

GOLF FUND

Accounts for the operations of the City's municipal golf course. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, capital improvements, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.

TRANSIT FUND

Established to account for all funding received (federal, state, and local transportation) associated with the formation and operation of a city managed public transit system.

CITY OF MANTECA PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2024

		В	usiness-type Activiti	ies-Enterprise Fund	ls		Governmental Activities-
	Water	Sewer	Solid Waste	Golf	Transit	Total	Internal Service Funds
ASSETS							
Current assets Cash and investments (Note 3) Accounts receivables (net of allowance for	\$58,122,594	\$72,872,873	\$7,887,105	\$439,398		\$139,321,970	\$9,274,287
estimated uncollectible accounts) Interest receivable	2,456,926	4,587,584	3,036,390	35,758 24,296	\$4,836,576	14,953,234 24,296	18,142
Prepaids and deposits Lease receivable (Note 14)				45,596		45,596	26,544
Total Current Assets	60,579,520	77,460,457	10,923,495	545,048	4,836,576	154,345,096	9,318,973
Non-current assets Restricted cash and investments (Note 3) Advances to other funds (Note 4C)	5,910,316 453,082	5,374,307 346,567		2 210 690		11,284,623 799,649	
Lease receivable (Note 14) Capital assets not being depreciated (Note 7) Capital assets (net of accumulated	2,238,946	10,934,168	489,214	2,210,680 1,240,955		2,210,680 14,903,283	1,170,740
depreciation) (Note 7)	86,169,258	171,734,538	4,701,069	841,013	6,055,112	269,500,990	1,150,227
Total Non-Current Assets	94,771,602	188,389,580	5,190,283	4,292,648	6,055,112	298,699,225	2,320,967
Total Assets	155,351,122	265,850,037	16,113,778	4,837,696	10,891,688	453,044,321	11,639,940
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to pensions (Note 10) Deferred outflows related to OPEB (Note 11)	2,897,851 531,703	3,450,645 410,888	2,854,664 798,701	364,931 182,012	187,864	9,755,955 1,923,304	1,325,842 131,851
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	3,429,554	3,861,533	3,653,365	546,943	187,864	11,679,259	1,457,693
LIABILITIES Current liabilities							
Accounts payable Due to other funds (Note 4B)	2,364,723	2,562,642	538,973	241,433	236,976 2,058,691	5,944,747 2,058,691	645,794
Refundable deposits Unearned revenue	2,360,185	2,037,112	28,089		12,890 2,555,394	4,438,276 2,555,394	808
Interest payable Compensated absences (Note 1G) Estimated claims liability (Note 13)	538,258 342,713	111,985 387,648	8 328,509	55,715	25,318	650,251 1,139,903	19,221 1,302,921
Revenue bonds (Note 8) Lease liability (Note 14) Subscription liability (Note 15)	1,710,000 1,573	1,200,000 2,795	1,573			2,910,000 5,941	1,579 234,925
Total Current Liabilities	7,317,452	6,302,182	897,152	297,148	4,889,269	19,703,203	2,205,248
Long-term liabilities Contracts payable Advances from other funds (Note 4C) Compensated absences (Note 1G) Estimated claims liability (Note 13)	2,163,683 3,313,092 228,476	17,564,812 7,844,299 258,432	219,006	37,143	16,879	19,728,495 11,157,391 759,936	46,666
Revenue bonds (Note 8) Net pension liability (Note 10) Total OPEB liability (Note 11) Lease liability (Note 14) Subscription liability (Note 15)	23,395,939 9,591,373 3,068,441 1,581	26,970,736 11,421,024 2,371,219 1,581	9,448,432 4,609,278 1,581	1,207,856 1,050,383	621,795	50,366,675 32,290,480 11,099,321 4,743	4,388,304 760,907 1,582 504,326
Total Long-Term Liabilities	41,762,585	66,432,103	14,278,297	2,295,382	638,674	125,407,041	5,701,785
Total Liabilities	49,080,037	72,734,285	15,175,449	2,592,530	5,527,943	145,110,244	7,907,033
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to lease (Note 14) Deferred inflows related to OPEB (Note 11)	541,032	418,097	812,714	2,273,705 185,205		2,273,705 1,957,048	134,164
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	541,032	418,097	812,714	2,458,910		4,230,753	134,164
NET POSITION (Note 9): Net investment in capital assets	63,299,111	154,493,594	5,187,129	2,081,968	6,055,112	231,116,914	1,578,555
Unrestricted	45,860,496	42,065,594	(1,408,149)	(1,748,769)	(503,503)	84,265,669	3,477,881
Total Net Position	\$109,159,607	\$196,559,188	\$3,778,980	\$333,199	\$5,551,609	\$315,382,583	\$5,056,436

CITY OF MANTECA PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

-	Business-type Activities-Enterprise Funds						Governmental
_	Water	Sewer	Solid Waste	Golf	Transit	Total	Activities- Internal Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services	\$24,411,625	\$27,693,625	\$21,136,784	\$1,592,653	\$121,233	\$74,955,920	\$5,584,255
Insurance premium contribution from other funds Miscellaneous	40,229	94,932	83,458	16,211		234,830	6,781,164 131,236
Total Operating Revenues	24,451,854	27,788,557	21,220,242	1,608,864	121,233	75,190,750	12,496,655
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Personnel services	6,126,794	6,535,856	5,400,753	1,011,241	407,959	19,482,603	3,057,418
Contractual services	792,825	1,949,054	5,343,604	1,940	2,392,620	10,480,043	33,816
Supplies and other expenses	8,611,595	5,927,520	1,950,773	177,392	158,983	16,826,263	554,281
Utilities	915,224	2,974,225	43,682	197,019	50,462	4,180,612	475,636
Repairs and maintenance	294,746	1,159,081	53,132	126,302	69,171	1,702,432	905,013
Vehicle maintenance and operations	22,599	22,219	746,918		504004	791,736	200 546
Interdepartmental	2,094,107	2,122,767	2,178,949	11,444	594,981	7,002,248	388,746
Insurance	383,800	708,565	433,701	58,627		1,584,693	5,827,502
Claims	4 21 6 77 6	4.040.006	1 700 004	60.770	400 407	11 406 061	280,486
Depreciation (Note 7)	4,316,776	4,848,906	1,780,994	69,778	480,407	11,496,861	398,862
Miscellaneous	119,821	272,626	32,122	872	42,984	468,425	88,247
Total Operating Expenses	23,678,287	26,520,819	17,964,628	1,654,615	4,197,567	74,015,916	12,010,007
Operating Income (Loss)	773,567	1,267,738	3,255,614	(45,751)	(4,076,334)	1,174,834	486,648
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)							
Interest income	2,067,512	2,440,132	247,850	57,707		4.813.201	77.756
Gain on sale of capital assets	2,007,312	1,250,000	217,030	37,707		1,250,000	92,576
Interest (expense) and fiscal charges	(950,144)	(1,413,902)	(26)			(2,364,072)	(32,779)
Intergovernmental grants	(550,111)	100,000	82,982		2,529,181	2,712,163	(32,777)
-							
Net Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	1,117,368	2,376,230	330,806	57,707	2,529,181	6,411,292	137,553
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers	1,890,935	3,643,968	3,586,420	11,956	(1,547,153)	7,586,126	624,201
Capital grants	1,063,126				37,365	1,100,491	
Contributions	2,983,029	5,767,932			37,505	8,750,961	
Transfers in (Note 4A)	2,,03,02,	441,696				441,696	45,000
Transfers out (Note 4A)	(1,126,206)	(1,171,186)	(498,411)	(97,435)	(33,247)	(2,926,485)	
Net Contributions and Transfers	2,919,949	5,038,442	(498,411)	(97,435)	4,118	7,366,663	45,000
Change in net position	4,810,884	8,682,410	3,088,009	(85,479)	(1,543,035)	14,952,789	669,201
BEGINNING NET POSITION, as previously reported	103,292,172	185,827,025	473,524	745,235	5,950,370	296,288,326	3,342,796
ADJUSTMENTS (Note 9E) Change in Accounting Principle - OPEB Allocation	1,056,551	2,049,753	217,447	(326,557)	1,475,929	4,473,123	489,835
Change Within the Financial Reporting Entity Error Correction - Depreciation					(331,655)	(331,655)	554,604
BEGINNING NET POSITION, AS ADJUSTED	104,348,723	187,876,778	690,971	418,678	7,094,644	300,429,794	4,387,235
ENDING NET POSITION	\$109,159,607	\$196,559,188	\$3,778,980	\$333,199	\$5,551,609	\$315,382,583	\$5,056,436
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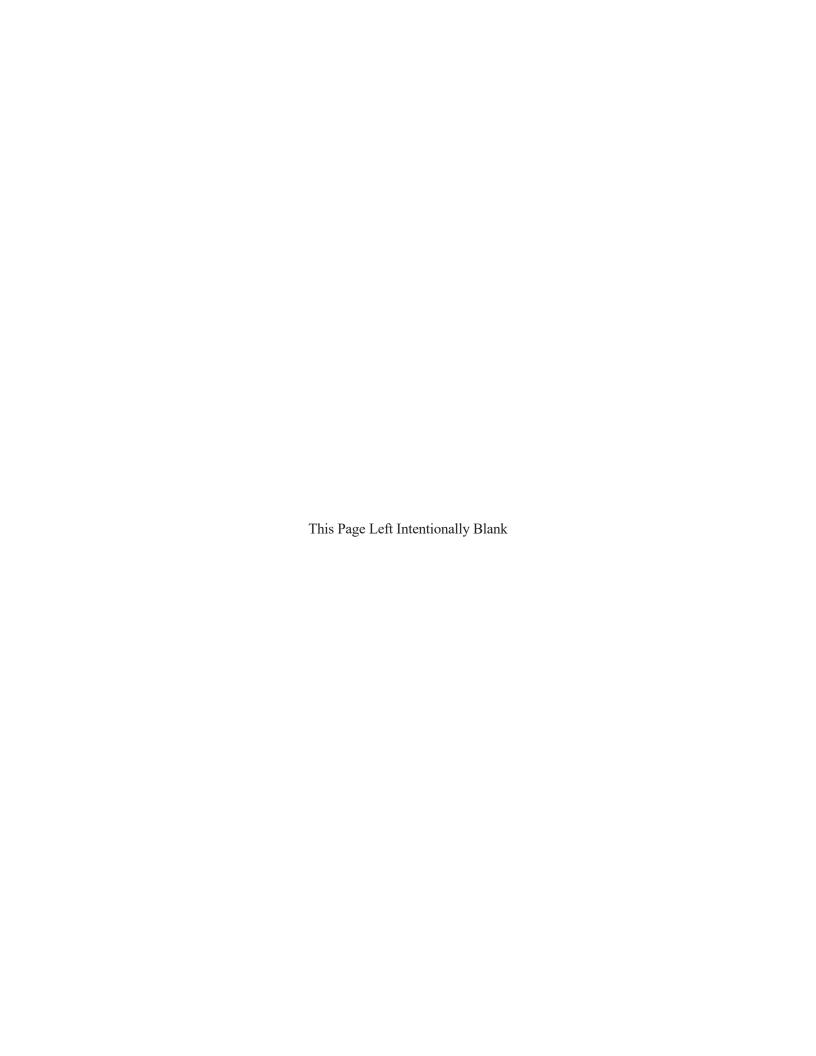
CITY OF MANTECA PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Business-type Activities-Enterprise Funds				Governmental Activities-		
	Water	Sewer	Solid Waste	Golf	Transit	Totals	Internal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Water	Bewei	Bolid Waste	Goil	Tunsit	Totals	Tunds
Receipts from customers	\$24,156,204	\$29,829,715	\$20,087,332	\$1,596,223	\$123,133	\$75,792,607	\$12,478,513
Payments to suppliers	(11,228,232)	(8,882,874)	(8,605,083)	(375,177)	(2,760,851)	(31,852,217)	(8,180,137)
Payments to or on behalf of employees	(5,667,364)	(6,910,447)	(6,207,657)	(1,062,175)	(355,846)	(20,203,489)	(2,490,815)
Internal activity - payments to other funds	(2,094,107)	(2,122,767)	(2,178,949)	(11,444)	(594,981)	(7,002,248)	
Claims paid							(546,541)
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	5,166,501	11,913,627	3,095,643	147,427	(3,588,545)	16,734,653	1,261,020
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL							
FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Intergovernmental grants		100,000	82,982		3,870,849	4,053,831	
Interfund receipts (payments)	25,405	109,927			(230,304)	(94,972)	
Settlement receipts	2,500,000					2,500,000	
Transfers in from other funds		441,696				441,696	45,000
Transfers (out) to other funds	(582,557)	(582,557)				(1,165,114)	
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities	1,942,848	69,066	82,982		3,640,545	5,735,441	45,000
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED							
FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Lease receipts				17,429		17,429	
Acquisition of capital assets, net	(3,428,055)	(3,521,145)	(593,061)	(268,542)	(89,365)	(7,900,168)	(1,190,261)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		1,250,000				1,250,000	92,576
Capital grants	1,063,126				37,365	1,100,491	
Long-term debt payment - principal	(1,631,564)	(1,903,889)	(1,564)			(3,537,017)	(230,707)
Long-term debt payment - interest and fiscal charges	(1,184,208)	(1,505,890)	(24)			(2,690,122)	(24,428)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities	(5,180,701)	(5,680,924)	(594,649)	(251,113)	(52,000)	(11,759,387)	(1,352,820)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
Interest	2,067,512	2,440,132	247,850	33,413		4,788,907	77,756
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	2,067,512	2,440,132	247,850	33,413		4,788,907	77,756
Net Cash Flows	3,996,160	8,741,901	2,831,826	(70,273)		15,499,614	30,956
Cash and investments at beginning of period	60,036,750	69,505,279	5,055,279	509,671		135,106,979	9,243,331
Cash and investments at end of period	\$64,032,910	\$78,247,180	\$7,887,105	\$439,398		\$150,606,593	\$9,274,287

(Continued)

CITY OF MANTECA PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

_		Bus	siness-type Activit	ties-Enterprise Fu	nds		Governmental Activities-
							Internal Service
-	Water	Sewer	Solid Waste	Golf	Transit	Totals	Funds
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Cash Flows							
from Operating Activities:							
Operating income (loss)	\$773,567	\$1,267,738	\$3,255,614	(\$45,751)	(\$4,076,334)	\$1,174,834	\$486,648
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to cash flows							
from operating activities:							
Depreciation	4,316,776	4,848,906	1,780,994	69,778	480,407	11,496,861	398,862
Change in assets and liabilities:							
Accounts receivables (net of allowance for							
estimated uncollectible accounts)	(969,074)	112,307	(1,132,440)	(12,641)		(2,001,848)	(18,142)
Prepaids and deposits							(26,544)
Accounts payable and other accrued expenses	1,880,326	2,630,049	(1,621)	186,975	(44,731)	4,650,998	119,648
Contracts payable	(1,294,524)	3,429,218				2,134,694	
Compensated absences	27,540	57,451	49,104	(4,577)	8,950	138,468	
Claims liability							(266,055)
Net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows	1,772	(470,770)	(950,122)	(14,584)	43,163	(1,390,541)	483,136
Total OPEB liability, deferred outflows and inflows	430,118	38,728	94,114	(31,773)		531,187	83,467
				·			
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	\$5,166,501	\$11,913,627	\$3,095,643	\$147,427	(\$3,588,545)	\$16,734,653	\$1,261,020
NONCASH TRANSACTIONS:							
Contributions of capital assets, net	\$2,983,029	\$5,767,932				\$8,750,961	
Amortization of bond premium	\$193,316	\$84,094				\$277,410	
Transfer of compensated absences from governmental activities	(\$543,649)	(\$588,629)	(\$498,411)	(\$97,435)	(\$33,247)	(\$1,761,371)	
Issuance of lease				\$2,322,213		\$2,322,213	



FIDUCIARY FUNDS

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

These funds are used to account for assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governments. The financial activities of these funds are excluded from the City-wide financial statements, but are presented in separate Fiduciary Fund financial statements.

SUCCESSOR AGENCY TO THE REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUND

The Fund is used to account for the activities of the Successor Agency to the former Manteca Redevelopment Agency.

CFD 2023-1 VILLA TICINO WEST CUSTODIAL FUND

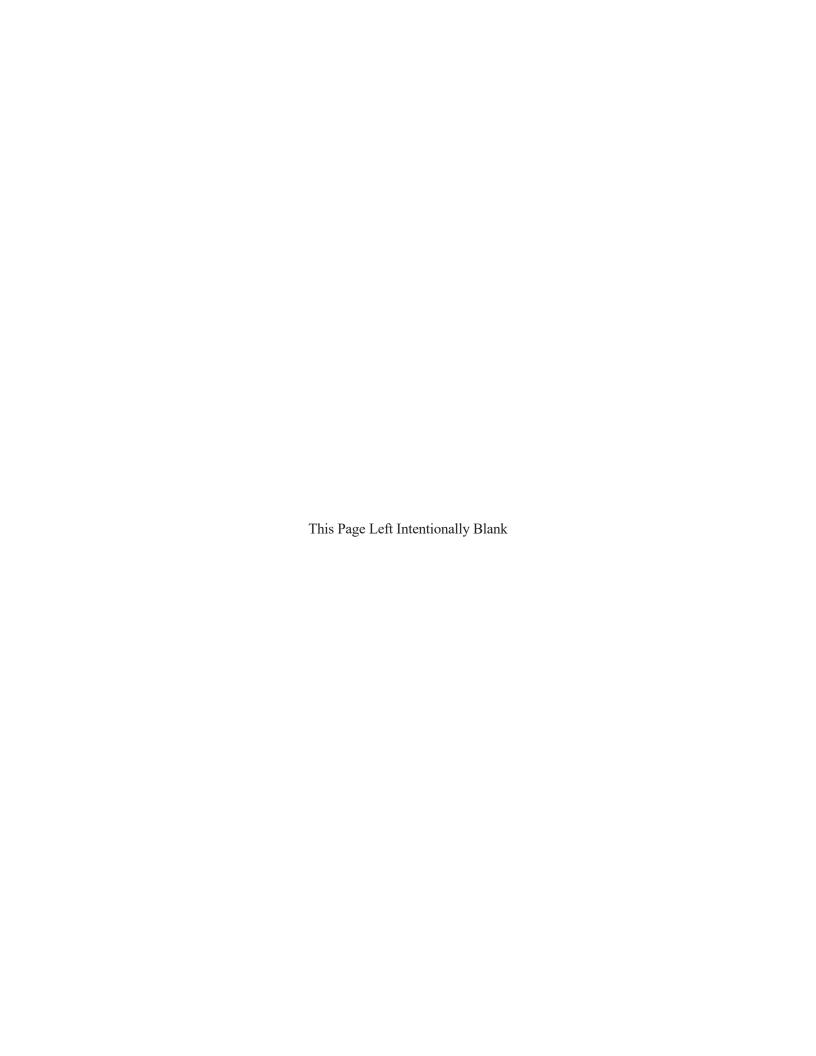
This fund is used to account for Community Facilities District 2023-1, Villa Ticino West, special assessment collections and debt service payments.

CITY OF MANTECA FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

	Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency Private-Purpose Trust Fund	CFD 2023-1 Villa Ticino West Custodial Fund
ASSETS		
Cash and investments (Note 3) Restricted cash and investments (Note 3) Capital assets, not being depreciated (Note 17C) Capital assets, being depreciated (net) (Note 17C)	\$9,808,615 22,895 726,026 1,489,090	\$512,088 543,103
Total Assets	12,046,626	1,055,191
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable Due to the County Auditor-Controller (Note 17E)	19,635 1,760,625	6,700
Interest payable Refundable deposits Long-term obligations (Note 17D):	626,365	48,467 75,681
Due in one year Due in more than one year	4,385,000 83,151,408	
Total Liabilities	89,943,033	130,848
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)		
Held in trust for private purpose	(\$77,896,407)	
Restricted for bondholders		\$924,343

CITY OF MANTECA FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Successor Agency to the Redevelopment	CFD 2023-1
	Agency Private-Purpose Trust Fund	Villa Ticino West Custodial Fund
ADDITIONS		
Property taxes	\$5,861,798	
Net investment income	338,672	\$25,352
Charges for services		405,054
Contributions from property owners		5,806,373
Other revenue		25,000
Total additions	6,200,470	6,261,779
DEDUCTIONS		
Financial services		4,980,725
Community development	254,138	
Depreciation (Note 17C)	125,619	
Interest and fiscal charges	2,298,780	356,711
Total deductions	2,678,537	5,337,436
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	3,521,933	924,343
NET POSITION (DEFICIT) HELD IN TRUST FOR PRIVATE PURPOSE OR RESTRICTED FOR OTHER PURPOSES		
Beginning of year	(81,418,340)	
End of year	(\$77,896,407)	\$924,343



NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Manteca was incorporated as a general law city on May 28, 1918. The City operates under the Council-Manager form of government and provides the following services: public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, sanitation, water, solid waste, culture-recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, general administration services, and redevelopment.

A. Reporting Entity

The accompanying basic financial statements of the City of Manteca include the financial activities of the City as well as the Manteca Financing Authority, which is controlled by and dependent on the City. While this is a separate legal entity, City Council serves in separate session as its governing body and its financial activities are integral to those of the City. The financial activities have been aggregated and merged (termed "blended") with those of the City in the accompanying financial statements.

The **Manteca Financing Authority** is a separate government entity whose purpose is to assist with the financing or refinancing of certain public capital facilities within the City. The Authority has the power to purchase bonds issued by any local agency at public, or negotiated sale, and may sell such bonds to public or private purchasers at public, or negotiated sale. The Authority is controlled by the City and has the same governing body as the City, which also performs all accounting and administrative functions for the Authority. The financial activities of the Authority are included in the Sewer Enterprise Fund. Financial statements for the Manteca Financing Authority component unit may be obtained from the City of Manteca at 1001 West Center Street, Manteca, California, 95337.

The City of Manteca Housing Authority, formed in February 2011, is a separate government entity whose purpose is to assist with the housing for the City's low and moderate income residents. The Housing Authority is controlled by the City and has the same governing body as the City, which also performs all accounting and administrative functions for the Housing Authority. The Housing Authority did not undertake any transactions during fiscal year 2024. Separate financial statements are not issued for the City of Manteca Housing Authority.

The financial statements of the City of Manteca Recreational Facilities, Inc. are excluded from the City's basic financial statements because the City does not control the Corporation's daily operations or operating budgets and because the Corporation has provided its own capital.

B. Basis of Presentation

The City's basic financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Government Accounting Standards Board is the acknowledged standard setting body for establishing accounting and financial reporting standards followed by governmental entities in the United States of America.

These Standards require that the financial statements described below be presented.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Government-wide Statements: The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the primary government (the City and its blended component units). These statements include the financial activities of the overall City government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities, except for interfund services provided and used. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational needs of a particular program and (c) fees, grants and contributions that are restricted to financing the acquisition or construction of capital assets. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category—governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary—are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major individual governmental and enterprise (proprietary) funds, each of which is displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund *operating* revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. *Nonoperating* revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

C. Major Funds

Major funds are defined as funds that have either assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenditures/expenses equal to ten percent of their fund-type total and five percent of the grand total. Major governmental and business-type funds are identified and presented separately in the fund financial statements. All other funds, called non-major funds, are combined and reported in a single column, regardless of their fund-type. The General Fund is always a major fund. The City may also select other funds it believes should be presented as major funds.

The City reported the following major governmental funds in the accompanying financial statements:

GENERAL FUND - The General Fund is used for all the general revenues of the City not specifically levied or collected for other City funds and the related expenditures. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources of a governmental unit which are not accounted for in another fund.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

LOW AND MODERATE INCOME HOUSING ASSETS FUND - Established to account for revenues and expenditures as a result of the activities related to the housing assets assumed by the City as Housing Successor to the former Redevelopment Agency and the revenues and expenditures related to the low and moderate income housing program. The activities are governed by California redevelopment law and must be used to provide housing for people with low and moderate incomes.

HOMELESS NAVIGATION CENTER FUND - Established to account for the financing and construction activities associated with the regional low barrier emergency homeless shelter. Financing is provided by local, State and Federal Grants.

RECREATION FUND - Established to account for the operations of the City's recreation program. Funding of these programs is provided through fees collected from those who participate in recreational activities.

DEVELOPMENT SERVICES FUND - Established to record revenues and expenditures directly related to development services, including planning and building safety.

PUBLIC FACILITIES IMPLEMENTATION PLAN FUND - Established to account for the costs incurred for the development of a Public Facilities Implementation Plan. This fund accounts for the developer impact fees collected and expended in the construction of the drainage and transportation elements of the Plan. The sewer and water developer impact fees collected and expended in connection with the Plan are accounted for in their respective Enterprise Funds.

STATE GASOLINE TAX FUND - Established to account for the construction and maintenance of the street system in Manteca. Financing is provided by the City's share of state gasoline taxes and State of California under AB2928. The allocations from AB2928 must be spent on local streets and roads maintenance, rehabilitation and reconstruction projects according to the tax levied for that purpose by San Joaquin County.

GAS TAX SB1 FUND - Established to account for the Road Maintenance and Rehabilitation Account that addresses deferred maintenance of the local street and road systems and is funded by the State of California.

The City reported all its enterprise funds as major funds in the accompanying financial statements:

WATER FUND - Accounts for the provision of water services to residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, capital improvements, maintenance, billing and collection. The water developer impact fees collected and expended in connection with the Public Facilities Implementation Plan are also accounted for in this fund.

SEWER FUND - Accounts for the provision of sewer services to residents of the City and some residents of the County. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, capital improvements, maintenance, financing and related debt service, billing and collection. The sewer developer impact fees collected and expended in connection with the Public Facilities Implementation Plan are also accounted for in this fund.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

SOLID WASTE FUND - Accounts for the provision of solid waste collection services to residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, capital improvements, maintenance, financing and related debt service, billing and collection.

GOLF FUND - Accounts for the operations of the City's municipal golf course. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, capital improvements, maintenance, financing and related debt service, billing and collection.

TRANSIT FUND - Established to account for all funding received (federal, state, and local transportation) associated with the formation and operation of a city managed public transit system.

The City also reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds. The funds account for vehicle, equipment and insurance; all of which are provided to other departments on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governments. The Successor Agency to the Manteca Redevelopment Agency Private-Purpose Trust Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources to be used for payments at appropriate amounts and times in the future. Custodial funds are used to account for assets held by the City for the Community Facilities District 2023-1. The financial activities of these funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements, but are presented in the separate Fiduciary Fund financial statements.

D. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the full *accrual basis* of accounting. Revenues are recorded when *earned* and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are *incurred*, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Governmental funds are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the *modified accrual* basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when *measurable* and *available*. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, including lease liabilities and subscription liabilities, as well as claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Governmental capital asset acquisitions, including entering into contracts giving the City the right to use leased assets and right-to-use subscription assets, are reported as *expenditures* in governmental funds. Proceeds of governmental long-term debt and acquisitions under financing through leases are reported as *other financing sources*.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied or assessed. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. In addition, contributions from state and federal agencies, developers and others are recorded as revenue.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The City may fund programs with a combination of cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, both restricted and unrestricted net position may be available to finance program expenditures. The City's policy is to first apply restricted resources to such programs, followed by general revenues if necessary.

Certain indirect costs are included in program expenses reported for individual functions and activities.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are intergovernmental revenues, use of money and property revenue, charges for services and fines and penalties. Sales taxes collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the City also are recognized as revenue.

Expenditures are also generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting. An exception to this rule is principal and interest on long-term debt, which is not recognized by debt service funds until it is due. Financial resources usually are appropriated in funds responsible for repaying debt for transfer to a debt service fund in the period in which maturing debt principal and interest must be paid. Thus, the liability is recognized by the fund responsible for paying the debt, not the debt service fund.

E. Revenue Recognition for Water, Sewer and Solid Waste

Revenues are recognized based on cycle billings rendered to customers. Revenues for services provided but not billed at the end of a fiscal period are not material and are not accrued.

F. Property Tax

San Joaquin County assesses properties, and it bills, collects, and distributes property taxes to the City. The County remits the entire amount levied and handles all delinquencies, retaining interest and penalties. Secured and unsecured property taxes are levied on January 1 of the preceding fiscal year.

Secured property tax is due in two installments, on November 1 and March 1, and becomes a lien on those dates. It becomes delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property tax is due on July 1, and becomes delinquent on August 31. Collection of delinquent accounts is the responsibility of the county, which retains all penalties collected.

The term "unsecured" refers to taxes on personal property other than real estate, land and buildings. These taxes are secured by liens on the property being taxed. Property tax revenues are recognized by the City in the fiscal year they are assessed, provided they become available as defined above.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

G. Compensated Absences

The liability for compensated absences includes the vested portions of vacation, sick leave and compensated time off, administrative leave and furlough for Safety. For governmental funds, a liability for these amounts is recorded only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. The remaining amounts are reported as a liability in the Statement of Net Position. Proprietary funds' liability for compensated absences is recorded in each proprietary fund. The liability for compensated absences is determined annually.

Changes in compensated absences were as follows:

Beginning Balance	\$7,505,786
Additions	4,287,429
Payments	(3,751,146)
Ending Balance	\$8,042,069
Current Portion	\$4,825,241

Compensated absences in enterprise funds are liquidated by the fund that has recorded the liability. The long-term portion of the governmental activities compensated absences is liquidated primarily by the General Fund.

H. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position or balance sheet reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The City has deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) as discussed in Notes 10 and 11.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position or balance sheet reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has one item, which arises under the modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is only reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from three sources: accounts receivable, notes receivable and leases. The City also has deferred inflows of resources which arise under the full accrual basis of accounting related to pensions and OPEB as discussed in Notes 10 and 11 and leases discussed in Note 14. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

I. Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels based on the extent to which inputs used in measuring fair value are observable in the market.

Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 inputs are inputs – other than quoted prices included within level 1 – that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

If the fair value of an asset or liability is measured using inputs from more than one level of the fair value hierarchy, the measurement is considered to be based on the lowest priority level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

J. Prepaids and Deposits

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Prepaids and deposits in governmental funds are equally offset by nonspendable fund balance which indicates that they do not constitute available spendable resources even though they are a component of net current assets.

K. Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

L. New and Recategorized Funds

The Payroll Tax Benefit Internal Service Fund was closed to the General Fund as of July 1, 2023.

The CFD 2023-1 Villa Ticino West Custodial Fund was established during fiscal year 2024 to account for Community Facilities District 2023-1, Villa Ticino West, special assessment collections and debt service payments.

NOTE 2 - BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

A. Budgeting Procedures

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. The budget is legally enacted through the adoption of a resolution.
- 4. All budget adjustments are approved by the City Council. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the Fund level for all funds.
- 5. Budgets are adopted for all funds other than some Fiduciary Funds.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year in all funds.
- 7. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

B. Encumbrances

Under encumbrance accounting, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation. Encumbrance accounting is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in all budgeted funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as a restriction, commitment or assignment of fund balances since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities and are reappropriated in the following year. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year end and must be reappropriated in the following year.

C. Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations

The following funds incurred expenditures in excess of appropriations. Sufficient resources were available within each fund to finance these excesses:

	Excess of
	Expenditures
	Over
Fund	Appropriations
Special Revenue Funds:	
Community Development Block Grant	\$28,224
Police Grants	20,753
Public Safety Sales Tax	91,788
Capital Improvement Funds:	
Public Facilities Implementation Plan	4,093,364
Fire Facilities Fee	1,579
Special Apportionment Streets	77,262

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The City's dependence on property tax receipts, which are received semi-annually, requires it to maintain significant cash reserves to finance operations during the remainder of the year. The City pools cash from all sources and all funds except Cash with Fiscal Agents so that it can be invested at the maximum yield, consistent with safety and liquidity, while individual funds can make expenditures at any time. Investments are carried at fair value.

A. Policies

The City invests in individual investments and in investment pools. Individual investments are evidenced by specific identifiable pieces of paper called *securities instruments*, or by an electronic entry registering the owner in the records of the institution issuing the security, called the *book entry* system. In order to maximize security, the City employs the Trust Department of a bank as the custodian of all City managed investments, regardless of their form.

California Law requires banks and savings and loan institutions to pledge government securities with a market value of 110% of the City's cash on deposit or first trust deed mortgage notes with a value of 150% of the City's cash on deposit as collateral for these deposits. Under California Law this collateral is held in an investment pool by an independent financial institution in the City's name and places the City ahead of general creditors of the institution pledging the collateral.

The City's investments are carried at fair value, as required by generally accepted accounting principles. The City adjusts the carrying value of its investments to reflect their fair value at each fiscal year end, and it includes the effects of these adjustments in income for that fiscal year.

B. Classification

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2024 are classified in the financial statements as shown below, based on whether or not their use is restricted under the terms of City debt instruments or Agency agreements.

Cash and investments available for City operations	\$421,456,828
Restricted cash and investments	19,115,747
Total City cash and investments of primary government	440,572,575
Cash and investments in Fiduciary Funds	10,320,703
Restricted cash and investments in Fiduciary Funds	565,998
Total cash and investments	\$451,459,276

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2024 consist of the following:

Cash on hand	\$2,550
Deposits with financial institutions	131,263,640
Investments	320,193,086
Total cash and investments	\$451,459,276

Cash and investments are used in preparing Proprietary Fund statements of cash flows because these assets are highly liquid and are expended to liquidate liabilities arising during the year.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

C. Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy

The City's Investment Policy and the California Government Code allow the City to invest in the following, provided the credit ratings of the issuers are acceptable to the City, and approved percentages and maturities are not exceeded. The table below also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code or the City's Investment Policy where it is more restrictive:

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Minimum Credit Quality	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
United States Treasury Bills, Bonds and Notes Federal Agency or United States Government-	5 years	None	100%	No Limit
Sponsored Enterprise Obligations	5 years	None	100%	No Limit
Mortgage Pass Through Federal Agency Securities	5 years	None	20%	No Limit
California State and Local Agency Obligations	5 years	A	(1)	No Limit
Other State Obligations	5 years	A	(1)	No Limit
Bankers' Acceptances	180 days	Highest Category	40%	5% (2)
Commercial Paper	270 days	Highest Category	40%	5% (3)
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	A	30%	5% (2)
Repurchase Agreements	90 days	None	100%	5% (2)
Local Agency Investment Fund	n/a	None	\$75 million/account	\$75 million/account
Time Certificates of Deposit	5 years	None	25%	5% (2)
Medium-Term Corporation Notes	5 years	A	30%	5% (3)
Money Market Funds	n/a	Highest Category	100%	5% (2)
Local Government Investment Pools	n/a	None	50%	5% (2)
Supranationals	5 years	AA	30%	No Limit
Asset-Backed Securities	5 years	AA	20%	No Limit

⁽¹⁾ Total investments in California State and Local Agency Obligations and Other State Obligations may not exceed 30% of the City's total portfolio.

⁽²⁾ Total value invested in any one issuer may not exceed 5% of the issuer's net worth.

⁽³⁾ Total value invested in any one issuer may not exceed 5% of the outstanding commercial paper and the medium term notes of any single issuer.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

D. Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

The City and Successor Agency must maintain required amounts of cash and investments with trustees or fiscal agents under the terms of certain debt issues. These funds are unexpended bond proceeds or are pledged reserves to be used if the City or Successor Agency fails to meet the obligations under these debt issues. The California Government Code requires these funds to be invested in accordance with City resolutions, bond indentures or State statutes. The table below identifies the investment types and their minimum credit ratings that are authorized for investments held by fiscal agents. The bond indentures contain no limitations for the maximum investment in any one issuer or the maximum percentage of the portfolio that may be invested in any one investment-type.

		Minimum
	Maximum	Credit
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Quality
United States Treasury Bill, Bonds, Notes	5 years	N/A
United States Government Agency Obligations	5 years	N/A
Bankers' Acceptances	30 days to 1 year	A-1
Commercial Paper	270 days to 1 year	A-1
Certificates of Deposit	30 days to 5 years	None to A
Repurchase Agreements	None to 30 days	A-1
Local Agency Investment Fund	n/a	Not rated
Money Market Funds	n/a	AA-m
Investment Agreements	None	None to AA
State and Municipal Bonds, Notes	None	Two Highest Categories

E. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Normally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The City generally manages its interest rate risk by holding investments to maturity.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held by bond trustees) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity or earliest call date:

	12 Months	13 to 24	25 to 36	36 to 60	
Investment Type	or less	Months	Months	Months	Total
Held by City:					
U.S. Treasury Notes		\$19,768,916	\$43,743,714		\$63,512,630
Mortgage Pass Through Federal Agency Securities	\$3,931,429	5,845,952	5,586,619	\$1,523,441	16,887,441
Medium Term Corporate Notes:					
Callable	5,472,590	6,458,393	7,261,757	814,095	20,006,835
Non-Callable	1,133,540	8,170,155	6,806,022		16,109,717
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit		2,865,604	3,340,288		6,205,892
California Local Agency Investment Fund	69,294,077				69,294,077
Asset-Backed Securities		1,682,570	10,326,834	16,236,327	28,245,731
Municipal Bonds	1,055,760	379,109			1,434,869
California Asset Management Program	46,549,024				46,549,024
Money Market Mutual Funds (U.S. Securities)	44,168				44,168
Held by Trustees:					
Money Market Mutual Funds (U.S. Securities)	51,902,702				51,902,702
Total Investments	\$179,383,290	\$45,170,699	\$77,065,234	\$18,573,863	\$320,193,086

The City is a participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The City reports its investment in LAIF at the fair value amount provided by LAIF, which is the same as the value of the pool share. The balance is available for withdrawal on demand, and is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis. Each regular LAIF account is permitted to have up to 15 transactions per month, with a minimum transaction amount of \$5,000, a maximum transaction amount of \$75 million and at least 24 hours advance notice for withdrawals of \$10 million or more. Bond proceeds accounts are subject to a one-time deposit with no cap and are set up with a monthly draw down schedule. Included in LAIF's investment portfolio are collateralized mortgage obligations, mortgage-backed securities, other asset-backed securities, loans to certain state funds, and floating rate securities issued by federal agencies, government-sponsored enterprises, United States Treasury Notes and Bills, and corporations. At June 30, 2024, these investments have an average maturity of 217 days.

The City is a participant in the California Asset Management Program (CAMP). CAMP is an investment pool offered by the California Asset Management Trust (the Trust). The Trust is a joint powers authority and public agency created by the Declaration of Trust and established under the provisions of the California Joint Exercise of Powers Act (California Government Code Sections 6500 et seq., or the "Act") for the purpose of exercising the common power of CAMP participants to invest certain proceeds of debt issues and surplus funds. CAMP investments are limited to investments permitted by subdivisions (a) to (n), inclusive, of Section 53601 of the California Government Code. The City reports its investments in CAMP at the fair value amounts provided b,y CAMP, which is the same as the value of the pool share in accordance with GASB 79 requirements. At June 30, 2024, the fair value was approximate to the City's cost. At June 30, 2024, these investments had an average maturity of 38 days.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The City, as a CAMP shareholder, may withdraw all or any portion of the funds in its CAMP account at any time by redeeming shares. The CAMP Declaration of Trust permits the CAMP trustee to suspend the right of withdrawal from CAMP or to postpone the date of payment of redemption proceeds if the New York Stock Exchange is closed other than for customary weekend and holiday closings, if trading on the New York Stock Exchange is restricted, or if, in the opinion of the CAMP trustees, an emergency exists such that disposal of the CAMP pool securities or determination of its net asset value is not reasonably practicable. If the right of withdrawal is suspended, the City may either withdraw its request for that withdrawal or receive payment based on the net asset value of the CAMP pool next determined after termination of the suspension of the right of withdrawal.

Money market funds are available for withdrawal on demand and at June 30, 2024, have a weighted average maturity of 6 days.

F. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the actual rating as of June 30, 2024 for each investment type as provided by Standard and Poor's investment rating system, except as noted.

		Standard and Poo	r's		Moody's		
Investment Type	AAAm/AAA	AA+/AA/AA-	A+/A/A-	Aaa	Aa1	A1/A2/A3	Total
Held by City:							
Mortgage Pass Through Federal Agency Securities		\$16,887,441					\$16,887,441
Medium Term Corporate Notes:							
Callable		2,956,864	\$18,414,433			\$1,394,664	22,765,961
Non-Callable		5,529,564	7,197,872			623,155	13,350,591
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit		1,432,211	4,773,681				6,205,892
Asset-Backed Securities	\$19,872,413			\$8,373,318			28,245,731
Municipal Bonds		677,060			\$757,809		1,434,869
California Asset Management Program	46,549,024						46,549,024
Money Market Mutual Funds (U.S. Securities)	44,168						44,168
Held by Trustees:							
Money Market Mutual Funds (U.S. Securities)	51,902,702						51,902,702
Totals	\$118,368,307	\$27,483,140	\$30,385,986	\$8,373,318	\$757,809	\$2,017,819	187,386,379
Not rated:							
California Local Agency Investment Fund							69,294,077
Exempt from credit rating disclosure:							
U.S. Treasury Notes							63,512,630
Total Investments							\$320,193,086

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

G. Fair Value Hierarchy

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure fair value of the assets. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in an active market for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The following is a summary of the fair value hierarchy of the fair value of investments of the City as of June 30, 2024:

	Level 1	Level 2	Total
Investments by Fair Value Level:			
U.S. Treasury Notes	\$63,512,630		\$63,512,630
Mortgage Pass Through Federal Agency Securities		\$16,887,441	16,887,441
Medium Term Corporate Notes		36,116,552	36,116,552
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit		6,205,892	6,205,892
Asset-Backed Securities		28,245,731	28,245,731
Municipal Bonds		1,434,869	1,434,869
Totals	\$63,512,630	\$88,890,485	152,403,115
Investments Measured at Net Asset Value Per Share:			
Held by City:			
California Asset Management Program			46,549,024
Investments Measured at Amortized Cost:			
Held by City:			
Money Market Mutual Funds (U.S. Securities)			44,168
Held by Trustees:			
Money Market Mutual Funds (U.S. Securities)			51,902,702
Investments Exempt from Fair Value Hierarchy:			
California Local Agency Investment Fund			69,294,077
Total Investments			\$320,193,086

Investments classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy were valued using quoted prices in active markets. All investments classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy were valued using matrix pricing techniques maintained by various pricing vendors. These prices were obtained from various pricing sources from our custodian bank. The California Local Agency Investment Fund is exempt from classification in the fair value hierarchy. Fair value is defined as the quoted market value on the last trading day of the period.

NOTE 4 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Transfers Between Funds

With Council approval, resources may be transferred from one City fund to another. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the transfers were as follows:

		Amount	
Fund Receiving Transfers	Fund Making Transfers	Trans ferred	Purpose
Recreation Special Revenue Fund	General Fund	\$1,400,000	A
Non-Major Governmental Funds	General Fund	680,070	A
	Non-Major Governmental Funds	273,586	A
	Water Enterprise Fund	582,557	A
	Sewer Enterprise Fund	582,557	A
Sewer Enterprise Fund	General Fund	441,696	В
Vehicle Internal Service Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	45,000	A
		\$4,005,466	

A To fund operations

In addition, the Enterprise Funds transferred the following to Governmental Activities related to the closure of the Payroll Tax Benefit Internal Service Fund to the General Fund and the movement of compensated absences from the Internal Service Fund to the Enterprise Funds:

Water Enterprise Fund	\$543,649
Sewer Enterprise Fund	588,629
Solid Waste Enterprise Fund	498,411
Golf Enterprise Fund	97,435
Transit Enterprise Fund	33,247
Total	\$1,761,371

B. Current Interfund Balances

Current interfund balances arise mainly due to the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. These balances are expected to be repaid shortly after the end of the fiscal year. At June 30, 2024, interfund balances were as follows:

Due From Funds	Due To Funds		Amount
General Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds		\$4,411,989
	Transit Proprietary Fund		2,058,691
		Total	\$6,470,680

B Transfer 50% of the business license tax collections to lower the PFIP Sewer Fee, in accordance with the 2013 Public Facilities Implementation Plan Update

NOTE 4 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

C. Long-Term Interfund Advances

At June 30, 2024, the funds below had made advances that are not expected to be repaid within the next year. These long-term interfund advances are expected to be repaid out of future developer fees.

(Asset)	(Liability)	Amount of
Fund Making Advance	Fund Receiving Advance	Advance
General Fund	Public Facilities Implementation Plan	
	Capital Improvements Fund	\$1,081,780
Public Facilities Implementation Plan		
Capital Improvements Fund	Water Enterprise Fund	3,226,131
	Sewer Enterprise Fund	7,571,497
Water Enterprise Fund	Public Facilities Implementation Plan	
	Capital Improvements Fund	180,280
	Sewer Enterprise Fund	272,802
Sewer Enterprise Fund	Public Facilities Implementation Plan	
	Capital Improvements Fund	259,606
	Water Enterprise Fund	86,961
	Total Advances	\$12,679,057

Public Facilities Implementation Plan

Advances above in the amount of \$12,679,057 have been made between the Public Facilities Improvement Plan, General Fund, Water, and Sewer Funds in coordination with the City's adopted Public Facilities Implementation Plan. The long-term interfund advances to and from these funds were made in accordance with this Plan and are expected to be repaid out of future developer fees over the next fifteen years.

During the fiscal year 2011, the Public Facilities Implementation Plan Fund made an additional advance to the Sewer Enterprise Fund in the amount of \$5,000,000 which is included in the balance above. The advance bears interest at an annual rate of 2%.

D. Internal Balances

Internal balances are presented in the Entity-wide financial statements only. They represent the net interfund receivables and payables remaining after the elimination of all such balances within governmental and business-type activities.

NOTE 5 - REDEVELOPMENT AGREEMENTS AND NOTES RECEIVABLE

The former Redevelopment Agency engaged in programs designed to encourage construction of or improvement to low-to-moderate income housing. Under these programs, grants or loans are provided under favorable terms to homeowners or developers who agree to expend these funds in accordance with the Agency's terms. With the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency as discussed in Note 17, the City agreed to become the successor to the Redevelopment Agency's housing activities and as a result the Low and Moderate Income Housing Asset Fund assumed the loans receivable of the Redevelopment Agency's Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund. The balances of the notes receivable in the Low and Moderate Income Housing Asset Fund at June 30, 2024 are set forth below:

A. Summary of Notes Receivable and Unavailable Revenue

The City has deferred the recognition of revenues from the proceeds of the Notes. At June 30, 2024, these Notes totaled:

HOPE Shelter	\$1,370,455
Habitat for Humanity	10,000
Down Payment Assistance Program	1,251,700
Residential Rehabilitation	73,458
First-Time Homebuyer Program	60,000
Mid-Peninsula Housing Coalition	3,876,096
Eden Housing Inc Union Court Apartments	3,165,798
Eden Housing Inc Senior Housing	2,803,195
Manteca Senior Housing, LLC - Affirmed Housing	1,039,683
Senior Rehabilitation Loans	17,070
Manteca Atherton Associates - Juniper Apartments	14,445,926
Total notes receivable	28,113,381
Less: Allowance for conditional grants	(928,323)
Net long-term notes receivable	\$27,185,058

In addition, the General Fund has recorded a loan receivable in the amount of \$472,500 as discussed in Note 16D.

Unavailable revenue at June 30, 2024 consisted of the outstanding balances of the above notes.

B. HOPE Shelter

On November 16, 2010, the Agency entered into an Owner Participation and Loan Agreement with HOPE to loan \$1,243,440 to fund the construction phase of the rehabilitation of the Shelter. This loan is secured by a deed of trust and bears simple interest of one percent from the date of each disbursement of loan funds, if the new rental units are used for affordable housing for low and moderate income households for fifty-five years after completion of construction. The Agency agreed to forgive the loan after fifty-five years if the facility is used for the stated purpose.

As of June 30, 2024, HOPE had drawn down \$1,206,037 of the available loan and no further drawdowns are expected. Interest accrued on the loan totaled \$164,418 as of June 30, 2024.

NOTE 5 - REDEVELOPMENT AGREEMENTS AND NOTES RECEIVABLE (Continued)

C. Habitat for Humanity

In March 1998 the Agency loaned \$10,000 to the Habitat for Humanity, to be used toward the purchase of property to construct an affordable housing unit. Habitat has signed a promissory note secured by a deed of trust. The loan only becomes due if the property is not maintained as affordable housing. If the property is used for the stated purpose for thirty years, the City will forgive the loan.

D. Down Payment Assistance Program

The Moderate Income Housing Down Payment Assistance Program was established in 2004 to provide financing for homebuyers with moderate income who are unable to qualify for a home purchase without down payment assistance. At June 30, 2024, loans related to this Program in the amount of \$1,251,700 had been extended. These loans are secured by second deeds of trust and bear no interest. These promissory notes are due if the home is sold, equity is removed, home is non-owner occupied, or after 40 years.

E. Residential Rehabilitation Loans

During fiscal year 2003 the Redevelopment Agency began the Residential Rehabilitation Matching Grant Program under which it made loans to real property owners in the Redevelopment Area for the purpose of making property improvements. The Agency agreed to forgive the loans after ten years based on program provisions; the loans bear eight percent interest due from date of closing applicable only in case of default. At June 30, 2024, loans receivable under this program totaled \$73,458.

F. First-Time Homebuyer Loan Program

In January 2002 the Agency engaged in a First-Time Homebuyer Down Payment Assistance Program designed to encourage home ownership among low-and-moderate-income households. Under this program, an interest free loan up to \$60,000 is provided to eligible households to be used as part of the down payment for the purchase of home in the City of Manteca. These promissory notes are secured by second deeds of trust and due forty years from the date the property was purchased. The balance of the notes receivable arising from this program at June 30, 2024 was \$60,000.

G. Mid-Peninsula Housing Coalition

In March 2006, the Manteca Redevelopment Agency entered into a loan agreement with the Mid-Peninsula Housing Coalition for affordable housing. Under the terms of the agreement, the Agency loaned \$2,500,000 to partially fund the acquisition of the property to be used for the construction of affordable rental housing. The note bears interest of 3% interest. Repayment of the loan will commence on April 30 of the year after the completion of construction of the project. Principal and interest payments will be due annually and equal to 50% of residual receipts, if any, as defined in the loan agreement. The loan is due in full no later than December 31, 2065. The agreement is secured by a deed of trust. Interest accrued on the loan totaled \$1,376,096 as of June 30, 2024. Mid-Peninsula Housing Coalition is in default on the loan. The City is in negotiations to resolve the issue.

H. Eden Housing Inc. – Union Court Apartments

On September 1, 2000, the Agency agreed to loan \$2,593,742 to Eden Housing Inc., for the acquisition and rehabilitation of the Union Court Apartments. The loan is secured by a second deed of trust, bears interest at one percent and is due in 2055. Interest accrued on the loan totaled \$572,056 as of June 30, 2024.

NOTE 5 - REDEVELOPMENT AGREEMENTS AND NOTES RECEIVABLE (Continued)

I. Eden Housing Inc. – Senior Housing (Almond Terrace)

On June 5, 2000, the Agency agreed to loan Eden Housing Inc. up to \$900,000 at three percent interest to assist with the acquisition of two parcels and construction of fifty units of affordable rental housing for very-low-income seniors. On April 17, 2002, the Agency loaned an additional \$781,000 to increase the total amount of loan to \$1,681,000 in order to help Eden Housing Inc. complete the construction. The loan is secured by a deed of trust. If Eden Housing sells or transfers any of the parcels prior to the June 5, 2030 due date, the unpaid principal and interest on those parcels become due. As of June 30, 2024, Eden Housing had drawn down the loan in the amount of \$1,680,932. Interest accrued on the loan totaled \$1,122,263 as of June 30, 2024.

J. Manteca Senior Housing Inc. – Affirmed Housing

On March 22, 2007, the Agency agreed to loan Manteca Senior Housing Inc. \$750,000 along with a grant of \$2,000,000 to be used for the acquisition and development costs for the fifty-two-unit apartment complex available for low income households. The Agency agreed to forgive the loan after fifty-five years based on program provisions; the loan bears a three percent interest due from date of closing applicable only in case of default. If there are residual receipts, the developer must pay to the City fifty percent of the receipts. At June 30, 2024, \$750,000 has been drawn down from the loan, and all \$2,000,000 of the grant has been drawn down. Interest accrued on the loan totaled \$289,683 as of June 30, 2024.

K. Senior Rehabilitation Loans

During fiscal year 2010, the Agency began the Senior Rehabilitation Loan Program under which it made loans up to \$7,500 to senior citizens in the Redevelopment Area for the purpose of making property improvements. The terms and conditions of the loans are dependent upon the income of the applicants. At June 30, 2024, loans receivable under this program totaled \$17,070.

L. Manteca Atherton Associates – Juniper Apartments

On December 21, 2010, the Agency entered into an Owner Participation and Loan Agreement under which it agreed to loan \$12,250,000 to Manteca Atherton Associates to finance the construction of the Juniper Apartments, a 153-unit affordable housing complex. The Agreement was amended in March 2011 to increase the loan to \$12,750,000, payable as follows: \$4,530,644 of the loan is to pay the cost of the City development fees, \$4,301,069 is to pay for the cost of acquiring the land and construction costs, and \$3,918,287 is to be disbursed upon completion of the project to repay other sources of construction financing. The loan is secured by a deed of trust and bears simple interest of one percent from the date of each disbursement of loan funds. The loan is repayable from residual receipts, as defined in the agreement, beginning twelve months after the issuance of the certificate of occupancy, which was issued on October 10, 2012, and all unpaid principal and interest on the loan is due fifty-five years after the issuance of the certificate of occupancy.

The Agency disbursed the loan to an escrow account from which the developer drew the funds as eligible costs were incurred. The balance of the loan receivable as of June 30, 2024 is \$12,750,000. Interest accrued on the loan totaled \$1,695,925 as of June 30, 2024.

NOTE 5 - REDEVELOPMENT AGREEMENTS AND NOTES RECEIVABLE (Continued)

M. Conditional Grants

The City has several programs under which it extends loans to qualifying individuals or groups for the purpose of improving the City's housing stock and/or its supply of low-and-moderate income housing. Certain of these loans provide for the eventual forgiveness of the loan balance if the borrower complies with all the terms of the loan over its full term. The City accounts for these loans as conditional grants in the Government-wide financial statements and provides a reserve against their eventual forgiveness using the straight-line method over the life of the respective loan. The balance of the allowance for conditional grants as of June 30, 2024 is \$928,323.

NOTE 6 - EMPLOYEE NOTES RECEIVABLE

All full-time City employees who have completed their probationary period are eligible to obtain an interest free loan of up to \$3,000 to purchase a computer. All requests for loans are subject to review by the employee's department manager and the Information Technology Department, and ultimately must be approved by the Finance Director. Repayment of these loans is handled through payroll deductions which are spread out equally over a three-year period or less. Employees must repay the outstanding balance of their loans upon ending their employment with the City. As of June 30, 2024, 31 employees had notes totaling \$41,525 due to the City.

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at estimated acquisition value on the date contributed. All other capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available except for intangible right to-use lease assets, the measurement of which is discussed in Note 14 below, and intangible right to use subscription assets, the measurement of which is described in Note 15 below. The City's practice is to capitalize all assets with costs exceeding the \$5,000 threshold.

Depreciation is provided using the straight-line method which means the cost of the asset is divided by its expected useful life in years and the result is charged to expense each year until the asset is fully depreciated. The City has assigned the useful lives listed below to capital assets:

Buildings and Improvements	30 years
Right-to-Use Buildings	3 years
Machinery and Equipment	5-15 years
Right-to-Use Equipment	3-5 years
Right-to-Use Software	2-7 years
Storm Drain	50 years
Streets	30 years
Parks	15-30 years
Subscription Assets	2-6 years
Sewer Lines and Improvements	50 years
Water Wells and Lines	50 years
Sewer Plant Expansion	10-20 years
Water Rights	25 years

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

A. Capital Asset Additions and Retirements

Capital assets activities for the year ended June 30, 2024 were as follows:

Governmental activities

	Balance at June 30, 2023 (As Restated)	Additions	Retirements	Transfers	Balance at June 30, 2024
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land and improvements	\$63,066,804	\$2,202,200			\$65,269,004
Subscription assets in progress	109,305	955,607			1,064,912
Construction in progress	32,216,569	5,358,609			37,575,178
Total capital assets not being depreciated	95,392,678	8,516,416			103,909,094
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements	36,759,077	38,735			36,797,812
Intangible right-to-use building	634,944				634,944
Machinery and equipment	28,716,015	1,169,033	(\$1,357,361)		28,527,687
Intangible right-to-use equipment	28,661				28,661
Storm drain	68,923,722	4,064,834			72,988,556
Streets	331,865,345	27,586,491			359,451,836
Parks	79,998,483	2,607,332			82,605,815
Subscription assets	1,399,894	446,372	(36,181)		1,810,085
Total capital assets being depreciated	548,326,141	35,912,797	(1,393,542)		582,845,396
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements	(14,581,254)	(1,049,927)			(15,631,181)
Intangible right-to-use building	(324,228)	(162,114)			(486,342)
Machinery and equipment	(21,150,451)	(2,290,487)	1,152,322		(22,288,616)
Intangible right-to-use equipment	(12,526)	(8,510)			(21,036)
Storm drain	(19,296,114)	(1,358,650)			(20,654,764)
Streets	(111,573,877)	(10,635,076)			(122,208,953)
Parks	(35,374,356)	(2,555,708)			(37,930,064)
Subscription assets	(280,160)	(325,356)	36,181		(569,335)
Total accumulated depreciation	(202,592,966)	(18,385,828)	1,188,503		(219,790,291)
Net capital assets being depreciated	345,733,175	17,526,969	(205,039)		363,055,105
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$441,125,853	\$26,043,385	(\$205,039)		\$466,964,199

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Business-type activities	Balance at June 30, 2023 (As Restated)	Additions	Retirements	Transfers	Balance at June 30, 2024
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land and improvements	\$4,394,232				\$4,394,232
Construction in progress	27,092,911	\$4,021,723		(\$20,605,583)	10,509,051
Total capital assets not being depreciated	31,487,143	4,021,723		(20,605,583)	14,903,283
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Sewer lines and improvements	76,584,514	4,435,330		19,986,815	101,006,659
Water wells, pipelines and water rights	152,733,051	3,225,123			155,958,174
Buildings and improvements	18,564,197	2,155,314			20,719,511
Intangible right-to-use building	21,922				21,922
Machinery and equipment	31,260,621	2,813,639	(\$574,529)	618,768	34,118,499
Intangible right-to-use equipment	23,487				23,487
Infrastructure	165,424				165,424
Sewer plant expansion	128,914,748				128,914,748
Total capital assets being depreciated	408,267,964	12,629,406	(574,529)	20,605,583	440,928,424
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Sewer lines and improvements	(26,670,492)	(1,401,880)			(28,072,372)
Water wells, pipelines and water rights	(67,698,033)	(3,877,093)			(71,575,126)
Buildings and improvements	(9,472,364)	(553,357)			(10,025,721)
Intangible right-to-use building	(13,396)	(7,308)			(20,704)
Machinery and equipment	(22,003,172)	(3,141,352)	574,529		(24,569,995)
Intangible right-to-use equipment	(8,677)	(4,697)			(13,374)
Infrastructure	(80,931)	(6,567)			(87,498)
Sewer plant expansion	(34,558,037)	(2,504,607)			(37,062,644)
Total accumulated depreciation	(160,505,102)	(11,496,861)	574,529		(171,427,434)
Net capital assets being depreciated	247,762,862	1,132,545		20,605,583	269,500,990
Total Business-type activity capital assets, net	\$279,250,005	\$5,154,268			\$284,404,273

B. Capital Asset Contributions

Some capital assets may be acquired using Federal and State grant funds, or they may be contributed by developers or other governments. These contributions are accounted for as revenues at the time the capital assets are contributed.

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

C. Depreciation Allocation

Depreciation expense is charged to functions and programs based on their usage of the related assets. The amounts allocated to each function or program was as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General government	\$191,273
Community development	291,680
Public safety	1,951,885
Public works	2,112,202
Parks and recreation	2,839,714
Streets and highways	10,600,212
Internal Service Funds	398,862
Total Governmental Activities	\$18,385,828
Business-Type Activities	
Water	\$4,316,776
Sewer	4,848,906
Solid waste	1,780,994
Golf	69,778
Transit	480,407
Total Business-Type Activities	\$11,496,861

NOTE 8 - LONG TERM DEBT

The City generally incurs long-term debt to finance projects or purchase assets which will have useful lives equal to or greater than the related debt. The City's debt issues and transactions are summarized below and discussed in detail thereafter.

A. Current Year Transactions and Balances

	Original Issue	Balance		Balance	Current
	Amount	June 30, 2023	Retirements	June 30, 2024	Portion
Business-type Activity Debt:			·	_	
Sewer Revenue Bonds					
Series 2009 Bonds, 4.875-5.75%	\$19,000,000	\$19,000,000		\$19,000,000	\$560,000
Series 2012 Refunding Bonds, 2.00 - 4.00%	22,690,000	9,510,000	\$1,895,000	7,615,000	640,000
Net premium		1,639,830	84,094	1,555,736	
Water Revenue Bonds					
Series 2012 Refunding Bonds, 2.00 - 5.00%	35,840,000	23,160,000	1,630,000	21,530,000	1,710,000
Net premium		3,769,255	193,316	3,575,939	
Total Business - Type Activity Debt	\$77,530,000	\$57,079,085	\$3,802,410	\$53,276,675	\$2,910,000

NOTE 8 - LONG TERM DEBT (Continued)

B. Sewer Revenue Bonds

On May 27, 2009 the Manteca Financing Authority issued the Sewer Revenue Bonds Series 2009 in the amount of \$19,000,000 to finance the City's expansion and upgrade of its Wastewater Quality Control Facility. The 2009 Revenue Bonds are secured on parity with the 2003 Sewer Revenue Bonds Series 2003A and 2003B, by installment payments payable by the City of Manteca under the Installment Sales Agreement dated December 1, 2003 as amended by Amendment 1 dated June 1, 2009. The installment payments are special limited obligations of the City and are secured by a pledge of and lien on the net revenues of the City's sewer system.

On December 11, 2012, the City issued Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012 in the original principal amount of \$22,690,000 at interest rates that range from 2.00-5.00% to provide for a refunding of the Manteca Financing Authority's outstanding 2003A and 2003B Sewer Revenue Bonds. During fiscal year 2014, the 2003A and 2003B bonds were called and fully retired. Principal payments are due annually on December 1, with interest payments payable semi-annually on December 1 and June 1 through December 1, 2033. Repayment of these bonds is from a pledge of revenue from the Sewer Enterprise Fund.

The City has pledged future sewer revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay the 2009 and 2012 Sewer Revenue Bonds through 2036. Projected net customer revenues are expected to provide coverage over debt service of at least 125% over the life of the bonds. The Sewer Enterprise Fund's total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$37,605,941. The Sewer Enterprise Fund's principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$3,286,016 and \$8,570,356, respectively.

The 2009 and 2012 Bonds contain a provision that in an event of default, the Trustee may declare the principal of the bonds, together with all accrued interest at the date of default, immediately due and payable, or exercise any and all rights and remedies available to it under applicable law, including the right to enforce from the City all payments due on the 2009 and 2012 Bonds, and the City will pay all reasonable fees and expenses incurred by the Trustee and those of its attorneys.

On March 8, 2021, Moody's Investors Service downgraded its underlying rating of the 2012 Bonds from "Aa3" to "A1". On July 5, 2023, Moody's withdrew the City's issuer rating and also withdrew its ratings of the 2009 and 2012 Bonds, due to the City's delay in issuing the audited financial statements. In addition, on April 20, 2023, Fitch Ratings withdrew its AA- rating for the 2009 Bonds for the same reason.

C. Water Revenue Bonds

On December 11, 2012, the City issued Water Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012 in the original principal amount of \$35,840,000 at interest rates that range from 2.00-5.00% to provide for a refunding of the Manteca Financing Authority's outstanding 2003A Water Revenue Bonds. During fiscal year 2014, the 2003 Water Revenue Bonds were called and fully retired. Principal payments are due annually on July 1, with interest payments payable semi-annually on July 1 and January 1 through July 1, 2033. Repayment of these bonds is from a pledge of revenue from the Water Enterprise Fund.

The City has pledged future water customer revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay the Water Revenue Bonds through 2033. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require less than 125% of net water revenues. The Water Enterprise Fund's total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$27,344,750. The Water Enterprise Fund's principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$2,747,250 and \$7,157,855, respectively.

NOTE 8 – LONG TERM DEBT (Continued)

The 2012 Bonds contain a provision that in an event of default, the Trustee may declare the principal of the bonds, together with all accrued interest at the date of default, immediately due and payable, or exercise any and all rights and remedies available to it under applicable law, including the right to enforce from the City all payments due on the 2012 Bonds, and the City will pay all reasonable fees and expenses incurred by the Trustee and those of its attorneys.

As noted in Note 8B above, on July 5, 2023, Moody's withdrew the City's issuer rating and also withdrew it's rating of the 2012 Bonds, due to the City's delay in issuing the audited financial statements.

D. Debt Service Requirements

Annual debt service requirements are shown below for all long-term debt:

For the Year	Business-type Activities				
Ending June 30	Principal	Interest			
2025	\$2,910,000	\$2,347,740			
2026	3,110,000	2,205,546			
2027	3,300,000	2,061,071			
2028	3,505,000	1,905,945			
2029	3,725,000	1,734,944			
2030-2034	21,560,000	5,663,366			
2035-2037	10,035,000	887,079			
Total	48,145,000	\$16,805,691			
Plus: Bond Premiums	5,131,675				
Gross Long Term Debt	\$53,276,675				

E. Bond Issuance Costs, Original Issue Discounts and Premiums and Deferred Charge on Refunding

For proprietary fund types, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Any differences between proprietary refunded debt and the debt issued to refund it is amortized over the remaining life of either the refunded debt or the refunding debt, whichever is shorter.

F. Special Assessment District Bonds

Special Assessment Districts (Districts) within the City have issued debt under the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982 to finance infrastructure improvements and facilities within the boundaries of the Districts. The City is the collecting and paying agent for the debt issued by the Districts but has no direct or contingent liability or moral obligation for the payment of the debt. Therefore, debt issued by the Districts is not included in long term debt of the City.

The outstanding balance of the issues at June 30, 2024 is:

Special Assessment Debt with no	Issue	Maturity	Outstanding at
Governmental Commitment	Year	Year	June 30, 2024
Villa Ticino West Community Facilities		<u> </u>	
District No. 2023-1, Series 2024	2024	2055	\$5,825,000

NOTE 9 – NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCES

A. Net Position

Net Position is the excess of all the City's assets and deferred outflows over all its liabilities and deferred inflows, regardless of fund. Net Position is divided into three captions on the Statement of Net Position. These captions apply only to Net Position, which is determined only at the Government-wide level, and are described below:

Net Investment in Capital Assets describes the portion of Net Position which is represented by the current net book value of the City's capital assets, less the outstanding balance of any debt issued to finance these assets.

Restricted describes the portion of Net Position which is restricted to use by the terms and conditions of agreements with outside parties, governmental regulations, laws, or other restrictions which the City cannot unilaterally alter. These principally include developer fees received for use on capital projects, debt service requirements, and redevelopment funds restricted to low-and-moderate-income purposes.

Unrestricted describes the portion of Net Position which is not restricted to use.

B. Fund Balance

Governmental fund balances represent the net current assets of each fund. Net current assets generally represent a fund's cash and receivables, less its liabilities.

The City's fund balances are classified based on spending constraints imposed on the use of resources. For programs with multiple funding sources, the City prioritizes and expends funds in the following order: Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned. Each category in the following hierarchy is ranked according to the degree of spending constraint:

Nonspendable represents balances set aside to indicate items do not represent available, spendable resources even though they are a component of assets. Fund balances required to be maintained intact, such as Permanent Funds, and assets not expected to be converted to cash, such as prepaids, notes receivable, and land held for redevelopment are included. However, if proceeds realized from the sale or collection of nonspendable assets are restricted, committed or assigned, then Nonspendable amounts are required to be presented as a component of the applicable category.

Restricted fund balances have external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, regulations, or enabling legislation which requires the resources to be used only for a specific purpose. Encumbrances and nonspendable amounts subject to restrictions are included along with spendable resources.

Committed fund balances have constraints imposed by formal action of the City Council which may be altered only by formal action of the City Council. The highest level of formal action of the City Council is an Ordinance. Encumbrances and nonspendable amounts subject to council commitments are included along with spendable resources.

NOTE 9 – NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCES (Continued)

Assigned fund balances are amounts constrained by the City's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the City Council or its designee, the Finance Director, and may be changed at the discretion of the City Council or its designee. This category includes encumbrances; nonspendables, when it is the City's intent to use proceeds or collections for a specific purpose, and residual fund balances, if any, of Special Revenue, Capital Projects and Debt Service Funds which have not been restricted or committed.

Unassigned fund balance represents residual amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned. This includes the residual general fund balance and residual fund deficits, if any, of other governmental funds.

Detailed classifications of the City's Fund Balances, as of June 30, 2024, are below:

		Special Revenue				
Fund Balance Classifications	General Fund	Low and Moderate Income Housing Assets	Homeless Navigation Center	Recreation	Development Services	
Nonspendable: Items not in spendable form: Advance to other funds Prepaids and deposits	\$1,081,780 4,124					
Total Nonspendable Fund Balances	1,085,904					
Restricted for: Health Reimbursement Arrangement Low and Moderate Income Housing Projects Transportation Projects Development Services Projects Engineering Services Public Safety Projects Parks Projects Major Equipment Purchases Landscaping and Lighting Projects City and Public Facilities Projects Flood Protection Projects	427,774	\$924,434			\$17,954,594	
Recreation				\$1,177,931		
Total Restricted Fund Balances	427,774	924,434		1,177,931	17,954,594	
Committed to: Innovation and Technology Projects						
Assigned to: Fiscal Stability Pension Economic Development Public Facilities Oversizing Capital Facilities Technology	18,231,755 3,646,351 2,500,000 3,164,815 1,500,000 1,500,000					
Total Assigned Fund Balances	30,542,921					
Unassigned: General Fund Fund balance deficits	15,591,035		(\$83,820)			
Total Unassigned Fund Balances	15,591,035		(83,820)			
Total Fund Balances	\$47,647,634	\$924,434	(\$83,820)	\$1,177,931	\$17,954,594	
					(Continued)	

(Continued)

NOTE 9 – NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCES (Continued)

	Capi	tal Improvement			
Fund Balance Classifications	Public Facilities Implementation Plan	State Gasoline Tax	Gas Tax SB1	Other Governmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable: Items not in spendable form: Advance to other funds Prepaids and deposits					\$1,081,780 4,124
Total Nonspendable Fund Balances					1,085,904
Restricted for: Health Reimbursement Arrangement Low and Moderate Income Housing Projects Transportation Projects Development Services Projects Engineering Services Public Safety Projects Parks Projects Major Equipment Purchases Landscaping and Lighting Projects City and Public Facilities Projects Flood Protection Projects Recreation	\$51,523,602	\$1,234,323	\$7,091,340	\$29,686,465 10,922,029 4,108,171 6,685,261 24,119,558 1,687,946 2,055,371 54,339,444 31,073	427,774 924,434 38,012,128 28,876,623 4,108,171 6,685,261 24,119,558 1,687,946 2,055,371 105,863,046 31,073 1,177,931
Total Restricted Fund Balances	51,523,602	1,234,323	7,091,340	133,635,318	213,969,316
Committed to: Innovation and Technology Projects				303,025	303,025
Assigned to: Fiscal Stability Pension Economic Development Public Facilities Oversizing Capital Facilities Technology				2,952,404	18,231,755 3,646,351 2,500,000 3,164,815 4,452,404 1,500,000
Total Assigned Fund Balances				2,952,404	33,495,325
Unassigned: General Fund Fund balance deficits				(94,103)	15,591,035 (177,923)
Total Unassigned Fund Balances				(94,103)	15,413,112
Total Fund Balances	\$51,523,602	\$1,234,323	\$7,091,340	\$136,796,644	\$264,266,682

NOTE 9 – NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCES (Continued)

C. Minimum Fund Balance Policies and Stabilization and Contingency Arrangements

The objective of the City's Fund Balance Reserve Policy (Resolution 2020-111, adopted by Council action on June 16, 2020) is to establish adequate levels of fund balance reserve that will provide the City the resources necessary for financial stabilization, particularly during times of unforeseen emergencies and economic downturns. Industry best practices were used in establishing fund balance reserve levels including a target range for General Fund Operating Reserves and Emergency Reserves (Unassigned Fund Balance) of a combined total of no less than 17% of expenditures and up to 25%, depending upon identified risk factors. The fund balance reserve level should be set such that the fund balance reserve can withstand at least two negative budgetary events. The goal of the Policy is to maintain reserves at or near the 25% reserve. A planned draw down of the unassigned fund balance should not exceed 3% of the budgeted revenues unless determined necessary by the City Manager and approved by a vote of the Council. Fund balance reserves should be funded at 100% at June 30th each year if sufficient funds are available. If sufficient funds are not available, a plan to replenish the reserves back to the minimum required amount within five years, shall be presented to the City Council, by the following year's budget adoption.

For Enterprise Funds, the target for working capital was established at baseline of 90 days working capital or 25% of operating expenses.

The Reserve Policy created six types of General Fund reserves in order of priority as follows:

Fiscal Stability Reserve: The City will strive to maintain an unrestricted fund balance of at least 25% of operating expenditures in the General Fund based upon the annual adopted budget.

This fund balance reserve is set up to provide for adequately addressing:

- Revenue source stability, local disasters and other financial hardships or downturns in the local or national economy.
- Contingencies for unseen operating or capital needs.
- Dependency of other funds on the General Fund.
- Cash flow requirements.

The target of at least 25% of operating expenses will be determined in conjunction with the City's budget process and will be established based on the annual adopted budget.

This committed fund balance reserve is limited for use under currently budgeted operations and should not be used to fund new programs or new positions added outside of the current fiscal year budget.

NOTE 9 – NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCES (Continued)

Circumstances where taking reserves below policy levels would be appropriate include responding to the risks that reserves are intended to mitigate, such as:

 One-time uses in meeting cash-flow needs; closing a projected short-term revenueexpenditure gap; responding to unexpected expenditure requirements or revenue shortfalls; natural disasters and liability reductions, revenue base improvements, productivity improvements and other strategies that will strengthen City revenues or reduce future costs.

However, reserves should not be used to fund ongoing costs or projected systemic "gaps." Stated simply, reserves should only be used once, so the use should be restricted to one-time (or short-term) uses.

In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, when the unrestricted balance at fiscal year-end meets or is less than this target, the amount will be shown as "assigned" in the City's audited financial statements.

Pension Stabilization Reserve: The purpose of this reserve is to mitigate the operational impact of employer contribution rate volatility, as well as to set aside funding for strategic opportunities to reduce the City's pension liability. The City will strive to maintain an assigned fund balance of at least 5% of operating expenditures in the General Fund. This assigned fund balance shall serve as a source of funding for situations included but not limited to:

- Mitigating the impact of a significant year-over-year increase in employer contribution
 rates due to actions outside of the City's control, such as low investment returns in the
 CalPERS portfolio and or changes to actuarial assumptions.
- Take advantage of opportunities to make non-recurring payments to CalPERS that will
 reduce the City's Pension liabilities, such as paying down or paying off unfunded
 liabilities earlier than scheduled.

In addition to the Pension Stabilization Reserve, any un-used pension benefits, as a result of vacant positions, budgeted for each fiscal year, will be used to make a one-time payment to pay down the City's unfunded liability.

Economic Development Reserve: Due to the dissolution of redevelopment agencies, enterprise zones and other incentives in the state, locally designated funds for economic development purposes are needed to promote the development job creation, downtown revitalization, city-wide marketing and other strategies to stimulate the local economy.

The funds for this reserve assignment will come from a pro-rata portion of residual property tax generated from the former redevelopment project areas in excess of State-approved Enforceable Obligations.

At June 30th each year any Economic Development Reserve balance in excess of \$2,500,000 will be transferred to the General Fund Unassigned Reserve.

NOTE 9 – NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCES (Continued)

Public Facilities Oversizing Reserve: In June 1994, the City Council adopted Ordinance No. 998, imposing a Business License Tax on the Business of Constructing Residential Dwelling Units in the City. While the revenues generated from this tax are general in nature, the tax was adopted in conjunction with the City's Public Facilities Implementation Plan (PFIP) to fund required public facilities oversizing in the central and "core" areas of the City.

In February 2013, Council approved the updated PFIP. Per Section 2 (H)(3) of the adopted plan, 50% of the revenue received from this tax is to be transferred to the PFIP Sewer Fund to help lower the PFIP Sewer Fee. The remaining 50% of the revenue received will be assigned to Public Facilities Oversizing Reserve. The use of these funds shall be restricted to projects identified in the City's adopted Capital Improvement Plan.

Capital Facilities Reserve: The City will pre-fund anticipated capital needs for General Fund Departments by establishing a dedicated assigned fund balance for major capital improvements for City-owned or operated buildings such as roofs, HVAC, parks, irrigation wells and improvements needed to comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA). This policy is primarily intended for facility capital repairs. Planning for new City facilities shall be governed by the policies set forth in the City's Government Building Facilities Fee study.

The City will establish an amount of 3% of General Fund operating expenditures based on the subsequent year's budget to be used exclusively for capital items described within the Reserve Policy, with a maximum reserve of \$1,500,000.

Technology Reserve: The City will pre-fund major anticipated capital needs for Technology replacement and upgrade needs by establishing a dedicated assigned fund balance reserve to be funded through annual budget appropriations. Major capital needs may include, but are not limited to, Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) software replacement, Virtual Storage Upgrades/Replacement and Fiber Optic deployment.

The City will establish an amount of 3% of General Fund operating expenditures based upon the subsequent year's budget to be used exclusively for major hardware and software items described within the Reserve Policy, with a maximum reserve of \$1,500,000.

The reserve target and the actual balance of each reserve for the year ended June 30, 2024, which are reported within the assigned fund balance of the General Fund follows:

	Minimum or Maximum	Reserve as of
	Reserve	June 30, 2024
General Fund:		
Assigned Fund Balance:		
Fiscal Stability	\$18,231,755	\$18,231,755
Pension Stabilization	3,646,351	3,646,351
Economic Development	2,500,000	2,500,000
Public Facilities Oversizing	3,164,815	3,164,815
Capital Facilities	1,500,000	1,500,000
Technology	1,500,000	1,500,000
Total Assigned Fund Balance		\$30,542,921

NOTE 9 – NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCES (Continued)

In addition to the General Fund Reserves, the Reserve Policy also established the following:

Public Safety Sales Tax Fund - The City will strive to maintain a fund balance of at least 25% of operating expenditures in the Public Safety Sales Tax Fund (revised from 50% to 25% in March 2023 with Resolution 2023-27) consistent with the risk assessment methodology for setting reserve levels developed by the Government Finance Officers Association inadequately addressing:

- a) Higher levels of fund balance may be needed if significant revenue sources are subject to instability and downturns in the local or national economy.
- b) Dependency of the Public Safety Sales Tax Fund on the General Fund.

This committed fund balance reserve is limited for use under currently budgeted operations and should not be used to fund new programs or new positions added outside of the current fiscal year budget.

Circumstances where taking reserves below policy levels would be appropriate include responding to the risks that reserves are intended to mitigate, such as one-time uses in meeting cash-flow needs; closing a projected short-term revenue-expenditure gap; responding to unexpected revenue shortfalls.

Self Insurance Fund - The City will strive to maintain a fund balance of at least 50% of operating expenditures in the Self Insurance Fund consistent with the risk assessment methodology for setting reserve levels developed by the Government Finance Officers Association in adequately addressing:

- a) Higher levels of fund balance may be needed if significant operating expenditures are highly volatile or have unpredictable fluctuations.
- b) Dependency of the Self Insurance Fund on the General Fund.

This committed fund balance reserve is limited for use under currently budgeted operations and should not be used to fund new programs or new positions added outside of the current fiscal year budget.

Circumstances where taking reserves below policy levels would be appropriate include mitigating the impact of a significant year-over-year increase in insurance premiums, unanticipated legal expenses due to negotiated settlements, and short-term revenue-expenditure gaps.

The City also established a separate reserve policy for the Development Services Special Revenue Fund:

Development Services Fund - The target maximum reserve level for the Fund's Restricted Reserve balance is based on six months of currently budgeted expenditures for both the planning and engineering programs and twelve months of budgeted expenditures for the building safety program. The goal is to maintain reserves at or near the maximum end of the range. After the reserve amount has been reached, if the fund balances reserve falls below 50% of the reserve amount, then the plan to replenish the fund to the reserve amount shall be structured over a period not to exceed a three- to five-year period.

NOTE 9 – NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCES (Continued)

D. Deficit Fund Balances and Accumulated Deficits

At June 30 2024, the Homeless Navigation Center Special Revenue Fund and the Community Development Block Grant Special Revenue Fund, had deficit fund balances of \$83,820, \$94,103, respectively, and Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency Private-Purpose Trust Fund and the Equipment Internal Service Fund had deficit net position of \$77,896,407 and \$299,603, respectively.

E. Adjustments and Restatements

Adjustments to and Restatements of Beginning Balances during fiscal year 2024, changes to or within the financial reporting entity, and an error correction, resulted in adjustments to and restatements of beginning net position and fund net position, as follows:

	June 30, 2023 As Previously Reported	Change to or within the Financial Reporting Entity (Major Funds)	Change to or within the Financial Reporting Entity (Fund Change)	Change in Accounting Principle (OPEB Allocation)	Change in Accounting Principle (Loans Receivable)	Error Correction (Depreciation)	June 30, 2023 As Restated
Government-Wide							
Governmental Activities	\$603,597,824			(\$4,473,123)	\$4,923,451	\$331,655	\$604,379,807
Business-Type Activities	296,288,326			4,473,123		(331,655)	300,429,794
Total Primary Government	\$899,886,150				\$4,923,451		\$904,809,601
Governmental Funds							
Major Funds:							
General Fund	\$40,508,130		\$6,951,182				\$47,459,312
Low and Moderate Income Housing Assets	720,122						720,122
Homeless Navigation Center	(83,820)						(83,820)
Special Apportionment Streets	(6,599,737)	\$6,599,737					
Recreation		338,826					338,826
Development Services		13,671,528					13,671,528
Public Facilities Implementation Plan	46,643,087						46,643,087
State Gasoline Tax		1,945,951					1,945,951
Gas Tax SB1		5,724,348					5,724,348
Nonmajor Funds	136,697,047	(28,280,390)					108,416,657
Total Governmental Funds	\$217,884,829		\$6,951,182				\$224,836,011
Proprietary Funds							
Major Funds:							
Water Enterprise Fund	\$103,292,172			\$1,056,551			\$104,348,723
Sewer Enterprise Fund	185,827,025			2,049,753			187,876,778
Solid Waste Enterprise Fund	473,524			217,447			690,971
Golf Enterprise Fund	745,235			(326,557)			418,678
Transit Enterprise Fund	5,950,370			1,475,929		(\$331,655)	7,094,644
Nonmajor Funds	3,342,796		\$554,604	489,835			4,387,235
Total Proprietary Funds	\$299,631,122		\$554,604	\$4,962,958		(\$331,655)	\$304,817,029

NOTE 9 – NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCES (Continued)

In addition to the changes within the financial reporting entity to move certain funds from non-major funds to major funds and from major funds to nonmajor funds noted above, the City made the following adjustments and restatements:

Change Within the Financial Reporting Entity – Fund Change – The City closed the Payroll Tax Benefit Internal Service Fund to the General Fund as of July 1, 2023. Although the fund's net position was a deficit of \$554,604 as of June 30, 2023, with that change, compensated absences of \$7,505,786 were transferred to governmental activities, and the remaining assets and liabilities netting to \$6,951,182 were transferred to the General Fund. The change in accounting policy was recorded as a restatement of fund balance in the General Fund as of July 1, 2023.

Change in Accounting Principle – OPEB Allocation – During fiscal year 2024, the City changed its accounting policy related to the allocation of Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) related balances. Effective July 1, 2023, the OPEB-related balances in the Governmental Activities, Enterprise Funds and the Equipment and Insurance Internal Service Funds were adjusted. The change in accounting policy was recorded as a restatement as of July 1, 2023 in the statement of net position.

Change in Accounting Principle – Loans Receivable – During fiscal year 2024, the City also changed its accounting policy related to the accounting for long-term loans receivable in governmental funds. Effective July 1, 2023, accrued interest receivable on all long-term loans receivable has been recorded and is offset with unavailable revenue. As a result of the change in accounting policy, the City established unavailable revenue of \$4,923,451 in the Low and Moderate Income Housing Assets Special Revenue Fund. The change in accounting policy was recorded as a restatement as of July 1, 2023 in the statement of net position.

Error Correction – During fiscal year 2024, the City discovered that the prior year transfer of capital assets in the amount of \$331,655 from Governmental Activities to the Transit Enterprise Fund should have included depreciation expense and accumulated depreciation in that same amount. The correction has been recorded as a restatement of net position as of July 1, 2023 in the statements of net position.

NOTE 10 – PENSION PLANS

A. Plan Descriptions and Summary of Balances by Plan

The City has three defined benefit pension plans, a Miscellaneous Plan, a Safety (Police and Fire) Plan, and a Retirement Enhancement Plan. The Miscellaneous Plan is an Agent-Multiple Employer Plan and the Safety Plan is a Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Plan, both of which are administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The Retirement Enhancement Plan is an Agent-Multiple Employer Plan administered by the Public Agency Retirement System (PARS). Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and City Ordinance. The PARS Plan is closed to new participants.

All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the separate Safety (police and fire) Plan, a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS and Miscellaneous (all other) Plan, an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS, which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for its participating member employers. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website. PARS issues publicly available reports that may be requested from PARS via email at info@pars.org.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Miscellaneous and Safety Plans and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the CalPERS Financial Office or PARS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, total pension expense for the Miscellaneous, Safety and PARS Retirement Enhancement plans amounted to \$23,926,026.

Below is a summary of the deferred outflows of resources, net pension liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by Plan:

	Net Pension						
		Liability/					
	Deferred	Proportionate	Deferred				
	Outflows	Share of Net	Inflows				
Plan	of Resources	Pension Liability	of Resources				
CalPERS Plans:							
Miscellaneous	\$21,593,520	\$71,470,740					
Safety - Police and Fire	31,483,285	77,124,746	\$2,098,627				
PARS Retirement Enhancement Plan	454,474	813,259					
Total	\$53,531,279	\$149,408,745	\$2,098,627				

Pension liabilities are liquidated by the funds that have recorded the liability. The long-term portion of the governmental activities pension liabilities are liquidated primarily by the General Fund.

Each Plan is discussed in detail below.

NOTE 10 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

B. CalPERS Miscellaneous Plan

Benefits Provided – CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law. The Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA), Assembly Bill 340, is applicable to employees new to CalPERS and hired after December 31, 2012.

The Plan's provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2024, are summarized as follows:

		Miscellaneous	
	Tier I	Tier II	PEPRA
Hire date	Prior to April 3, 2012	After April 3, 2012	On or after January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	2.7% @ 55	2.0% @ 60	2.0% @ 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life	Monthly for life
Retirement age	50 - 55	50 - 63	52 - 67
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	2.0% - 2.7%	1.092% - 2.418%	1.0% - 2.5%
Required employee contribution rates	8.00%	7.00%	7.75%
Required employer contribution rates	12.360%	12.360%	12.360%
Required UAL Contribution		\$5,848,910	

Beginning in fiscal year 2016, CalPERS collects employer contributions for the Plan as a percentage of payroll for the normal cost portion as noted in the rates above and as a dollar amount for contributions toward the unfunded liability (UAL). The dollar amounts are billed on a monthly basis or the City can elect a lump sum payment option. The City's required contribution for the unfunded liability was \$5,848,910 in fiscal year 2024, which was made under the lump sum payment option.

Employees Covered – The following employees were covered by the benefit terms for each Plan as of the most recent actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2022 and as of the measurement date of June 30, 2023:

	Miscellaneous	
	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2023
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	314	328
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	292	328
Active employees	306	308
Total	912	964

As of June 30, 2024, the City had 329 active employees in the Miscellaneous Plan.

NOTE 10 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Contributions – Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for both Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. Employer contribution rates may change if plan contracts are amended. Payments made by the employer to satisfy contribution requirements that are identified by the pension plan terms as plan member contribution requirements are classified as plan member contributions.

Net Pension Liability - The City's net pension liability for the Miscellaneous Plan is measured as the total pension liability, less the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2023, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, rolled forward to June 30, 2023 using standard update procedures. A summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the net pension liability is shown below.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability - The changes in the Net Pension Liability for the Miscellaneous Plan follows:

	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension
	Liability	Net Position	Liability/(Asset)
Balance at June 30, 2022 (Measurement Date)	\$214,925,723	\$145,994,035	\$68,931,688
Changes in the year:			
Service cost	4,559,169		4,559,169
Interest on the total pension liability	14,813,753		14,813,753
Differences between actual and expected experience	2,496,481		2,496,481
Changes in assumptions			
Changes in benefit terms	231,820		231,820
Net Plan to Plan Resource Movement			
Contribution - employer		8,681,655	(8,681,655)
Contribution - employees		1,861,766	(1,861,766)
Net investment income		9,126,107	(9,126,107)
Administrative expenses		(107,357)	107,357
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee			
contributions	(10,483,075)	(10,483,075)	
Other Miscellaneous Income/ (Expense)			
Net changes	11,618,148	9,079,096	2,539,052
Balance at June 30, 2023 (Measurement Date)	\$226,543,871	\$155,073,131	\$71,470,740

NOTE 10 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the net pension liability of the City for the Plan, calculated using the discount rate for the Plan, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Miscellaneous
1% Decrease	5.90%
Net Pension Liability	\$102,650,466
Current Discount Rate	6.90%
Net Pension Liability	\$71,470,740
1% Increase	7.90%
Net Pension Liability	\$45,894,171

Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City recognized pension expense of \$12,427,803. At June 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions for the Plan from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
	of Resources	of Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$9,070,568	
Differences between actual and expected experience	2,188,185	
Changes in assumptions	3,401,110	
Net differences between projected and actual earnings		
on plan investments	6,933,657	
Total	\$21,593,520	\$0

The Miscellaneous Plan reported \$9,070,568 as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date, which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	Annual
June 30	Amortization
2025	\$4,027,471
2026	2,940,317
2027	5,367,286
2028	187,878

Actuarial assumptions and information regarding the discount rate are discussed in Note 10D below.

NOTE 10 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Required UAL Contribution

C. CalPERS Safety Plan

The City's Safety Plan is part of the public agency cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan (PERF C), which is administered by CalPERS. PERF C consists of a miscellaneous pool and a safety pool (also referred to as "risk pools"), which are comprised of individual employer miscellaneous and safety rate plans, respectively. Individual employers may sponsor more than one miscellaneous and safety rate plan. The employer participates in one cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan regardless of the number of rate plans the employer sponsors. The City sponsors five rate plans (two fire and three police) within the safety risk pool.

Benefits Provided – CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law. The Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA), Assembly Bill 340, is applicable to employees new to CalPERS and hired after December 31, 2012.

The Safety Plan's provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2024, are summarized as follows:

		Safety	
		Police	
	First Tier	Second Tier	PEPRA
	Prior to	After	On or after
Hire date	April 3, 2012	April 3, 2012	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	3% @ 50	3% @ 55	2.7% @ 57
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life	Monthly for life
Retirement age	50	50 - 55	50 - 57
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	3%	2.4% - 3.0%	2.0% - 2.7%
Required employee contribution rates	9%	9%	13.75%
Required employer contribution rates	29.090%	24.790%	14.500%
Required UAL Contribution	\$3,163,795	\$0	\$0
	Fire		
	First Tier	PEPRA	
	Prior to /After	On or after	
Hire date	April 3, 2012	January 1, 2013	
Benefit formula	3% @ 55	2.7% @ 57	
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service	
Public	Monthly for life	Monthly for life	
Retirement age	50 - 55	50 - 57	
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	2.4% - 3.0%	2.0% - 2.7%	
Required employee contribution rates	9%	14.50%	
Required employer contribution rates	26.110%	14.500%	

\$2,145,054

NOTE 10 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Beginning in fiscal year 2016, CalPERS collects employer contributions for the cost-sharing plan as a percentage of payroll for the normal cost portion as noted in the rates above and as a dollar amount for contributions toward the unfunded liability (UAL) as noted in the table above. The dollar amounts are billed on a monthly basis or can be paid in a lump sum at a reduced amount. The City elected to make the lump sum contributions and the required contribution for the unfunded liability was \$5,308,849 in fiscal year 2024, as shown in the table above.

Contributions – Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plan are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. Employer contribution rates may change if plan contracts are amended. Payments made by the employer to satisfy contribution requirements that are identified by the pension plan terms as plan member contribution requirements are classified as plan member contributions.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the contributions to the Safety Plan were as follows:

Contributions - employer \$8,917,736

Pension Liability, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plans and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the CalPERS Financial Office. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

As of June 30, 2024, the City reported a net pension liability for its proportionate shares of the net pension liability of the Plan in the amount of \$77,124,746.

The City's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability for the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability for the Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, rolled forward to June 30, 2023 using standard update procedures. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan as of June 30, 2022 and 2023 was as follows:

	I otai
Proportion - June 30, 2022	1.05081%
Proportion - June 30, 2023	1.03178%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	-0.01903%

NOTE 10 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City recognized pension expense of \$11,443,795 for the Safety Plan. At June 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions for the Safety Plan from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
	of Resources	of Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$8,917,736	
Differences between actual and expected experience	5,662,378	(\$484,759)
Changes in assumptions	4,501,103	
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on		
plan investments	10,554,501	
Change in proportion and differences between actual		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	1,847,567	(1,613,868)
Total	\$31,483,285	(\$2,098,627)

The Safety Plan reported \$8,917,736 as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date, which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	Annual
June 30	Amortization
2025	\$6,505,191
2026	4,705,214
2027	8,961,921
2028	294,596

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate — The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan as of the measurement date, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Total
1% decrease	5.90%
Net Pension Liability	\$108,390,423
Current Discount Rate	6.90%
Net Pension Liability	\$77,124,746
1% Increase	7.90%
Net Pension Liability	\$51,562,830

Actuarial assumptions and information regarding the discount rate are discussed in Note 10D below.

NOTE 10 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

D. Information Common to the Miscellaneous and Safety Plans

Actuarial Assumptions – For the measurement period ended June 30, 2023, the total pension liabilities were determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2022 total pension liabilities. The June 30, 2022 total pension liabilities were based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

	Miscellaneous and Safety (Fire and Police)
Valuation Date	June 30, 2022
Measurement Date	June 30, 2023
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost Method
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	6.90%
Inflation	2.30%
Payroll Growth	2.80%
Projected Salary Increase	Varies by Entry Age and Service (1)
Investment Rate of Return	6.90% (2)
Mortality Rate Table	Derived using CalPERS Membership
	Data for all Funds (3)
Post Retirement Benefit Increase	The lesser of contract COLA or 2.30% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance floor on purchasing power applies, 2.30% thereafter

- (1) Depending on age, service, and type of employment
- (2) Net of pension plan investment and administrative expenses, including inflation
- (3) The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data.

 The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2021 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 2001 to 2019. Pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates include generational mortality improvement using 80% of Scale MP-2020 published by the Society of Actuaries. For more details on this table, please refer to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions report from November 2021 that can be found on the CALPERS Website.

The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of a November 2021 actuarial experience study for the period 2001 to 2019. Further details of the Experience Study can be found on the CalPERS website.

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for each Plan was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate for the Plan assumed that contributions from all plan members in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF) will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, each Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for each Plan.

NOTE 10 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the next 20 years using a building-block approach. The expected rate of return was then adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses of 10 basis points.

The expected real rates of return by asset class are as follows:

Asset Class (a)	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real Return Years 11+ (a,b)
Global Equity - Cap-weighted	30.0%	4.54%
Global Equity - Non-Cap-weighted	12.0%	3.84%
Private Equity	13.0%	7.28%
Treasury	5.0%	0.27%
Mortgage-backed Securities	5.0%	0.50%
Investment Grade Corporates	10.0%	1.56%
High Yield	5.0%	2.27%
Emerging Market Debt	5.0%	2.48%
Private Debt	5.0%	3.57%
Real Assets	15.0%	3.21%
Leverage	-5.0%	-0.59%
Total	100.0%	

- (a) An expected inflation of 2.30% used for this period.
- (b) Figures are based on the 2021 Asset Liability Management study.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

NOTE 10 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

E. PARS Supplemental Retirement Plan

Benefits Provided - Effective October 1, 2001, the City contracted with the Public Agency Retirement System (PARS), to sponsor a supplemental Retirement Enhancement Plan created in accordance with IRC Section 401(a), which is a qualified agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan covering all eligible employees of the City. All eligible employees covered by this plan are fully vested. The Plan is closed to new participants. Eligibility requirements are shown in the table below:

Eligibility	Tier I	Tier II	Tier III	Tier IV
City Manager prior to December 31, 2004	X			
Department Head prior to December 31, 2004		X		
City Manager on or after December 31, 2004			X	
Department Head on or after December 31, 2004				X
At least 55 years of age	X	X	X	X
5 years of continuous service	X		X	
10 years of continuous service		X		X
Terminated with City and concurrently retired under CalPERS under a regular service retirement on or after				
October 1, 2002	X	X	X	X

The retirement benefit for each Tier is as follows:

Retirement Benefit	Tier I	Tier II	Tier III	Tier IV
Full-time City service: 3%@55 less CalPERS 2.7%@55	X	X		
Full-time non-City service: 3%@55 less CalPERS 2%@55	X	X		
3%@55 less CalPERS 2.7%@55			X	X
Full-time City service			X	X

Also, effective October 1, 2001, the City contracted with PARS to sponsor an Excess Benefit Plan, created in accordance with the IRC Section 415(m), which is a qualified governmental excess benefit arrangement covering all employees participating in the Retirement Enhancement Plan. Benefits are paid in the same form, time, and periods as under the Retirement Enhancement Plan. All eligible employees covered by this plan are fully vested. The Plan is also closed to new participants.

NOTE 10 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

The Plan provides a monthly benefit equal to one-twelfth of the difference between the number of credited service years multiplied by the PARS Benefit Factor and the number of credited service years multiplied by the PERS Benefit Factor. The PARS Benefit Factor is dependent upon the retirement age as shown in the chart below. The PERS Benefit Factor also depends upon the retirement age as discussed in Notes 10B and 10C above. The monthly benefits are also subject to a 2% annual cost of living increase.

PARS Benefit Factor		
Age at	Age	
Retirement	Factor	
52	2.640%	
53	2.760%	
54	2.880%	
55+	3.000%	

These Plan assets are held by a Trust for the exclusive benefits of plan participants as their beneficiaries. Assets held under this plan are not the City's property and are not subject to claims by general creditors of the City.

Employees Covered – As of the June 30, 2023 measurement- date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms for the Plan:

	PARS
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	8
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	0
Active employees	0
Total	8

All Plan participants were retired as of June 30, 2024.

Contributions - The City makes all contributions necessary to fund the benefits available under the Plan. Employees are not permitted to make any contributions.

The City contributed \$338,000 to the Plan during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

Net Pension Liability - The City's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the total pension liability, less the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2023. A summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the net pension liability is shown below.

NOTE 10 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – For the measurement period ended June 30, 2023, the total pension liability was determined using an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, rolled forward to June 30, 2023 using standard update procedures. The June 30, 2022 total pension liability was based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

	PARS Plans
Valuation Date	June 30, 2022
Measurement Date	June 30, 2023
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal, Level % of pay
Amortization method	Level dollar amount
Amortization period	5-year fixed period for 2023/24
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	3.20% at June 30, 2022 and 3.20% at June 30, 2023
Inflation	2.50%
Investment Rate of Return	3.20% at June 30, 2022 and 3.20% at June 30, 2023
Mortality, Retirement, Disability, Termination	CalPERS 2000-2019 Experience Study
Mortality Improvement Scale	Post - retirement mortality projected fully generational with Scale MP-2021

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for the Plan was 3.20%. The Plan's long-term expected rate of return was determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation based upon the investment of all assets in PARS' diversified Moderately Conservative portfolio.

The table below reflects the expected real rates of return by asset class.

	Target Allocation Oualified and Non-	Expected Real Rate
Asset Class Component	Qualified Assets (a)	of Return
Global Equity	10.0%	4.56%
Fixed Income	22.0%	0.78%
Cash	68.0%	-0.05%
Assumed Long-Term Rate of Inflation		2.50%
Expected Long-Term Net Rate of Return, Rounded		3.20%

(a) Qualified assets invested in PARS-Moderately Conservative Trust. Non-Qualified assets in cash. Rate of return developed based on qualified and non-qualified assets.

NOTE 10 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability - The changes in the Net Pension Liability for the Plan as of the June 30, 2023 Measurement Date follows:

	Increase (Decrease)				
	Total Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Pensi				
	Liability	Net Position	Liability/(Asset)		
Balance at June 30, 2022 (Measurement Date)	\$2,988,676	\$1,880,221	\$1,108,455		
Changes in the year:					
Service cost					
Interest on the total pension liability	92,912		92,912		
Differences between actual and expected experience					
Changes in assumptions					
Changes in benefit terms					
Contribution - employer		330,000	(330,000)		
Contribution - employee					
Net investment income		66,640	(66,640)		
Administrative expenses		(8,532)	8,532		
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee					
contributions	(170,363)	(170,363)			
Net changes	(77,451)	217,745	(295,196)		
Balance at June 30, 2023 (Measurement Date)	\$2,911,225	\$2,097,966	\$813,259		

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the net pension liability of the City for the Plan, calculated using the discount rate for the Plan, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	PARS
1% Decrease	2.20%
170 Decrease	2.2070
Net Pension Liability	\$1,162,002
Current Discount Rate	3.20%
Net Pension Liability	\$813,259
•	
1% Increase	4.20%
Net Pension Liability	\$521,848

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PARS financial report.

NOTE 10 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City recognized pension expense of \$54,428 for the Plan. At June 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions for the Plan from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
	of Resources	of Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$338,000	
Differences between actual and expected experience	116,474	
Changes in assumptions		
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on		
plan investments		
Total	\$454,474	\$0

The Plan reported \$338,000 as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date, that will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

PARS		
Year Ended	Annual	
June 30	Amortization	
2025	\$26,560	
2026	31,709	
2027	58,732	
2028	(527)	

NOTE 11 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS

A. General Information about the City's Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) Plan

Plan Description – The City's Other Post Employment Benefit Plan is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75.

The City provides postretirement health care benefits to employees who retire in good standing from the City after attaining the age of 50 and to certain employees who retire due to disability. As of June 30, 2024, there were 228 participants receiving these health care benefits.

Benefits Provided – In order to qualify for postemployment medical and dental benefits an employee must retire from the City and maintain enrollment in one of the City's eligible health plans. In addition, there are eligibility rules and contribution requirements defined in the Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with each employee group. For all retirements effective as of January 1, 2012 through June 30, 2012, the City-paid contribution for retiree health will be equal to the Minimum Employer Contribution (MEC) as set by CALPERS. For retirements effective on or prior to December 31, 2011, the benefit is set at the amount the employee or retiree was receiving as of December 31, 2011 for health benefits. The eligibility, rules, and Plan Benefits for each MOU and associated benefits are summarized below as of June 30, 2024:

	M · D f		Manteca Police	T. 1 . 10		
	Manteca Police Officers Association	Fire	Employees Association	Technical Support Services	General Services	Management
Benefit Types Provided	Medical only	M edical only				
Duration of Benefits	Lifetime	Lifetime	Lifetime	Lifetime	Lifetime	Lifetime
Required Service: Basic Supplemental			Retirement und	der CALPERS		
M inimum Age	50	50	50	50	50	50
Dependent Coverage	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
City Contribution 100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
City Contribution Cap per Month (Basic) retirement on or prior to 12/31/2011	\$630 for single \$1,170 for two party \$1,440 for family	\$631 for single \$1,165 for two party \$1,490 for family	\$640 for single \$1,165 for two party \$1,515 for family	\$725 for single \$1,390 for two party \$1,800 for family	\$725 for single \$1,165 for two party \$1,875 for family	\$683 for single \$1,361 for two party \$1,810 for family
City Contribution Cap per Month (Basic) retirement after 12/31/2011, but hired on or before 12/31/2011	\$675	\$675	\$675	\$675	\$675	\$675
City Contribution Cap per Month (Basic) hired after 12/31/2011	\$157	\$157	\$157	\$157	\$157	\$157

The City elected to establish a Health Reimbursement Arrangement for Retirees to provide a funding mechanism for the pay-as-you go OPEB benefit during fiscal year 2012. This Health Reimbursement Arrangement is not a trust and is not considered a component unit of the City and has been excluded from these financial statements.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City's contributions to the Plan were \$2,002,773.

NOTE 11 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS (Continued)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – Membership in the plan consisted of the following at the measurement date of June 30, 2023:

Active employees	452
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently	
receiving benefit payments	227
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet	
receiving benefit payments	56
Total	735

B. Total OPEB Liability

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions – The City's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation dated June 30, 2022, rolled forward to June 30, 2023 using standard update procedures, based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

	Actuarial Assumptions
Valuation Date	June 30, 2022
Measurement Date	June 30, 2023
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	3.65% at June 30, 2023 and 3.54% at June 30, 2022 (1)
Inflation	2.50%
Payroll Growth	2.75% (2)
PEMHCA Minimum Increases	3.50%
Contribution Policy	No pre-funding
Cap Increases	None beyond amounts specified
Mortality Rate	CalPERS 2000 -2019 Experience Study (3)
Healthcare Trend Rates	Non-Medicare - 8.5% for 2025, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 3.45% in 2076; Medicare (Non-
	Kaiser) - 7.5% for 2025, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 3.45% in 2076- Medicare (Kaiser) -
	6.25% for 2025, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 3.45% in 2076
Participation at Retirement	Eligible for portion of projected premium covered by cap in retirement year: 90% in 2016, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 50% in 2048 and later years; Eligible for PEMHCA minimum only: 50%

- (1) Bond Buyer 20-Bond Index
- (2) Merit Tables from CalPERS 2000-2019 Experience Study
- (3) Post-retirement mortality projected fully generational with Scale MP-2021

The underlying mortality assumptions were based on the CalPERS 2000-2019 Experience Study and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period 2000-2019.

NOTE 11 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS (Continued)

Change in Assumptions – The discount rate increased from 3.54% at June 30, 2022, to 3.65% at June 30, 2023, based on the municipal bond rate as of the measurement date.

C. Changes in Total OPEB Liability

The changes in the total OPEB liability follows:

	Total OPEB Liability
Balance at June 30, 2022 Measurement Date	\$37,857,264
Changes Recognized for the Measurement Period:	
Service cost	1,126,902
Interest on the total OPEB liability	1,345,035
Changes of assumptions	(474,103)
Actual vs. expected experience	0
Benefit payments *	(1,977,631)
Net changes	20,203
Balance at June 30, 2023 Measurement Date	\$37,877,467

^{*} Includes \$1,468,631 cash benefit payments and \$509,000 implied subsidy benefit payments by the City.

D. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

To	otal OPEB Liability/(Asset))
	Current	
Discount Rate -1%	Discount Rate	Discount Rate +1%
(2.65%)	(3.65%)	(4.65%)
\$42,574,467	\$37,877,467	\$33,977,418

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

Total OPEB Liability/(Asset)				
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates				
1% Decrease	1% Increase			
\$36,413,461	\$37,877,467	\$39,887,672		

NOTE 11 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS (Continued)

E. OPEB Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$2,440,035. At June 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	\$2,002,773	
Differences between actual and expected experience	1,025,398	(\$56,633)
Changes of assumptions	3,535,282	(6,621,975)
Total	\$6,563,453	(\$6,678,608)

\$2,002,773 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as part of OPEB expense as follows:

Year	Annual
Ended June 30	Amortization
2025	(\$39,205)
2026	23,452
2027	110,311
2028	(290,906)
2029	(911,316)
Thereafter	(1,010,264)

NOTE 12 – DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

City employees may defer a portion of their compensation under a City sponsored Deferred Compensation Plans created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Sections 401 and 457. Under the Plan, participants are not taxed on the deferred portion of their compensation until distributed to them; distributions may be made only at termination, retirement, and death or in an emergency as defined by the Plans.

The Plans are part of the public agency agent multiple-employer defined contribution plans that are administered by Mission Square Retirement (formerly ICMA RC) and, Newport Retirement Services (Newport). Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by City resolution. The City has no liability for any losses incurred by the Plans and does not participate in any gains, but does have the duty of due care that would be required of an ordinary prudent investor. The City has a contract with Mission Square and Newport to manage and invest the assets of the Plans. The administrator pools the assets of the Plan with those of other participants and does not make separate investments for the City. The assets in the Plans are the sole property of the participants or their beneficiaries. Since the assets held under the Plans are not the City's property and are not subject to claims by general creditors of the City, they have been excluded from these financial statements. The Plans require investments to be stated at fair market value and it requires all gains and losses on Plan investments to accrue directly to participant accounts. A summary of eligibility and employer contribution requirements for the City's Plans are shown below by bargaining unit:

NOTE 12 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN (Continued)

Fire

The City will contribute \$20.00 per month to the deferred compensation plan.

If employee chooses to decline health insurance coverage, the City will contribute \$350 to their deferred compensation account or cash in lieu of deferred compensation each month through June 30, 2023. Effective July 1, 2023, the potential monthly contribution increases to \$600.

Manteca Mid-Manager Association

Employees receive a non-PERSable stipend equal to 2% of their base salary. The 2% stipend can be cashed out or placed into a deferred compensation account. This option can occur anytime during the fiscal year. The stipend will be forfeited at separation. Any unused stipend will be automatically cashed out on June 30. An employee hired after July 1, will receive a prorated stipend in the fiscal year in which they were hired.

If employee chooses to decline health insurance coverage, the City will contribute \$450 to their deferred compensation account or cash in lieu of deferred compensation each month through June 30, 2023. Effective July 1, 2023, the potential monthly contribution increases to \$600.

Manteca Police Employees' Association

The City will contribute 4% of base salary per month to the deferred compensation plan.

If an employee chooses to decline health insurance coverage, the City will contribute to the employee's deferred compensation account or cash in lieu of deferred compensation of \$425 each month through June 30, 2023. Effective July 1, 2023, the potential monthly contribution increases to \$600.

Manteca Police Officers' Association

The City will contribute 1% of base salary per month to the deferred compensation plan.

If a member chooses to decline health insurance coverage, the City will issue a non-PERS stipend of \$530 in lieu of medical coverage, provided proof of coverage is obtained through June 30, 2023. Effective July 1, 2023, the potential monthly stipend increases to \$600. If a member chooses the stipend in lieu of coverage, the stipend can be used toward deferred compensation or taken as a cash payment.

Manteca Public Safety Management Association

Employees will receive a non-PERSable stipend equal to 6% of their base salary. The 6% stipend can be cashed out or placed into a deferred compensation account. This option can occur anytime during the fiscal year. The stipend will be forfeited at separation or on June 30th each year if not cashed out or placed into a deferred compensation account. An employee hired after July 1, will receive a prorated stipend in the fiscal year in which they were hired.

If an employee chooses to decline health insurance coverage, the City will contribute to the employee's deferred compensation account or cash in lieu of deferred compensation of \$450 each month through June 30, 2023. Effective July 1, 2023, the potential monthly contribution increases to \$600.

Operating Engineers Local Union Unit 3

The City will contribute 5% of base salary per month to the deferred compensation plan.

If employee chooses to decline health insurance coverage, the City will contribute \$475 to their deferred compensation account or cash in lieu of deferred compensation each month through June 30, 2023. Effective July 1, 2023, the potential monthly contribution increases to \$600.

Manteca Technical and Support Services Association

The City will contribute 2% of base salary per month to the deferred compensation plan.

If employee chooses to decline health insurance coverage, the City will contribute \$465 to their deferred compensation account or cash in lieu of deferred compensation each month through June 30, 2023. Effective July 1, 2023, the potential monthly contribution increases to \$600.

Confidential Employees Unit

Benefits mirror the designated units for each employee identified in this MOU.

Executive Management

Employees will receive a non-PERSable stipend equal to 6% of their base salary. The 6% stipend can be cashed out or placed into a deferred compensation account. This option can occur anytime during the fiscal year. The stipend will be forfeited at separation or on June 30 each year, if not cashed out or placed into a deferred compensation account. An employee hired after July 1, will receive a prorated stipend in the fiscal year in which they were hired.

The City will also contribute 5% per month to the deferred compensation plan.

If employee chooses to decline health insurance coverage, the City will contribute \$600 to their deferred compensation account or cash in lieu of deferred compensation each month

The City's required contributions for the year ended June 30, 2024 totaled \$950,849.

NOTE 13 – RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Coverage

On June 1, 2002 the City joined the Municipal Pooling Authority's workers' compensation program. The City joined the Authority's general liability program on January 1, 1998. The Authority provides coverage against the following types of loss risks under the terms of a joint-powers agreement with the City and several other cities and governmental agencies as follows:

Type of Coverage (Deductible)	Coverage Limits
Liability (\$100,000)	\$34,500,000
All Risk Fire and Property:	
Property (\$25,000 all risk, \$5,000 fine art, \$10,000 water claims)	1,000,000,000
Flood*	25,000,000
Boiler and Machinery (\$10,000)	100,000,000
Vehicle Physical Damage (\$3,000 police; \$2,000 others)	250,000
Cyber Liability (\$50,000)	4,000,000
Public Entity Pollution Liability (\$250,000)	2,000,000
Government Crime (\$2,500)	5,000,000
Workers' Compensation (\$0)	Statutory Limit
Employment Liability (\$50,000)	2,000,000

^{* \$100,000} minimum deductible per occurrence, except Zone A and V, which are subject to a \$250,000 deductible per occurrence

The Authority is governed by a Board consisting of representatives from member municipalities. The Board controls the operations of the Authority, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by member municipalities beyond their representation on the Board.

The City's deposits with the Authority are in accordance with formulas established by the Authority. Actual surpluses or losses are shared according to a formula developed from overall loss costs and spread to member entities on a percentage basis after a retrospective rating.

Audited financial statements can be obtained from Municipal Pooling Authority, 1911 San Miguel Drive #100, Walnut Creek, CA 94596.

NOTE 13 – RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

B. Liability for Uninsured Claims

The City provides for the uninsured portion of claims and judgments in the Insurance Internal Service Fund. Claims and judgments, including a provision for claims incurred but not reported, are recorded when a loss is deemed probable of assertion and the amount of the loss is reasonably determinable. As discussed, above, the City has coverage for such claims, but it has retained the risk for the deductible, or uninsured portion of these claims.

The City's liability for uninsured claims was estimated by management based on prior years' claims experience as follows:

	Workers'		
	Compensation	General Liability	
	Claims	Claims	Total
Balance June 30, 2022	\$639,568	\$869,534	\$1,509,102
Net change in:			
Liability for current fiscal year claims		83,968	83,968
Liability for prior fiscal years' claims and			
claims incurred but not reported (IBNR)	142,022	200,158	342,180
Claims paid	(5,040)	(314,568)	(319,608)
Balance June 30, 2023	776,550	839,092	1,615,642
Net change in:			
Liability for current fiscal year claims		93,880	93,880
Liability for prior years' claims and			
claims incurred but not reported (IBNR)	(21,055)	179,189	158,134
Claims paid	(21,127)	(496,942)	(518,069)
Balance June 30, 2024	\$734,368	\$615,219	\$1,349,587
Claims liability, due within one year	\$687,702	\$615,219	\$1,302,921

For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024, 2023, and 2022 the amount of settlements did not exceed insurance coverage.

NOTE 14 – LEASES

A. Policies

A lease is defined as a contract that conveys control of the right to use another entity's nonfinancial asset (the underlying asset) as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Examples of nonfinancial assets include buildings, land, vehicles, and equipment. The City recognizes lease receivables or liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more.

Lessor - The City is a lessor for noncancellable leases of buildings and facilities. The City recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

NOTE 14 – LEASES (Continued)

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Key estimates and judgments include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts as follows:

- The City uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease.
- Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease, and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

Lessee - The City is a lessee for a noncancellable leases of buildings and equipment. The City recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments as follows:

- The City uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the City generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease.
- Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the City is reasonably certain to exercise.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

NOTE 14 – LEASES (Continued)

B. Leases Receivable

The balances related to leases receivable and deferred inflows of resources as of June 30, 2024 were:

	Lease	Deferred Inflows
	Receivable	of Resources
Governmental Activities		
Leases Receivable (Lessor)		
Communication Site Leases	\$575,079	\$547,201
Business-Type Activities		
Leases Receivable (Lessor)		
Building Leases	2,256,276	2,273,705
Total Leases Receivable	\$2,831,355	\$2,820,906

Communication Site Leases – The City leases various locations to third parties for the provisions of cable/mobile/wireless communications services. During the year ended June 30, 2024, the City had five leases, with original lease terms ranging from ten to twenty-five years, including the optional extension periods, and as of June 30, 2024, the leases had 1 to 13 years remaining. The City recognized \$81,342 in lease revenue and \$1,253 in interest revenue during the current fiscal year related to these leases. Also, the City has deferred inflows of resources associated with these leases that will be recognized as revenue over the lease term.

Municipal Golf Course Leases – The City leases buildings to a third party for the purpose of providing banquet facilities and a snack bar at the City's municipal golf course. During the year ended June 30, 2024, the City had four leases, with original lease terms of ten to twenty years, including the optional extension periods. The City recognized \$83,342 in lease revenue and \$0 in interest revenue during the current fiscal year related to these leases.

NOTE 14 – LEASES (Continued)

C. Leases Payable

A summary of lease transactions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, are as follows:

	Balance		Balance	Current
	June 30, 2023	Deductions	June 30, 2024	Portion
Governmental Activities:	_			
Building - Hensley	\$321,188	\$165,039	\$156,149	\$156,148
Equipment	15,741	8,517	7,224	5,643
Total Governmental Activities	\$336,929	\$173,556	\$163,373	\$161,791
Business-Type Activities:				
Building - Mobile Modular	\$8,548	\$7,325	\$1,223	\$1,223
Equipment	14,153	4,692	9,461	4,718
Total Business-Type Activities	\$22,701	\$12,017	\$10,684	\$5,941
Total Leases Payable	\$359,630	\$185,573	\$174,057	\$167,732

Building Lease - Hensley – The City entered into a five-year lease agreement with Hensley Properties, as lessee for the use of office space that commenced in May 2020. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$634,944 during fiscal year 2022 and as of June 30, 2024, the value of the lease liability was \$156,149. The City is required to make monthly principal and interest payments of \$13,020. The lease bears the City's incremental borrowing rate of 4.57%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of the end of the current fiscal year was \$634,944 and had accumulated amortization of \$486,342.

Equipment Leases – The City entered into two three-year lease agreement with Konica Minolta, as lessee for the use of office equipment in February 2022. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$20,831 during fiscal year 2022 and as of June 30, 2024, the value of the lease liability was \$4,070. The City is required to make monthly principal and interest payments of \$6,987. The leases bear the City's incremental borrowing rate of 4.26%. The value of the right-to-use assets as of the end of the current fiscal year was \$20,831 and had accumulated amortization of \$16,578.

The City entered into a five-year lease agreement with Pitney Bowes, as lessee for the use of office equipment that commenced in August 2021. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$31,317 during fiscal year 2022 and as of June 30, 2024, the value of the lease liability was \$12,617. The City is required to make monthly principal and interest payments of \$6,349. The lease bears the City's incremental borrowing rate of 5.77%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of the end of the current fiscal year was \$31,317 and had accumulated amortization of \$17,832.

Building Lease – **Mobile Modular** – The City entered into a five-year lease agreement with Mobile Modular Management Corporation, as lessee for the use of office space that commenced in August 2021. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$21,922 during fiscal year 2022. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the lease liability was \$1,223. The City is required to make monthly principal and interest payments of \$7,341. The lease bears the City's incremental borrowing rate of 3.15%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of the end of the current fiscal year was \$21,922 and had accumulated amortization of \$20,704.

NOTE 14 – LEASES (Continued)

The future principal and interest lease payments as of June 30, 2024, were as follows:

	Gov	ernmental Activition	es	Bus	iness-Type Activiti	ies
Year Ending	Principal	Interest		Principal	Interest	
June 30	Payments	Payments	Total	Payments	Payments	Total
2025	\$161,791	\$378	\$162,169	\$5,941	\$44	\$5,985
2026	1,582	6	1,588	4,743	17	4,760
	\$163,373	\$384	\$163,757	\$10,684	\$61	\$10,745

D. Shopping Center Parking Lease Agreement

In fiscal year 2007, the City entered into a lease agreement to lease public parking at a local shopping center. The lease became effective in fiscal year 2012 and the City is to make annual lease payments by September 1 of each year equal to 55% of the previous fiscal year's actual local sales taxes generated from the shopping center. Although the lease payments are based on the sales taxes collected, they can be made from any source of legally available funds. If the local sales taxes are insufficient in one year for the City to make the full scheduled lease payment, the shortfall carries to the next year without interest. Payments in excess of the scheduled annual lease payments are credited first to any outstanding shortfall and then against the total amount due under the lease. The total amount of lease payments to be made under the agreement is \$61,704,140; however, the agreement terminates in 2047, regardless of whether this amount has been paid to the developer. Therefore, the City has not recorded a liability for the lease, since the payments are contingent upon the collection of sales taxes. During fiscal year 2024, payments made to the developer under the agreement were \$327,246 and payments to date total \$4,651,821.

NOTE 15 – SUBSCRIPTION-BASED INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY ARRANGEMENTS

A Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangement (SBITA) is a contract that conveys control of the right to use another party's (a SBITA vendor's) IT software, alone or in combination with tangible capital assets (the underlying IT assets), as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. The City recognizes SBITA assets/liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more.

At the commencement of a SBITA, the City initially measures the subscription liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the contract term. Subsequently, the subscription liability is reduced by the principal portion of payments made. The subscription asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the subscription liability, adjusted for payments made at or before the SBITA commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the subscription asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over shorter of the subscription term or the useful life of the underlying IT assets.

Key estimates and judgments related to SBITAs include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected subscription payments to present value, (2) subscription term, and (3) subscription payments as follows:

- The City uses the interest rate charged by the IT vendor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the IT vendor is not provided, the City generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for subscription liabilities.
- The subscription term includes the noncancellable period of the subscription.

NOTE 15 – SUBSCRIPTION-BASED INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY ARRANGEMENTS (Continued)

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its subscription and will remeasure the subscription asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the subscription liability.

Subscription assets are reported with other capital assets and subscription liabilities are reported as long-term debt on the statement of net position.

A summary of governmental activities SBITA transactions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, are as follows:

	Balance			Balance	Current
	June 30, 2023	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2024	Portion
Governmental Activities:		_			_
Subscription Liabilities					
FloQast	\$22,997		\$22,997		
Axon	33,841	\$417,321	104,175	\$346,987	\$96,687
LCT Applications and Platforms	46,554		11,175	35,379	11,479
DebtBook SaaS Application		29,051	8,000	21,051	9,389
Microsoft Enterprise	921,074		221,745	699,329	227,333
NextRequest	47,327		7,405	39,922	7,592
Total Subscription Liabilities	\$1,071,793	\$446,372	\$375,497	\$1,142,668	\$352,480

As of June 30, 2024, the City had six active subscriptions. The subscriptions have annual payments that range from \$7,592 to \$244,956 and interest rates that range from 2.1843% to 3.2380%. As of June 30, 2024, the total combined value of the subscription liability was \$1,142,668. The combined value of the right to use subscription assets as of the end of the current fiscal year was \$1,810,085 and had accumulated amortization of \$569,335. In addition, the City had two subscriptions in process that is effective in fiscal year 2025 and the costs incurred to date on that agreement have been recorded as subscription assets in progress in the amount of \$1,064,912 as of June 30, 2024.

The future principal and interest subscription liability payments as of June 30, 2024 for the active subscriptions, were as follows:

	Governmental Activities			
Year Ending	Principal	Interest		
June 30	Payments	Payments	Total	
2025	\$352,480	\$28,454	\$380,934	
2026	345,766	19,337	365,103	
2027	342,441	11,003	353,444	
2028	93,594	2,460	96,054	
2029	8,387	211	8,598	
	\$1,142,668	\$61,465	\$1,204,133	

NOTE 16 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Litigation

The City is subject to litigation arising in the normal course of business. In the opinion of the City Attorney there is no pending litigation which is likely to have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the City.

B. Federal and State Grant Programs

The City participates in Federal and State grant programs. These programs have been audited by the City's independent accountants in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Single Audit Act as amended and applicable State requirements. No cost disallowances were proposed as a result of these audits. However, these programs are still subject to further examination by the grantors and the amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time. The City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

C. Public Facilities Implementation Plan

The City has developed a Public Facilities Implementation Plan (PFIP) to ensure that public facilities are adequate and constructed in accordance with the adopted master plans for water, sewer, storm drainage and traffic as the City grows and develops in accordance with its General Plan. Development Impact Fees are collected at or near the time of development and are used wherever practical to finance the expansion of infrastructure necessary to accommodate the demand for new capacity. In certain cases, developers may construct public improvements that are in the PFIP and enter into reimbursement agreements with the City. Developers are then granted credit against the fees owed or are reimbursed any remaining amounts owed to the developer by the City when sufficient funds are available from future development impact fees paid by subsequent development that benefit from the available improvements. As of June 30, 2024, the City had outstanding reimbursement commitments totaling \$28,588,039.

D. Transient Occupancy Tax Sharing Agreement

In fiscal April 2018, the City entered into a Disposition and Development Agreement (DDA) with a Developer to construct a destination resort (Project). Under the terms of the agreement, the City is to convey land to the Developer for \$675,000 in exchange for an agreement to develop the Project on the property. The sales price of the land is to be paid solely using transient occupancy tax revenue (TOT) generated by the Project. Escrow closed on the land in August 2018 and construction of the Project began in fiscal year 2019. Upon the close of escrow, the City will give the Developer a ten-year option to purchase an adjacent property at the fair market value at the time of purchase. For eighteen years following the issuance of a certificate of occupancy for the Project, the City may not provide financial incentives to any other entities for development of a similar project larger than 5,000 square feet.

CITY OF MANTECA NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

NOTE 16 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

In connection with the DDA, the City also entered into a Development Agreement (DA) with the Developer. Under the terms of the DA, beginning when TOT revenue is first received from the Project and continuing for 25 years thereafter, the City will allocate TOT revenue received on a quarterly basis in the following priority:

- (1) Pay \$2 million each year to the Developer, without interest.
- (2) Pay the Developer and the City pro-rata for reimbursable fees, amortized over two years, without interest, including any reimbursable fee shortfalls from prior years. Any reimbursable fee shortfalls remaining after two years will roll over to future years until paid in full. Reimbursable fees are any development fees paid by the City or Developer in cash or fee credit to any Non-City Agency in connection with the Project and any development fees paid by the Developer to planning/inspection consultants or to the City, up to \$500,000.
- (3) Pay the City for the property purchase price, amortized over 10 years, without interest, including any purchase price shortfalls from prior years. Any shortfalls remaining after 10 years will roll over to future years until paid in full.
- (4) Pay the City for deferred City fees, amortized over 20 years, without interest, including any shortfalls from prior years. Any shortfalls remaining after 20 years will roll over until paid in full. Deferred City fees are fees owed by the Developer to the City in connection with the Project and fees paid by the City to planning/inspection consultants in connection with the Project in excess of the \$500,000 paid by the Developer in (2) above.
- (5) Pay the Developer 75% of the remaining TOT revenue for the first 10 years and 50% for the following 15 years.

Finally, under the terms of the DDA, the City Council may not increase the transient occupancy tax rate applicable to the Project to a rate greater than (a) 12% for 10 years following the issuance of a certificate of occupancy for the Project, or (b) the regional average transient occupancy tax beginning in the 11th year following the issuance of a certificate of occupancy for the Project.

The grand opening of the Project was held in June 2021.

The City began collecting TOT revenue related to the Project during fiscal year 2022 and \$3,154,377 was paid to the Developer during fiscal year 2024 and \$10,121,092 has been paid to date. As of June 30, 2024, the deferred fees due from the developer total \$7,633,809, which have been recorded as accounts receivable in the applicable governmental and enterprise funds, which will be paid as the General Fund collects the TOT revenue, as noted above. In addition, the General Fund has recorded a loan receivable in the amount of \$472,500 as of June 30, 2024.

E. Sales Tax Sharing Agreement – Furniture Retailer

In June 2018, the City entered into a sales tax sharing agreement with a furniture retailer in the amount of \$3,000,000. The agreement became effective in June 2018 and the City is to make semi-annual payments each year equal to 50% of the total sales tax generated by the retailer and received by the City. Although the payments are based on the sales taxes collected, they can be made from any source of legally available funds. The agreement terminates on the date that the City has paid \$3,000,000 or ten years from the retail store opening, regardless of the unpaid balance. Construction of the retail furniture store was delayed due to the COVID-19 emergency; however, the project was fully permitted in July 2020 and construction began immediately following. The store opened in June 2021. During fiscal year 2024, payments made to the developer under the agreement were \$147,372 and payments to date total \$455,943.

NOTE 16 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

F. Construction Commitments

The City has the outstanding construction commitments totaling \$17,829,269 as of June 30, 2024.

NOTE 17 – REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY DISSOLUTION AND SUCCESSOR AGENCY ACTIVITIES

A. Redevelopment Dissolution

In an effort to balance its budget, the State of California adopted ABx1 26 on June 28, 2011, amended by AB1484 on June 27, 2012, which suspended all new redevelopment activities except for limited specified activities as of that date and dissolved redevelopment agencies on January 31, 2012.

The suspension provisions prohibited all redevelopment agencies from a wide range of activities, including incurring new indebtedness or obligations, entering into or modifying agreements or contracts, acquiring or disposing of real property, taking actions to adopt or amend redevelopment plans and other similar actions, except actions required by law or to carry out existing enforceable obligations, as defined in ABx1 26.

ABx1 26 and AB1484 created three regulatory authorities, the Successor Agency Oversight Board, State Controller and Department of Finance (DOF), to review former Agency's asset transfer, obligation payments and wind down activities. ABx1 26 specifically directs the State Controller to review the activities of all redevelopment agencies to determine whether an asset transfer between an agency and any public agency occurred on or after January 1, 2011. If an asset transfer did occur and the public agency that received the asset is not contractually committed to a third party for the expenditure or encumbrance of the asset, the legislation purports to require the State Controller to order the asset returned to the Redevelopment Agency or, on or after February 1, 2012, to the Successor Agency.

In fiscal 2011 and 2012, the former Redevelopment Agency transferred \$58,959,477 of assets to the City. ABx1 26 and AB 1484 contain provisions that such transfers are subject to a review by the State Controller's Office. According to Health and Safety Code 34167.5, if such an asset transfer did occur during that period and the government agency that received the assets is not contractually committed to a third party for the expenditure or encumbrance of those assets, to the extent not prohibited by state and federal law, the Controller shall order the available assets to be returned to the former Redevelopment Agency or, on or after February 1, 2012, to the Successor Agency. As of June 30, 2012, assets totaling \$44,129,682, comprised of current assets of \$43,670,205 and capital assets of \$459,477, were held by the City. During fiscal year 2013, the City returned the current assets of \$43,670,205 to the Successor Agency and only the capital assets of \$459,477 were held by the City. The City received the results of the State Controller's asset transfer review in February 2015 that indicates the City is to return the capital assets in the amount of \$459,477 to the Successor Agency. Concurrent with the finalization of the asset transfer review, the City began working with the California Department of Finance (DOF) on the Agency's Long Range Property Management Plan (LRPMP). On December 17, 2015 the DOF approved the revised LRPMP and the Agency's use or disposition of all properties listed on the plan. This included the retention by the City of the \$459,477 capital asset previously identified in the State Controller's asset transfer review. Based on this approval, the identified asset will not be returned to the Agency.

Based on the passage of Senate Bill 107, the Agency amended the LRPMP to allow for the retention of one parcel that constituted a lot dedicated solely to public parking. The Oversight Board approved the amended LRPMP on June 29, 2016 and the revised LRPMP was submitted to the DOF for final approval. The final approval was received from the DOF during fiscal year 2017 and the identified parcel was transferred to the City during that fiscal year.

NOTE 17 – REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY DISSOLUTION AND SUCCESSOR AGENCY ACTIVITIES (Continued)

Effective January 31, 2012, the Redevelopment Agency was dissolved. Certain assets of the Redevelopment Agency Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund were distributed to a Housing Successor; and the remaining Redevelopment Agency assets and liabilities were distributed to a Successor Agency.

Under the provisions of AB 1484, the City can elect to become the Housing Successor and retain the housing assets. The City elected to become the Housing Successor and on February 1, 2012, certain housing assets were transferred to the City's Low and Moderate Income Housing Asset Special Revenue Fund.

The activities of the Housing Successor are reported in the Low and Moderate Income Housing Assets Special Revenue Fund as the City has control of those assets, which may be used in accordance with the low and moderate income housing provisions of California Redevelopment Law.

The City also elected to become the Successor Agency and on February 1, 2012 the Redevelopment Agency's remaining assets were distributed to and liabilities were assumed by the Successor Agency. ABx1 26 requires the establishment of an Oversight Board to oversee the activities of the Successor Agency and one was established in April 2012. The activities of the Successor Agency are subject to review and approval of the Oversight Board, which was comprised of seven members, including one member of City Council and one former Redevelopment Agency employee appointed by the Mayor. On July 1, 2018, the duties of the Manteca Oversight Board transferred to a new San Joaquin Countywide Consolidated Oversight Board, which will now be responsible for overseeing the winddown affairs of all Successor Agencies in San Joaquin County, including the Manteca Successor Agency.

The activities of the Successor Agency are reported in the Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency Private-Purpose Trust Fund as the activities are under the control of the Oversight Board. The City provides administrative services to the Successor Agency to wind down the affairs of the former Redevelopment Agency.

AB1484 required the Successor Agency to complete two due diligence reviews – one for the low and moderate income housing assets of the Successor Agency (Housing DDR), and a second for all other balances of the Successor Agency (Non-housing DDR). The due diligence reviews are to calculate the balance of unencumbered balances as of June 30, 2012 available to be remitted to the County for disbursement to taxing entities. The Successor Agency submitted both due diligence reviews to the State Department of Finance for review and approval. The Department of Finance approved the Housing DDR in December 2012, which indicated that no funds were available for distribution. The Department of Finance did not initially approve the Non-housing DDR, which indicated that the Successor Agency had an unencumbered balance of \$1, and the State made adjustments to the Non-housing DDR and instead made a demand for the return of funds totaling \$10,161,469, which was remitted to the County in May 2013. The Successor Agency received its Finding of Completion in May 2013 which means it can now utilize bond proceeds for projects consistent with the original bond covenants.

In addition to the above transactions, the Non-housing DDR indicated that the City was to return unspent bond proceeds held by the Special Apportionment Streets Capital Improvement Fund totaling \$43,670,205 to the Successor Agency. The City made the transfer during fiscal year 2013.

NOTE 17 – REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY DISSOLUTION AND SUCCESSOR AGENCY ACTIVITIES (Continued)

On October 22, 2013 the Oversight Board approved Bond Proceeds Funding Agreements (Agreements) between the Successor Agency and the City of Manteca in relation to specific bond projects associated with the \$43,670,205 in bond proceeds transferred back to the Successor Agency in Fiscal Year 2012-13. The DOF approved the Agreements on November 8, 2013 and December 9, 2013. The Agency included the requests for expenditure of the associated funds on the 2013-14B Recognized Obligation Payment Schedule (ROPS). Proceeds in the amount of \$12,009,030 were transferred from the Successor Agency to the City as of June 30, 2013 and were recorded in the Redevelopment Bonds Project Fund. An additional \$500,000 was approved for transfer on the Agency's 2014-15A ROPS and \$1,500,000 was approved for transfer on the Agency's 2015-15B ROPS. One of the eligible bond projects listed on the DOF approved 2013-14B ROPS was the reimbursement to the City of Manteca in the amount of \$3,864,030 for the land purchased in association with the proposed South County Courthouse and Administration Complex (APN 222-250-060). The original source of funding for the land purchase was the Development Mitigation Fund. During 2016 the Development Mitigation Fund was reimbursed the final land cost in the amount \$3,811,408 via an operating transfer from the Redevelopment Bonds Project Fund.

On February 24, 2015 the Oversight Board approved a Consolidated Non-Housing Bond Proceeds Funding Agreement (Agreement) between the Successor Agency and the City of Manteca. This final agreement approved the transfer of all remaining bond proceeds to the City for use on bond qualified expenditures. The remaining bond proceeds was included for approval in the Agency's 2015-16A ROPS. The DOF approved both the Agreement and the transfer of the remaining bond proceeds as listed on the 2015-16A ROPS on April 15, 2015. All remaining bond proceeds and interest totaling \$29,671,675 was transferred from the Agency to the City as of June 30, 2016.

Cash and investments of the Successor Agency as of June 30, 2024 are discussed in Note 3. Information presented in the following footnotes represents other assets and liabilities of the Successor Agency as of June 30, 2024.

B. Redevelopment Agreements and Notes Receivable

The Successor Agency assumed the non-housing loans receivable of the Redevelopment Agency as of February 1, 2012. The Redevelopment Agency engaged in programs designed to encourage economic development. Under these programs, grants or loans were provided under favorable terms to developers who agreed to expend these funds in accordance with the Agency's terms. The balances of the notes receivable arising from these programs at June 30, 2024 are set forth below:

AKF Development, LLC	\$54,080
Cabral Western Motors	338,040
Total notes receivable	392,120
Less: Allowance for conditional grants	(392,120)
Net long-term notes receivable	\$0

NOTE 17 – REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY DISSOLUTION AND SUCCESSOR AGENCY ACTIVITIES (Continued)

AKF Development, LLC (Spreckels Park)

On April 8, 2003 the Agency loaned an additional \$54,080 to AKF Development, LLC, of which \$54,080 was for assistance from the Agency's Fee Reduction Program. This additional loan was to partially finance the construction costs of Sexton Chevrolet Property in order to assist in the elimination of blight in an adjacent to the Project Area and will enhance the viability of the Project Area. The loan bears interest at five percent annual interest, and was due the earliest of the sixth anniversary of the opening of the automobile dealership or August 1, 2009. AKF signed a promissory note secured by a deed of trust. The Agency will forgive repayment of the loan if certain provisions regarding completion of public improvements, job creation, continued business for five years, and sales tax generation are met. As of June 30, 2024, the developer had not met all of the forgiveness provisions of the loan agreement, but the Agency had not yet required repayment of the loan and the principal balance outstanding was \$54,080.

Cabral Western Motors

On May 14, 2002 the Agency agreed to loan Cabral Western Motors \$338,040 at three percent interest to assist with the expansion of its facility, which includes a \$311,000 Forgivable Business Development Loan and a \$27,040 Development Fee Reduction Loan. The loans are secured by a second and third deed of trust, respectively. As of June 30, 2024, the principal balance outstanding was \$338,040.

Conditional Grants

The Agency has several programs under which it extends loans to qualifying individuals or groups for the purpose of improving the Agency's housing stock and/or its supply of low-and-moderate income housing. Certain of these loans provide for the eventual forgiveness of the loan balance if the borrower complies with all the terms of the loan over its full term. The Agency accounts for these loans as conditional grants in the Fiduciary fund financial statements, and provides a reserve against their eventual forgiveness using the straight-line method over the life of the respective loan.

C. Capital Assets

The Successor Agency assumed the non-housing capital assets of the Redevelopment Agency as of February 1, 2012. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Contributed capital assets are valued at their estimated acquisition value on the date contributed. The Successor Agency's policy is to capitalize all assets with costs exceeding certain minimum thresholds and with useful lives exceeding two years.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase is reflected in the capitalized value of the assets constructed, net of interest earned on the invested proceeds over the same period.

NOTE 17 – REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY DISSOLUTION AND SUCCESSOR AGENCY ACTIVITIES (Continued)

Capital assets recorded as of June 30, 2024 comprise:

	Balance at		Balance at	
	June 30, 2023	Additions	June 30, 2024	
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$726,026	\$726,026		
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	3,788,211		3,788,211	
Less accumulated depreciation	(2,173,502)	(\$125,619)	(2,299,121)	
Net capital assets being depreciated	1,614,709	(125,619)	1,489,090	
Capital assets, net	\$2,340,735	(\$125,619)	\$2,215,116	

D. Long-Term Debt

The Successor Agency assumed the long-term debt and interest-rate swap agreement of the Redevelopment Agency as of February 1, 2012.

1. Current Year Transactions and Balances

All of the long-term debt of the Successor Agency is comprised of Tax Allocation Bonds issued by the Redevelopment Agency. The Bonds are special obligations of the Agency and are secured only by the Agency's tax increment revenues. Tax Allocation Bond transactions were as follows:

	Balance		Balance	Current
	June 30, 2023	Retirements	June 30, 2024	Portion
Redevelopment Agency Tax				
Allocation Bonds -				
Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds Series 2020A and 2020B				
Subordinated Tax Allocation Bonds 1.590-4.0%	\$87,500,000	\$4,315,000	\$83,185,000	\$4,385,000
Plus: Unamortized Bond Premium	4,586,619	235,211	4,351,408	
Total Successor Agency Debt	\$92,086,619	\$4,550,211	\$87,536,408	\$4,385,000

NOTE 17 – REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY DISSOLUTION AND SUCCESSOR AGENCY ACTIVITIES (Continued)

2. Redevelopment Agency Tax Allocation Bonds

The 2020 Bonds contain a provision that in an event of default, the Trustee may declare the principal of the bonds, together with all accrued interest at the date of default, immediately due and payable, or exercise any and all rights and remedies available to it under applicable law, including the right to enforce from the Successor Agency all payments due on the 2020 Bonds, and the Successor Agency will pay all reasonable fees and expenses incurred by the Trustee and those of its attorneys.

The Successor Agency has pledged all future tax increment revenues, for the repayment of the 2020 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds. The pledge of all future tax increment revenues end upon repayment of the remaining debt service of \$111,267,136 for the Bonds, which is scheduled to occur in 2042.

With the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency discussed above, Tax Increment is no longer distributed, and instead the Successor Agency receives payments from the County's Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund (RPTTF) that are to be used to fund debt service on the Bonds, with no distinction between housing and non-housing revenues. In addition, under the provisions of the laws dissolving the Redevelopment Agency, the Successor Agency only receives the funds necessary to fulfill its approved obligations. Total property taxes available for distribution to the Successor Agency and other taxing entities for fiscal year 2024 calculated by the County Auditor-Controller was \$26,041,599 and the total received by the Successor Agency for fiscal year 2024 debt service was \$5,861,798, which the Agency used, along with cash on hand, to pay the \$6,866,099 of fiscal year debt service.

3. Debt Service Requirements

Annual debt service requirements, are shown below:

For the Year				
Ending June 30	Principal	Interest		
2025	\$4,385,000	\$2,458,104		
2026	4,450,000	2,360,709		
2027	4,530,000	2,256,328		
2028	4,610,000	2,137,456		
2029	4,725,000	2,005,452		
2030-2034	25,595,000	6,566,512		
2035-2039	22,345,000	4,161,570		
2040-2043	12,545,000	3,714,272		
Total	83,185,000	\$25,660,403		
Plus Bond Premium	4,351,408			
Gross Long Term Debt	\$87,536,408			

NOTE 17 – REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY DISSOLUTION AND SUCCESSOR AGENCY ACTIVITIES (Continued)

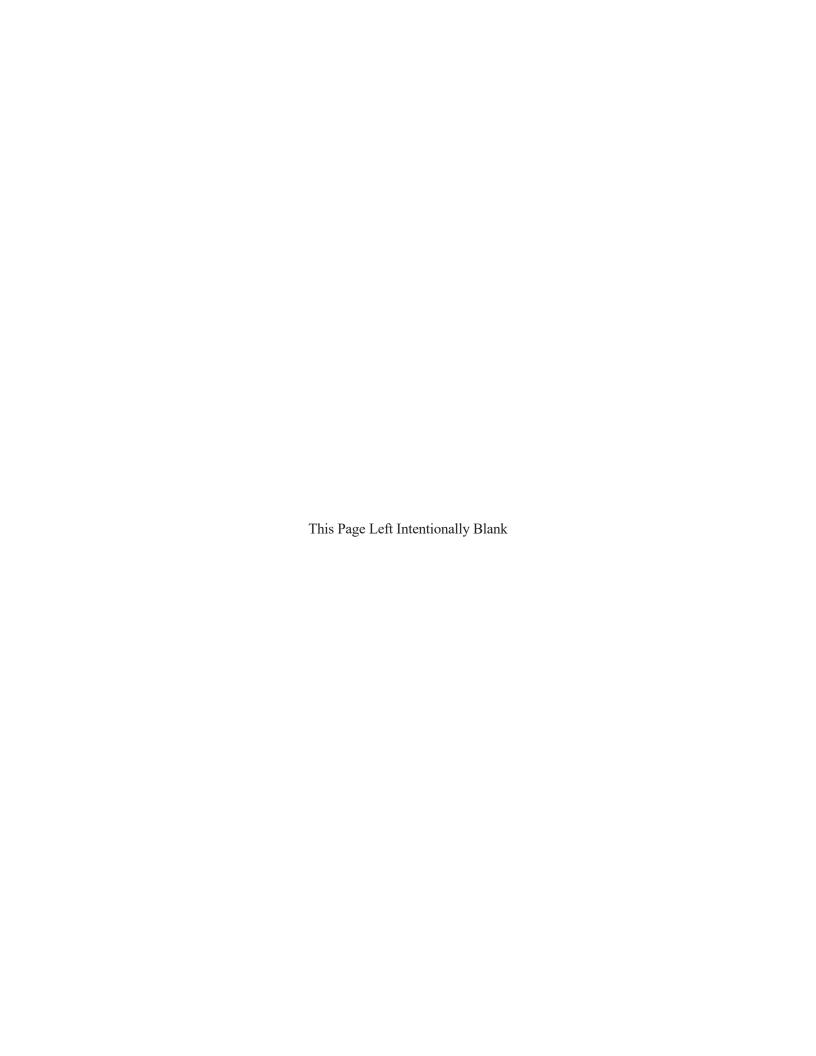
E. Commitments and Contingencies

Payable to San Joaquin County

When the Successor Agency sells capital assets, the net proceeds from the sale are to be remitted to the County Auditor-Controller for distribution to the taxing entities in the affected redevelopment area. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the Successor Agency sold a parcel of land to the City and the net proceeds of \$1,760,625 were due and payable to the County as of June 30, 2024.

State Approval of Enforceable Obligations

The Successor Agency prepares a Recognized Obligation Payment Schedule (ROPS) semi-annually that contains all proposed expenditures for the subsequent six-month period. The ROPS is subject to the review and approval of the Oversight Board as well as the State Department of Finance. Although the State Department of Finance may not question items included on the ROPS in one period, they may question the same items in a future period and disallow associated activities. The amount, if any, of current obligations that may be denied by the State Department of Finance cannot be determined at this time. The City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.



Miscellaneous Agent Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Last 10 Years

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Measurement Date	6/30/2014	6/30/2015	6/30/2016	6/30/2017
Total Pension Liability				
Service Cost	\$2,865,004	\$2,785,261	\$2,929,446	\$3,359,127
Interest	9,470,268	9,947,329	10,547,066	11,091,828
Differences between expected and actual experience		(606,531)	895,276	280,782
Changes in assumptions		(2,540,846)		9,610,904
Changes in benefits		231,820		
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(5,192,533)	(5,583,081)	(6,137,452)	(6,508,026)
Net change in total pension liability	7,142,739	4,233,952	8,234,336	17,834,615
Total pension liability - beginning	127,434,003	134,576,742	138,810,694	146,813,210
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$134,576,742	\$138,810,694	\$147,045,030	\$164,647,825
Dian Educious not position				
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer	#2 245 P72	#4.021.400	ΦA (Ω7, 52.5	£4.071.04 <i>C</i>
1 7	\$3,345,873	\$4,021,488	\$4,687,535	\$4,971,846
Contributions - employee	1,159,125	1,275,356	1,337,368	1,321,071
Net investment income	14,228,681	2,149,298	530,419	10,909,900
Net Plan to Plan Resource Movement				
Administrative expenses		(109,588)	(59,337)	(144,277)
Other Miscellaneous Income (Expense)				
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(5,192,533)	(5,583,081)	(6,137,452)	(6,508,026)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	13,541,146	1,753,473	358,533	10,550,514
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	82,066,942	95,608,088	97,361,561	97,720,094
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$95,608,088	\$97,361,561	\$97,720,094	\$108,270,608
Net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$38,968,654	\$41,449,133	\$49,324,936	\$56,377,217
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	71.04%	70.14%	66.46%	65.76%
Covered payroll	\$14,222,604	\$15,260,582	\$15,917,657	\$16,420,663
Net pension liability as percentage of covered payroll	273.99%	271.61%	309.88%	343.33%

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit changes. The figures above do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from plan changes which occurred after June 30. This applied for voluntary benefit changes as well as any offers of Two Years Additional Service Credit (a.k.a. Golden Handshakes).

Changes in assumptions. GASB 68, paragraph 68 states that the long-term expected rate of return should be determined net of pension plan investment expense, but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. In 2016, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021 and 2023 there were no changes. In 2022, the accounting discount rate reduced from 7.15% to 6.90%. In 2017, the accounting discount rate was reduced from 7.65 percent to 7.15 percent. In 2015, amounts reported reflect an adjustment of the discount rate from 7.5 percent (net of administrative expense) to 7.65 percent (without a reduction for pension plan administrative expense.) In 2014, amounts reported were based on the 7.5 percent discount rate.

6/30/2018	6/30/2019	6/30/2020	6/30/2021	6/30/2022	6/30/2023
\$3,450,233	\$3,662,753	\$3,713,864	\$3,711,204	\$4,302,617	\$4,559,169
11,413,314	12,088,271	12,825,762	13,444,999	14,048,114	14,813,753
(1,730,389)	2,008,072	2,643,438	886,800	346,337	2,496,481
(1,373,783)				7,180,122	
					231,820
(7,283,995)	(7,791,837)	(8,419,092)	(9,109,794)	(9,739,112)	(10,483,075)
4,475,380	9,967,259	10,763,972	8,933,209	16,138,078	11,618,148
164,647,825	169,123,205	179,090,464	189,854,436	198,787,645	214,925,723
\$169,123,205	\$179,090,464	\$189,854,436	\$198,787,645	\$214,925,723	\$226,543,871
\$5,489,151	\$5,845,005	\$6,475,687	\$6,960,408	\$7,828,674	\$8,681,655
1,484,945	1,613,156	1,571,752	1,533,922	1,651,472	1,861,766
9,098,992	7,772,814	6,213,521	29,607,098	(12,103,385)	9,126,107
(269)	(218)		(572)		
(168,715)	(83,187)	(174,706)	(129,456)	(98,708)	(107,357)
(320,393)	269				
(7,283,995)	(7,791,837)	(8,419,092)	(9,109,794)	(9,739,112)	(10,483,075)
8,299,716	7,356,002	5,667,162	28,861,606	(12,461,059)	9,079,096
108,270,608	116,570,324	123,926,326	129,593,488	158,455,094	145,994,035
\$116,570,324	\$123,926,326	\$129,593,488	\$158,455,094	\$145,994,035	\$155,073,131
\$52,552,881	\$55,164,138	\$60,260,948	\$40,332,551	\$68,931,688	\$71,470,740
68.93%	69.20%	68.26%	79.71%	67.93%	68.45%
\$17,179,599	\$20,193,041	\$21,471,907	\$20,618,181	\$22,822,694	\$24,809,517
305.90%	273.18%	280.65%	195.62%	302.03%	288.08%

Miscellaneous Agent Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan Last 10 Years

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Actuarially determined contribution	\$4,021,488	\$4,687,535	\$4,021,488	\$5,172,358	\$5,842,872
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	(4,019,753)	(4,687,535)	(4,021,488)	(5,172,358)	(5,842,872)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$1,735	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Covered payroll	\$15,260,582	\$15,917,657	\$16,420,663	\$17,179,599	\$20,193,041
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	26.35%	29.45%	24.49%	30.11%	28.94%
Valuation date:	6/30/2012	6/30/2013	6/30/2014	6/30/2015	6/30/2016
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Actuarially determined contribution	\$6,477,118	\$7,061,971	\$7,838,893	\$8,561,953	\$9,070,568
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	(6,477,118)	(7,061,971)	(7,838,893)	(8,561,953)	(9,070,568)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Covered payroll	\$21,471,907	\$20,618,181	\$22,822,694	\$24,809,517	\$26,212,038
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	30.17%	34.25%	34.35%	34.51%	34.60%
Valuation date:	6/30/2017	6/30/2018	6/30/2019	6/30/2020	6/30/2021
Notes to Schedule					
Valuation date:	6/30/2022				
Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:					
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal				
Amortization method	Level percentage of payro	oll, closed			
Average remaining amortization period	15 years as of Valuation D	Date			

Average remaining amortization period

Asset valuation method

Inflation

Salary increases

Investment rate of return

Retirement age

Mortality Rate Table

15 years as of Valuation Date

Market Value of Assets

2.75% for 2015 to 2019, 2.625% for 2020, 2.50% for 2021 and 2022, and 2.30% for 2023 and 2024

Varies by Entry Age and Service

7.50% for 2015 to 2018, 7.375% for 2019, 7.25% for 2020, 7.00%

for 2021 and 2022 and 6.80% for 2023 and 2024, net of

administrative expenses, including inflation

The probabilities of Retirement are based on the CalPERS

Experience Study.

The probabilities of mortality are based on the CalPERS Experience Study. Pre-retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include 20 years of projected mortality improvement using Scale AA published by the Society of Actuaries for 2015 to 2018. For 2019, 2020, 2021, and 2022, pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates include 15 years of projected mortality improvement using 90% of Scale MP-2016 published by the Society of Actuaries. For 2023 and 2024, preretirement and post-retirement mortality rates include generational mortality improvement using 80% of Scale MP-2020 published by the

Society of Actuaries.

Safety Plan Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Pension Plan Last 10 Years

${\bf SCHEDULE\ OF\ PROPORTIONATE\ SHARE\ OF\ THE\ NET\ PENSION\ LIABILITY}$

	6/30/2014	6/30/2015	6/30/2016	6/30/2017	6/30/2018
Plan's proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	1.07938%	1.03004%	0.95974%	0.93552%	0.95843%
Plan's proportion share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$40,485,157	\$42,442,275	\$49,781,654	\$55,899,346	\$56,236,322
Plan's Covered Payroll	11,200,196	12,280,143	12,543,342	12,807,240	13,238,467
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)					
as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	361.47%	345.62%	396.88%	436.47%	424.79%
Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the					
Plan's Total Pension Liability	79.82%	78.40%	74.06%	73.31%	75.26%
	6/30/2019	6/30/2020	6/30/2021	(12012022	(12012022
	0/30/2017	0/30/2020	0/30/2021	6/30/2022	6/30/2023
Plan's proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.95585%	0.95974%	1.27699%	1.05081%	1.03178%
Plan's proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Plan's proportion share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)					
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	0.95585%	0.95974%	1.27699%	1.05081%	1.03178%
Plan's proportion share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.95585% \$59,669,242	0.95974% \$63,941,257	1.27699% \$44,815,713	1.05081% \$72,207,303	1.03178% \$77,124,746
Plan's proportion share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Plan's Covered Payroll	0.95585% \$59,669,242	0.95974% \$63,941,257	1.27699% \$44,815,713	1.05081% \$72,207,303	1.03178% \$77,124,746
Plan's proportion share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Plan's Covered Payroll Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	0.95585% \$59,669,242 14,330,518	0.95974% \$63,941,257 17,965,730	1.27699% \$44,815,713 15,113,158	1.05081% \$72,207,303 15,917,533	1.03178% \$77,124,746 16,945,456

Safety Plan Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan Last 10 Years

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$4,331,842	\$4,055,568	\$4,455,903	\$4,959,631	\$5,719,302
determined contributions	(4,331,842)	(4,055,568)	(4,455,903)	(4,959,631)	(5,719,302)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Covered payroll	\$12,280,143	\$12,543,342	\$12,807,240	\$13,238,467	\$14,330,518
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	35.28%	32.33%	34.79%	37.46%	39.91%
	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$6,571,899	\$7,215,323	\$7,786,074	\$8,516,327	\$8,917,736
determined contributions	(6,571,899)	(7,215,323)	(\$7,786,074)	(8,516,327)	(8,917,736)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Covered payroll	\$17,965,730	\$15,113,158	\$15,917,533	\$16,945,456	\$17,700,510
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	36.58%	51.52%	48.92%	50.26%	50.38%

PARS Enhancement Excess Benefit Agent Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

${\bf Last~10~Years}$ SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Measurement Date	6/30/2014	6/30/2015	6/30/2016	6/30/2017	6/30/2018
Total Pension Liability					
Service Cost	\$33,000	\$25,000	\$8,000	\$9,000	\$8,901
Interest	122,000	124,000	126,000	134,000	134,821
Differences between expected and actual experience			53,000		47,056
Changes in assumptions			86,000		659,042
Changes in benefits Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(97,000)	(99,000)	(112,000)	(137,000)	(139,237)
Net change in total pension liability	58,000	50,000	161,000	6,000	710,583
Total pension liability - beginning	2,237,000	2,295,000	2,345,000	2,506,000	2,512,000
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$2,295,000	\$2,345,000	\$2,506,000	\$2,512,000	\$3,222,583
Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions - employer	\$204,000	\$245,000	\$270,000	\$239,000	\$400,000
Contributions - employee					
Net investment income	110,000	21,000	51,000	80,000	53,127
Administrative expenses Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(7,000) (97,000)	(7,000) (99,000)	(8,000) (112,000)	(8,000) (137,000)	(9,143) (139,237)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	210,000	160,000	201,000	174,000	304,747
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	1,289,000	1,499,000	1,659,000	1,860,000	2,034,000
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$1,499,000	\$1,659,000	\$1,860,000	\$2,034,000	\$2,338,747
Net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$796,000	\$686,000	\$646,000	\$478,000	\$883,836
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	65.32%	70.75%	74.22%	80.97%	72.57%
Covered payroll	\$635,597	\$653,039	\$586,464	\$182,068	\$186,997
Net pension liability as percentage of covered payroll	125.24%	105.05%	110.15%	262.54%	472.65%
Measurement Date	6/30/2019	6/30/2020	6/30/2021	6/30/2022	6/30/2023
Total Pension Liability					
Service Cost					
Interest	\$107,078	\$108,975	\$102,103	\$93,001	\$92,912
Differences between expected and actual experience	(75.960)	(83,407)	122 265	53,376	
Changes in assumptions Changes in benefits	(75,860)	(54,339)	133,365	19,556	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(146,447)	(160,537)	(163,748)	(167,023)	(170,363)
Net change in total pension liability	(115,229)	(189,308)	71,720	(1,090)	(77,451)
Total pension liability - beginning	3,222,583	3,107,354	2,918,046	2,989,766	2,988,676
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$3,107,354	\$2,918,046	\$2,989,766	\$2,988,676	\$2,911,225
Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions - employer					\$330,000
Contributions - employee	6124.714	¢105 727	¢212.741	(\$226.244)	(((40
Net investment income Administrative expenses	\$124,714 (9,920)	\$105,737 (9,649)	\$212,741 (9,360)	(\$226,244) (8,790)	66,640 (8,532)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(146,447)	(160,537)	(163,748)	(167,023)	(170,363)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(64,449)	39,633	(402,057)	217,745
Net change in plan fluucially net position	(31,653)				
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	(31,653) 2,338,747	2,307,094	2,242,645	2,282,278	1,880,221
				2,282,278 \$1,880,221	1,880,221 \$2,097,966
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	2,338,747	2,307,094	2,242,645		
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) Net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	2,338,747 \$2,307,094 \$800,260	2,307,094 \$2,242,645 \$675,401	2,242,645 \$2,282,278 \$707,488	\$1,880,221 \$1,108,455	\$2,097,966 \$813,259
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	2,338,747 \$2,307,094	2,307,094 \$2,242,645	2,242,645 \$2,282,278	\$1,880,221	\$2,097,966 \$813,259 72.06%
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) Net pension liability - ending (a)-(b) Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	2,338,747 \$2,307,094 \$800,260	2,307,094 \$2,242,645 \$675,401	2,242,645 \$2,282,278 \$707,488	\$1,880,221 \$1,108,455	\$2,097,966 \$813,259

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit changes. There were no changes in benefits.

<u>Changes in assumptions.</u> The discount rate was updated. General Inflation was updated to 2.50%.

(A) All Plan participants were retired as of July 1, 2018

PARS Enhancement Excess Benefit Agent Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan Last 10 Years

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Actuarially determined contribution	\$204,000	\$280,000	\$297,000	\$391,000	\$0
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined	(246,600)	(272 (22)	(200,000)	(400,000)	0
contributions	(246,689)	(272,689)	(290,000)	(400,000)	0
Contribution deficiency (excess)	(\$42,689)	\$7,311	\$7,000	(\$9,000)	\$0
Covered payroll	\$653,039	\$586,464	\$182,068	\$186,997	\$0 (A)
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	37.78%	46.50%	159.28%	213.91%	0%
Notes to Schedule					
Valuation date:	6/30/2014	6/30/2015	6/30/2016	6/30/2016	6/30/2017
	2020	2021	2022	2022	2024
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Actuarially determined contribution	\$97,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$208,000	\$209,000
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined					
contributions	0	0	0	(330,000)	(338,000)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$97,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	(\$122,000)	(\$129,000)
Covered payroll	<u>\$0</u> (A)	\$0 (A)	\$0 (A)	\$0 (A)	\$0 (A)
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Notes to Schedule					
Valuation date:	6/30/2018	6/30/2020	6/30/2020	6/30/2022	6/30/2022

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry-Age Normal, Level % of pay

Amortization method Level dollar amount

Average remaining amortization period 5-year fixed period for 2023/24

Asset valuation method Market value of assets

Discount rate 3.20% Inflation 2.50% Projected Salary Increase 3.00%

Mortality Rate Table CalPERS 2000-2019 Experience Study

Mortality Improvement Scale Post - retirement mortality projected fully generational with Scale MP-2021

(A) All Plan participants were retired as of July 1, 2018

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Single-Employer Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan Last 10 fiscal years*

Measurement Date	6/30/17	6/30/18	6/30/19	6/30/20	6/30/21
Total OPEB Liability (1)					
Service Cost	\$1,509,000	\$1,263,802	\$1,183,810	\$1,323,555	\$1,767,370
Interest	1,059,000	1,235,540	1,299,001	1,256,947	968,637
Changes of benefit terms	-,,	-,,	-,,	-,,,-	
Differences between expected and actual experience		(256,511)		866,800	
Changes of assumptions	(3,276,000)	(1,351,768)	1,523,401	5,876,460	288,190
Benefit payments	(1,631,000)	(1,733,000)	(1,781,930)	(1,816,214)	(1,885,034)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(2,339,000)	(841,937)	2,224,282	7,507,548	1,139,163
Total OPEB liability - beginning	36,454,000	34,115,000	33,273,063	35,497,345	43,004,893
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$34,115,000	\$33,273,063	\$35,497,345	\$43,004,893	\$44,144,056
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				-	
Covered-employee payroll	\$38,034,624	\$31,729,215	\$39,889,613	\$36,097,420	\$39,082,228
		:			
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	89.69%	104.87%	88.99%	119.14%	112.95%
Measurement Date	6/30/22	6/30/23			
Measurement Date	0/30/22	0/30/23			
Total OPEB Liability (1)					
Service Cost	\$1,820,051	\$1,126,902			
Interest	971,080	1,345,035			
Changes of benefit terms					
Differences between expected and actual experience	811,844	0			
Changes of assumptions	(7,876,327)	(474,103)			
Benefit payments	(2,013,440)	(1,977,631)			
Net change in total OPEB liability	(6,286,792)	20,203			
•					

44,144,056

\$37,857,264

\$44,166,566

85.71%

37,857,264

\$37,877,467

\$53,616,150

70.65%

Notes to Schedule:

 No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75.

Benefit changes: No changes.

Total OPEB liability - beginning

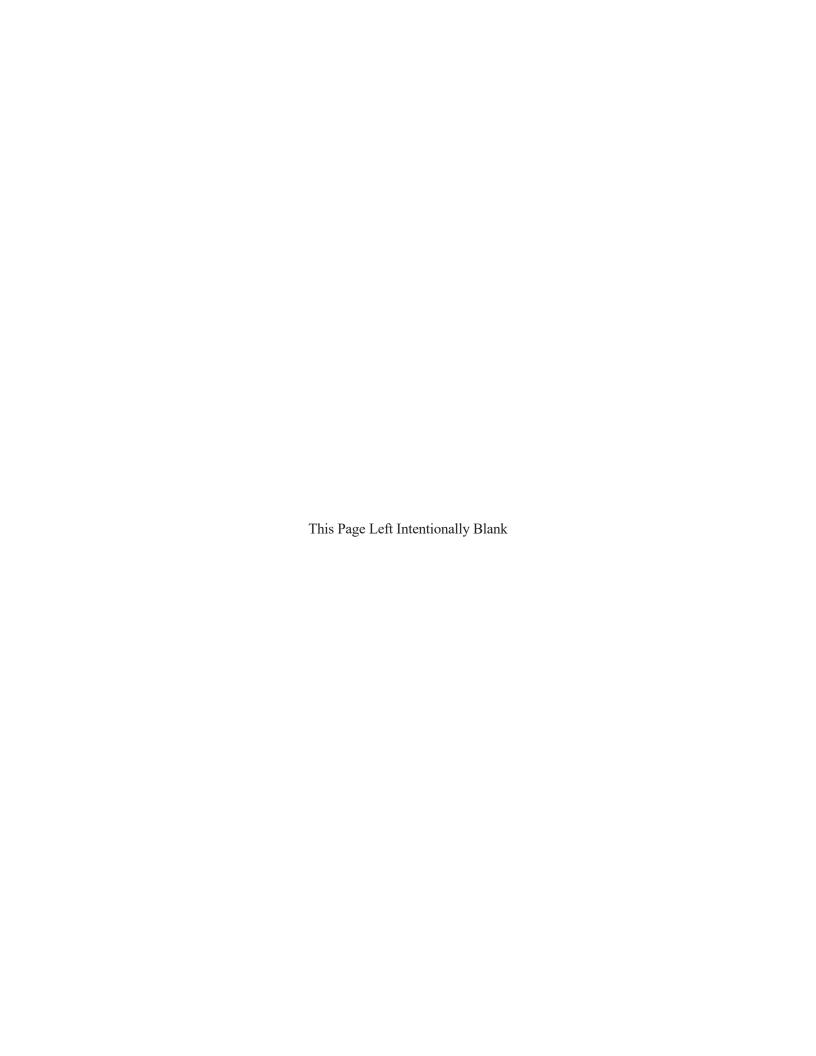
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)

Covered-employee payroll

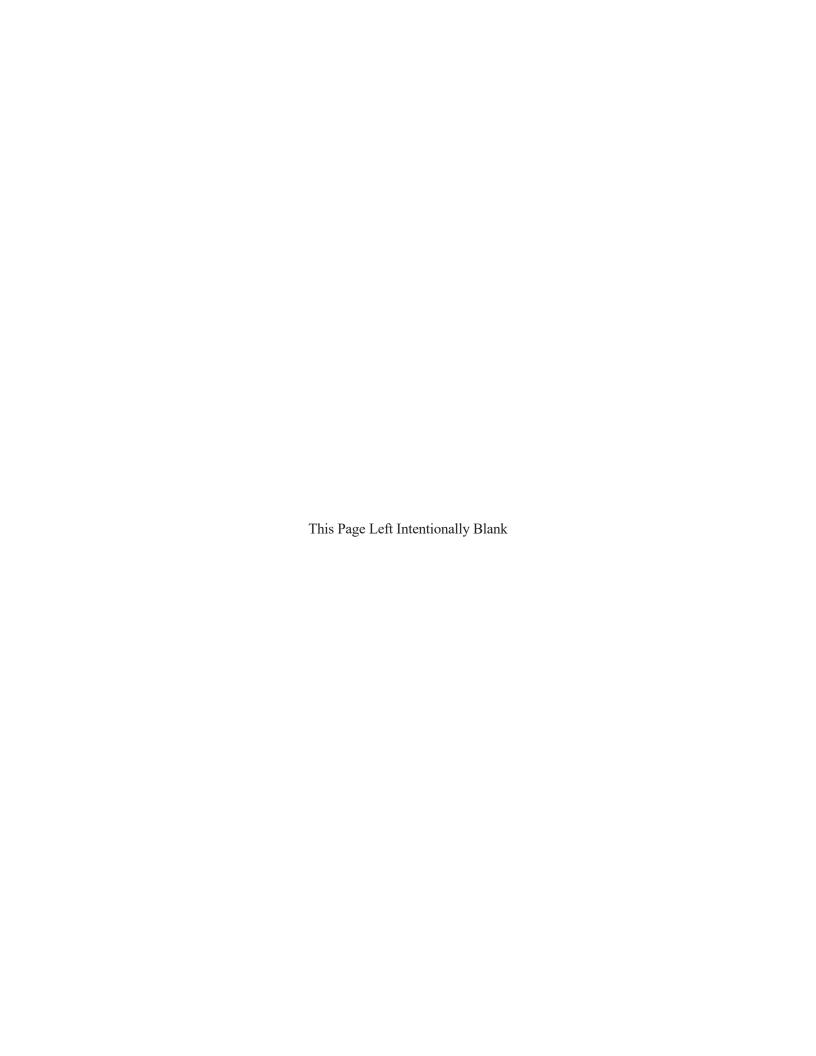
Changes in assumptions: The discount rate was updated based on the municipal bond rate at the measurement date

Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll

^{*} Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation.



SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, OTHER THAN GENERAL FUND AND SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

PUBLIC FACILITIES IMPLEMENTATION PLAN FUND - This fund was initially established to account for the costs incurred for the development of a Public Facilities Implementation Plan. This fund accounts for the developer impact fees collected and expended in the construction of the Drainage and Transportation elements of the Plan. The Sewer and Water developer impact fees collected and expended in connection with the Plan are accounted for in their respective Enterprise Funds.

STATE GASOLINE TAX FUND - Established to account for the construction and maintenance of the street system in Manteca. Financing is provided by the City's share of state gasoline taxes and State of California under AB2928. The allocations from AB2928 must be spent on local streets and roads maintenance, rehabilitation and reconstruction projects according to the tax levied for that purpose by San Joaquin County.

GAS TAX SB1 FUND - Established to account for the Road Maintenance and Rehabilitation Account that addresses deferred maintenance of the local street and road systems and is funded by the State of California.

CITY OF MANTECA PUBLIC FACILITIES IMPLEMENTATION PLAN FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
		Tiotaai	(riogative)
REVENUES			
Use of money and property	\$235,000	\$1,309,167	\$1,074,167
Charges for current services	10,910,000	11,445,439	535,439
Total Revenues	11,145,000	12,754,606	1,609,606
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Public works	318,615	333,423	(14,808)
Capital outlay	3,462,112	7,454,052	(3,991,940)
Debt service:			
Interest and fiscal charges		86,616	(86,616)
Total Expenditures	3,780,727	7,874,091	(4,093,364)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$7,364,273	4,880,515	(\$2,483,758)
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	_	46,643,087	
ENDING FUND BALANCE	=	\$51,523,602	

CITY OF MANTECA STATE GASOLINE TAX FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Variance with

	Budget	Actual	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
Use of money and property	\$7,250	\$85,081	\$77,831
Revenue from other agencies	2,333,934	2,414,233	80,299
Other revenue		13,795	13,795
Total Revenues	2,341,184	2,513,109	171,925
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
Public works	29,800	22,186	7,614
Parks and recreation	4,000	4,382	(382)
Streets and highways Capital outlay	3,493,751 10,674	3,115,495 82,674	378,256 (72,000)
Capital outlay	10,074	02,074	(72,000)
Total Expenditures	3,538,225	3,224,737	313,488
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES			
OVER EXPENDITURES	(1,197,041)	(711,628)	485,413
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	4,925		(4,925)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(\$1,192,116)	(711,628)	\$480,488
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE		1,945,951	
ENDING FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT)		\$1,234,323	

CITY OF MANTECA GAS TAX SB1 FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			
Use of money and property		\$166,406	\$166,406
Revenue from other agencies	\$2,104,730	2,291,655	186,925
Total Revenues	2,104,730	2,458,061	353,331
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay	3,117,647	1,091,069	2,026,578
Total Expenditures	3,117,647	1,091,069	2,026,578
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(\$1,012,917)	1,366,992	\$2,379,909
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE		5,724,348	
ENDING FUND BALANCE		\$7,091,340	

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS:

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT

Established to account for projects financed by the Federal Housing and Urban Development Department through San Joaquin County.

POLICE GRANTS

Established to account for the City's various Police grants. The U.S. Department of Justice Universal Hiring Grants are used to hire additional Patrol officers as well as to provide officers to each of the City's high school attendance areas for the school's Resource Officer Program. The Federal Local Law Enforcement Block Grants are used to supplement communications and equipment needs. State grants are used for specific equipment and personnel costs incurred in the implementation of the grant specific programs.

SUPPLEMENTAL LAW ENFORCEMENT SERVICES

Established to account for the Citizens Option for Public Safety (COPS) appropriation pursuant to Assembly Bill 3229. The Manteca police department is using these funds for front-line law enforcement programs.

STREET IMPROVEMENTS

Established to account for financing of the City's traffic signal installations and highway interchange. Financing is provided by specific traffic signal installation and highway interchange fees imposed on developments.

MAJOR EQUIPMENT PURCHASE FEE

Established to account for financing of major equipment utilization by City departments. Financing is provided by specific major equipment purchase fees imposed on developments.

LANDSCAPE AND LIGHTING MAINTENANCE DISTRICT

Established to account for the financing of lighting and landscape maintenance districts formed pursuant to the Landscaping and Lighting Act of 1972 and benefit assessment districts formed pursuant to the Benefit Assessment Act of 1982. The City currently has twenty five approved districts.

DEVELOPMENT MITIGATION

Established to account for the collection and use of fees collected as part of negotiated development agreements. These fees include a Development Agreement Fee, and Economic Development Fee, a Public Facilities Fee, a Development Services Fee, a Public Safety Endowment Fee, and a Recreational Amenities Fee.

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICTS

The Community Facilities Districts Fund (CFD) was established to account for the monies collected and special taxes levied in association with the formation of and services associated with Community Facilities Districts.

FIRE GRANTS

The Fire Grants Fund was established to account for the fire grants received by the City. Federal grants are used for specific equipment and personnel costs incurred in the implementation of the grant programs.

PUBLIC SAFETY SALES TAX

Established to account for all proceeds collected from the levying of the Gang and Drug Prevention, 9-1-1 Emergency and Public Safety Improvement Transactions and Use Tax. Taxes received are to be used solely for the public safety services set forth in the Program Guidelines and Public Safety Expenditure Plan. The Public Safety Expenditure Plan may be amended from time to time by a majority vote of the City Council, so long as the funds are utilized for public safety, police and fire protection services.

INNOVATION AND TECHNOLOGY

Established during the year ended June 30, 2021 to account for the creation, expansion, and maintenance of a fiber conduit network and future "Smart City" technology initiatives and infrastructure projects throughout the City.

ENGINEERING SERVICES

Established to account for developer fees used to oversee planning, design, and construction for new capital projects.

COVID RELIEF

Established to account for federal grant funding and expenditures dedicated to support the City's response to COVID-19.

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUNDS:

REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION IMPACT FEES

Established to account for fees collected in association with the Regional Transportation Impact Fee Program (RTIF). The RTIF Program is a County-wide program administered by the San Joaquin Council of Governments as part of a regional effort to mitigate traffic congestion. Improvements to the Regional Transportation Network have been identified in the RTIF Capital Project list. This program collects fees from future residential and non-residential development. Fees collected are used exclusively on identified projects locally and within the region.

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

MEASURE K

Established to account for the construction and maintenance of the street system in Manteca financed with a 1/2 cent sales tax levied for that purpose by San Joaquin County. The tax was established in 1999, renewed in 2006 and sunsets in 2036.

PARKS

Established to account for the construction and maintenance of all City owned parks. Financing is provided by a special parks improvement fee imposed on developments.

FLOOD PROTECTION

Established to account for permit payments that are collected for the two-hundred-year flood.

REDEVELOPMENT BONDS PROJECTS

This fund was established to account for the financing and construction activities funded with the taxexempt proceeds from the issuance of the former Manteca Redevelopment Agency's long-term debt.

FIRE FACILITIES FEE

Established to account for financing and construction activities related to Fire Facilities. Financing is provided by fees imposed on developments.

NEIGHBORHOOD PARKS IN LIEU FEE

Established to account for fees paid by developers in-lieu of building and dedicating a park when a development is determined to be too small to develop their own neighborhood park.

GOVERNMENT BUILDING FACILITIES FUND

Established to account for the financing and construction activities of the Civic Center expansion and other City facilities, as well as fire sprinkler fees. Financing is provided by government building facilities fees and fire fees imposed on developments.

SPECIAL APPORTIONMENT STREETS FUND

Established to account for the construction and maintenance of the street system in Manteca. Financing is provided through local transportation funds and State and Federal grants.

CITY OF MANTECA NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2024

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS				
	Community Development Block Grant	Police Grants	Supplemental Law Enforcement Services	Street Improvements	Major Equipment Purchase Fee
ASSETS					
Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Accounts receivables (net of allowance for	¢110.244	\$274,516	\$537,190	\$49,572	\$1,687,946
estimated uncollectible accounts) Taxes receivable Interest receivable Leases receivable	\$119,344	214,393			94,414
Total Assets	\$119,344	\$488,909	\$537,190	\$49,572	\$1,782,360
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable Contracts payable Refundable deposits	\$9,013		\$5,517		
Due to other funds Unearned revenue	89,034	\$127,142 26,260			
Total Liabilities	98,047	153,402	5,517		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable revenue - accounts receivable Related to leases	115,400	167,723			\$94,414
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	115,400	167,723			94,414
FUND BALANCE					
Fund balance: Restricted Committed		167,784	531,673	\$49,572	1,687,946
Assigned Unassigned	(94,103)				
Total Fund Balances	(94,103)	167,784	531,673	49,572	1,687,946
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$119,344	\$488,909	\$537,190	\$49,572	\$1,782,360

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS							
Landscape and Lighting Maintenance District	Development Mitigation	Community Facilities Districts	Fire Grants	Public Safety Sales Tax	Innovation and Technology	Engineering Services	COVID Relief
\$2,137,886	\$10,922,029	\$6,413,207	\$136,785	\$4,113,544	\$296,580	\$4,058,971	\$6,345,261
			226,056	1,739,842	318 830 575,079	64,515	
\$2,137,886	\$10,922,029	\$6,413,207	\$362,841	\$5,853,386	\$872,807	\$4,123,486	\$6,345,261
\$82,515		\$408,483 750,581		\$4,367	\$22,581	\$15,315	\$103,384
							6,241,877
82,515		1,159,064		4,367	22,581	15,315	6,345,261
			\$226,056		547,201		
			226,056		547,201		
2,055,371	\$10,922,029	5,254,143	136,785	5,849,019	303,025	4,108,171	
2,055,371	10,922,029	5,254,143	136,785	5,849,019	303,025	4,108,171	
\$2,137,886	\$10,922,029	\$6,413,207	\$362,841	\$5,853,386	\$872,807	\$4,123,486	\$6,345,261

(Continued)

CITY OF MANTECA NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2024

-	CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUNDS					
ASSETS	Regional Transportation Impact Fees	Measure K	Parks	Flood Protection	Redevelopment Bonds Projects	
Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Accounts receivables (net of allowance for	\$23,884,385	\$6,522,949	\$20,015,013 605,294	\$1,999,258	\$3,429,818	
estimated uncollectible accounts) Taxes receivable Interest receivable Leases receivable		486,775			96,649	
Total Assets	\$23,884,385	\$7,009,724	\$20,620,307	\$1,999,258	\$3,526,467	
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable Contracts payable Refundable deposits Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$488,518 34,036	\$734,662	\$18,977 2,214 605,294	\$1,968,185		
Total Liabilities	522,554	734,662	626,485	1,968,185		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue - accounts receivable Related to leases						
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources						
FUND BALANCE						
Fund balance: Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned	23,361,831	6,275,062	19,993,822	31,073	\$3,526,467	
Total Fund Balances	23,361,831	6,275,062	19,993,822	31,073	3,526,467	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$23,884,385	\$7,009,724	\$20,620,307	\$1,999,258	\$3,526,467	

CAPITAL	IMPROV	JEMENT	FUNDS

Fire Facilities Fee	Neighborhood Parks In Lieu Fee	Government Building Facilities	Special Apportionment Streets	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$5,558,908	\$4,125,736	\$40,004,310		\$139,084,046 4,035,112
99,968		596,899	\$7,559,626	9,072,182 2,226,617 830 575,079
\$5,658,876	\$4,125,736	\$40,601,209	\$7,559,626	\$154,993,866
\$4,384			\$376,173 26,192 562 4,195,813	\$4,242,074 28,406 1,390,473 4,411,989 6,268,137
4,384			4,598,740	16,341,079
99,968		\$596,899	8,482	1,308,942 547,201
99,968		596,899	8,482	1,856,143
5,554,524	\$4,125,736	40,004,310	2,952,404	133,635,318 303,025 2,952,404 (94,103)
5,554,524	4,125,736	40,004,310	2,952,404	136,796,644
\$5,658,876	\$4,125,736	\$40,601,209	\$7,559,626	\$154,993,866

CITY OF MANTECA NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS					
				(Previously		
	Community		Supplemental Law	Nonmajor)		Major
	Development Block Grant	Police Grants	Enforcement Services	Recreation	Street Improvements	Equipment Purchase Fee
REVENUES Property taxes						
Sales taxes Licenses and permits						
Use of money and property Revenue from other agencies	\$400,641	\$434,041	\$253,657			\$48,436
Charges for current services Other revenue						368,361
Total Revenues	400,641	434,041	253,657		-	416,797
EXPENDITURES Current:						
General government	375,299					
Community development Public safety		221,072	37,728			
Public works		221,072	31,126			
Parks and recreation						
Streets and highways Nondepartmental			70,059			
Capital outlay		130,506	153,614			
Total Expenditures	375,299	351,578	261,401			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	25,342	82,463	(7,744)			416,797
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out	20,000					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	20,000					
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	45,342	82,463	(7,744)			416,797
BEGINNING FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS), AS PREVIOUSLY REPORTED	(139,445)	85,321	539,417	\$338,826	\$49,572	1,271,149
ADJUSTMENTS Changes from major fund to nonmajor fund Changes from nonmajor fund to major fund				(338,826)		
BEGINNING FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS), AS ADJUSTED	(139,445)	85,321	539,417		49,572	1,271,149
ENDING FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	(\$94,103)	\$167,784	\$531,673		\$49,572	\$1,687,946
,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				/	

			SPEC	IAL REVENUE	FUNDS			
Landscape and Lighting Maintenance District	(Previously Nonmajor) Development Services	Development Mitigation	Community Facilities Districts	Fire Grants	Public Safety Sales Tax	Innovation and Technology	Engineering Services	COVID Relief
					\$10,109,630			
\$108,724		\$335,546	\$100,159	\$93,057	145,066	\$11,581	\$41,096 67,711	\$3,129,274
1,466,839 3,170		770,559	2,899,004 3,120			115,293	4,384,251 76,246	
1,578,733		1,106,105	3,002,283	93,057	10,254,696	126,874	4,569,304	3,129,274
858,655			1,137,198 79,487	12,229	10,080,708	116,754	2,441,273	70,000 35,000 430,000 730,000 20,000 65,000
141,684		41,681	137,850		102,484			1,672,378
1,000,339		41,681	1,354,535	12,229	10,183,192	116,754	2,441,273	3,022,378
578,394		1,064,424	1,647,748	80,828	71,504	10,120	2,128,031	106,896
				360,070			1,738,700 (45,000)	
				360,070			1,693,700	
578,394		1,064,424	1,647,748	440,898	71,504	10,120	3,821,731	106,896
1,476,977	\$13,671,528	9,857,605	3,606,395	(304,113)	5,777,515	292,905	286,440	(106,896)
	(13,671,528)							
1,476,977		9,857,605	3,606,395	(304,113)	5,777,515	292,905	286,440	(106,896)
\$2,055,371		\$10,922,029	\$5,254,143	\$136,785	\$5,849,019	\$303,025	\$4,108,171	

(Continued)

CITY OF MANTECA NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		C.	APITAL IMPROV	EMENT FUNDS		
	(Previously Nonmajor) State Gasoline Tax	Regional Transportation Impact Fees	Measure K	Parks	Flood Protection	Redevelopment Bonds Projects
REVENUES Property taxes Sales taxes Licenses and permits						
Use of money and property		\$665,449	\$327,351	\$545,085	\$24,479	\$2,085,244
Revenue from other agencies		2 420 400	2,516,926	4 902 724		
Charges for current services Other revenue		3,430,490 1,172,434		4,803,724		96,649
Total Revenues		5,268,373	2,844,277	5,348,809	24,479	2,181,893
EXPENDITURES Current: General government Community development Public safety						
Public works			365,845			
Parks and recreation Streets and highways		8,680	23,070	203,896		
Nondepartmental Capital outlay		45,465	7,179,620	44,102		6,319,663
Total Expenditures		54,145	7,568,535	247,998		6,319,663
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		5,214,228	(4,724,258)	5,100,811	24,479	(4,137,770)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out			(202,927)			
Table Fig. 1						
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			(202,927)			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		5,214,228	(4,927,185)	5,100,811	24,479	(4,137,770)
BEGINNING FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS), AS PREVIOUSLY REPORTED	\$1,945,951	18,147,603	11,202,247	14,893,011	6,594	7,664,237
ADJUSTMENTS Changes from major fund to nonmajor fund Changes from nonmajor fund to major fund	(1,945,951)					
BEGINNING FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS), AS ADJUSTED		18,147,603	11,202,247	14,893,011	6,594	7,664,237
ENDING FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)		\$23,361,831	\$6,275,062	\$19,993,822	\$31,073	\$3,526,467

	CAPITAL	IMPROVEMENT	Γ FUNDS		
		(Previously Nonmajor)		(Previously Major)	Total
Fire	Neighborhood	(Noninajor)	Government	Special	Nonmajor
Facilities	Parks	Gas Tax	Building	Apportionment	Governmental
Fee	In Lieu Fee	SB1	Facilities	Streets	Funds
					\$10,109,630
\$1,899,232	*125.205		\$6,069,135		7,968,367
124,762	\$127,285		1,149,692	\$12,582,538	5,839,955 19,477,845
				\$12,362,336	18,123,228
				13,623	1,480,535
2,023,994	127,285		7,218,827	12,596,161	62,999,560
					562,053
					35,000
					10,781,737
					4,674,316
					1,162,038
				1,488,037	1,584,787
95,396				1,485,324	70,059 17,549,767
95,396				2,973,361	36,419,757
1,928,598	127,285		7,218,827	9,622,800	26,579,803
					2,118,770
				(70,659)	(318,586)
				(70,659)	1,800,184
1,928,598	127,285		7,218,827	9,552,141	28,379,987
3,625,926	3,998,451	\$5,724,348	32,785,483		136,697,047
				(6.500.505)	((500 505)
		(5,724,348)		(6,599,737)	(6,599,737) (21,680,653)
2 625 026	2 000 451		22 705 402	(6 500 727)	100 417 757
3,625,926	3,998,451		32,785,483	(6,599,737)	108,416,657
\$5,554,524	\$4,125,736		\$40,004,310	\$2,952,404	\$136,796,644

CITY OF MANTECA

BUDGETED NON-MAJOR FUNDS

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT			POLICE GRANTS		
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Property taxes Sales taxes Licenses and permits Use of money and property Revenue from other agencies Charges for current services Other revenue	\$297,636	\$400,641	\$103,005	\$222,116	\$434,041	\$211,925
Total Revenues	297,636	400,641	103,005	222,116	434,041	211,925
EXPENDITURES Current: General government Community development Public safety Public works Parks and recreation Streets and highways Nondepartmental	347,075	375,299	(28,224)	197,975	221,072	(23,097)
Capital outlay				132,850	130,506	2,344
Total Expenditures	347,075	375,299	(28,224)	330,825	351,578	(20,753)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(49,439)	25,342	74,781	(108,709)	82,463	191,172
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out	20,000	20,000				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	20,000	20,000				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(\$29,439)	45,342	\$74,781	(\$108,709)	82,463	\$191,172
BEGINNING FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	(139,445)		_	85,321	

(\$94,103)

\$167,784

ENDING FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)

	LEMENTAL : CEMENT SEF		STRE	EET IMPROVEM		M	MAJOR EQUIPMENT PURCHASE FEE		
Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
								<u> </u>	
\$200,000	\$253,657	\$53,657					\$48,436	\$48,436	
							368,361	368,361	
200,000	253,657	53,657					416,797	416,797	
65,243	37,728	27,515							
50,342 177,051	70,059 153,614	(19,717) 23,437							
292,636	261,401	31,235							
(92,636)	(7,744)	84,892					416,797	416,797	
							. ———		
(\$92,636)	(7,744)	\$84,892					416,797	\$416,797	
-	539,417			\$49,572			1,271,149		
=	\$531,673		=	\$49,572			\$1,687,946		

(Continued)

CITY OF MANTECA

BUDGETED NON-MAJOR FUNDS

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

LANDSCAPE AND

	LIGHTING M	MAINTENAN	CE DISTRICT	CT DEVELOPMENT MITIGATION			
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Property taxes Sales taxes Licenses and permits Use of money and property Revenue from other agencies		\$108,724	\$108,724	\$8,500	\$335,546	\$327,046	
Charges for current services Other revenue	\$1,473,413	1,466,839 3,170	(6,574) 3,170	1,245,000	770,559	(474,441)	
Total Revenues	1,473,413	1,578,733	105,320	1,253,500	1,106,105	(147,395)	
EXPENDITURES Current: General government Community development Public safety Public works Parks and recreation Streets and highways Nondepartmental	1,522,981	858,655	664,326				
Capital outlay	295,211	141,684	153,527	60,528	41,681	18,847	
Total Expenditures	1,818,192	1,000,339	817,853	60,528	41,681	18,847	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(344,779)	578,394	923,173	1,192,972	1,064,424	(128,548)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out							
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(\$344,779)	578,394	\$923,173	\$1,192,972	1,064,424	(\$128,548)	
BEGINNING FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT	S)	1,476,977			9,857,605		
ENDING FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)		\$2,055,371			\$10,922,029		

COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICTS			ī	FIRE GRANT	S	PUBLIC SAFETY SALES TAX			
Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
						\$10,508,800	\$10,109,630	(\$399,170)	
\$2,339,830	\$100,159 2,899,004 3,120	\$100,159 559,174 3,120	\$15,000	\$93,057	\$78,057	47,000	145,066	98,066	
2,339,830	3,002,283	662,453	15,000	93,057	78,057	10,555,800	10,254,696	(301,104)	
2,329,767 83,727	1,137,198 79,487	1,192,569 4,240	15,000	12,229	2,771	9,986,462	10,080,708	(94,246)	
891,371	137,850	753,521				104,942	102,484	2,458	
3,304,865	1,354,535	1,950,330	15,000	12,229	2,771	10,091,404	10,183,192	(91,788)	
(965,035)	1,647,748	2,612,783		80,828	80,828	464,396	71,504	(392,892)	
			360,070	360,070		50,000		(50,000)	
			360,070	360,070		50,000		(50,000)	
(\$965,035)	1,647,748	\$2,612,783	\$360,070	440,898	\$80,828	\$514,396	71,504	(\$442,892)	
	3,606,395		-	(304,113)			5,777,515		
	\$5,254,143		<u>-</u>	\$136,785			\$5,849,019		

(Continued)

CITY OF MANTECA

BUDGETED NON-MAJOR FUNDS

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	INNOVATION	ON AND TEC	HNOLOGY	ENGINEERING SERVICES		
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Property taxes Sales taxes Licenses and permits Use of money and property		\$11,581	\$11,581		\$41,096	\$41,096
Revenue from other agencies Charges for current services	\$101,200	\$11,561	(101,200)	\$25,000 1,910,000	67,711 4,384,251	42,711 2,474,251
Other revenue	100,000	115,293	15,293	80,000	76,246	(3,754)
Total Revenues	201,200	126,874	(74,326)	2,015,000	4,569,304	2,554,304
EXPENDITURES Current: General government Community development Public safety Public works Parks and recreation Streets and highways Nondepartmental Capital outlay	201,954	116,754	85,200	3,261,889	2,441,273	820,616
Total Expenditures	201,954	116,754	85,200	3,261,889	2,441,273	820,616
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(754)	10,120	10,874	(1,246,889)	2,128,031	3,374,920
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out				1,738,700 (345,000)	1,738,700 (45,000)	300,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				1,393,700	1,693,700	300,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(\$754)	10,120	\$10,874	\$146,811	3,821,731	\$3,674,920
BEGINNING FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	•	292,905			286,440	
ENDING FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)		\$303,025			\$4,108,171	

REGIONAL

1	COVID RELIEF TRA			TRANSPORTATION IMPACT FEES			MEASURE K		
Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
\$3,682,765	\$3,129,274	(\$553,491)	\$34,000	\$665,449	\$631,449	\$2,439,927	\$327,351 2,516,926	\$327,351 76,999	
			2,855,000	3,430,490 1,172,434	575,490 1,172,434				
3,682,765	3,129,274	(553,491)	2,889,000	5,268,373	2,379,373	2,439,927	2,844,277	404,350	
5,337,664	70,000 35,000 430,000 730,000 20,000 65,000	(70,000) (35,000) 4,907,664 (730,000) (20,000) (65,000)		8,680	(8,680)	521,843 30,791	365,845 23,070	155,998 7,721	
965,649	1,672,378	(706,729)	54,307	45,465	8,842	7,165,818	7,179,620	(13,802)	
6,303,313	3,022,378	3,280,935	54,307	54,145	162	7,718,452	7,568,535	149,917	
(2,620,548)	106,896	2,727,444	2,834,693	5,214,228	2,379,535	(5,278,525)	(4,724,258)	554,267	
						(202,927)	(202,927)		
(\$2,620,548)	106,896	\$2,727,444	\$2,834,693	5,214,228	\$2,379,535	(\$5,481,452)	(4,927,185)	\$554,267	
	(106,896)			18,147,603			11,202,247		
				\$23,361,831		:	\$6,275,062		

(Continued)

CITY OF MANTECA

BUDGETED NON-MAJOR FUNDS

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		PARKS		FLOOD PROTECTION		
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Property taxes Sales taxes Licenses and permits						
Use of money and property Revenue from other agencies		\$545,085	\$545,085		\$24,479	\$24,479
Charges for current services Other revenue	\$2,000,000	4,803,724	2,803,724			
Total Revenues	2,000,000	5,348,809	3,348,809		24,479	24,479
EXPENDITURES Current: General government Community development Public safety Public works						
Parks and recreation Streets and highways Nondepartmental	203,896	203,896				
Capital outlay	44,103	44,102	1			
Total Expenditures	247,999	247,998	1			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	1,752,001	5,100,811	3,348,810		24,479	24,479
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out						
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$1,752,001	5,100,811	\$3,348,810		24,479	\$24,479
BEGINNING FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)		14,893,011			6,594	
ENDING FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)		\$19,993,822			\$31,073	

REDEVELO	PMENT BOND		FIRI	FIRE FACILITIES FEE			NEIGHBORHOOD PARKS IN LIEU I	
Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
POC (40)	\$2,085,244	\$2,085,244	\$1,701,000	\$1,899,232 124,762	\$198,232 124,762		\$127,285	\$127,285
\$96,649	96,649							
96,649	2,181,893	2,085,244	1,701,000	2,023,994	322,994		127,285	127,285
6,319,663	6,319,663		93,817	95,396	(1,579)			
6,319,663	6,319,663		93,817	95,396	(1,579)			
(6,223,014)	(4,137,770)	2,085,244	1,607,183	1,928,598	321,415		127,285	127,285
(\$6,223,014)	(4,137,770)	\$2,085,244	\$1,607,183	1,928,598	\$321,415		127,285	\$127,285
	7,664,237			3,625,926			3,998,451	
	\$3,526,467			\$5,554,524			\$4,125,736	

(Continued)

CITY OF MANTECA

BUDGETED NON-MAJOR FUNDS

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	GOVERNME	NT BUILDING	FACILITIES	SPECIAL APPORTIONMENT STREETS		
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Property taxes Sales taxes Licenses and permits Use of money and property Revenue from other agencies Charges for current services Other revenue	\$5,000,000 284,000	\$6,069,135 1,149,692	\$1,069,135 865,692	\$2,176,051	\$12,582,538 13,623	\$10,406,487 13,623
Total Revenues	5,284,000	7,218,827	1,934,827	2,176,051	12,596,161	10,420,110
EXPENDITURES Current: General government Community development Public safety Public works Parks and recreation Streets and highways Nondepartmental				1,363,296	1,488,037	(124,741)
Capital outlay	66,310		66,310	1,532,803	1,485,324	47,479
Total Expenditures EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	5,217,690	7,218,827	2,001,137	2,896,099 (720,048)	2,973,361 9,622,800	10,342,848
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out				(70,659)	(70,659)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				(70,659)	(70,659)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$5,217,690	7,218,827	\$2,001,137	(\$790,707)	9,552,141	\$10,342,848
BEGINNING FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS))	32,785,483			(6,599,737)	
ENDING FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)		\$40,004,310			\$2,952,404	

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are used to finance and account for special activities and services performed by a designated department for other departments in the City on a cost reimbursement basis.

For the Statement of Activities, the net revenues or expenses of each internal service fund are eliminated by netting them against the operations of the other City departments which generated them. The remaining balance sheet items are consolidated with these same funds in the Statement of Net Position.

However, internal service funds are still presented separately in the Fund financial statements, including the funds below.

VEHICLE

Established to account for the purchase and replacement of vehicles utilized by City departments.

EQUIPMENT

Established to account for the purchase and replacement of equipment (including Information Systems equipment) utilized by City departments.

INSURANCE

Established to account for the self-insured portion of the City's workers' compensation and liability insurance programs.

CITY OF MANTECA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

Cash and investments \$1,766,837 \$2,535,624 \$4,971,826 \$9,274, Accounts receivable Prepaids and deposits 18,142 26,544 26, 26, 26, 26, 26, 26, 26, 26, 26, 26,	
Non-Current Assets: Capital assets not being depreciated 952,629 218,111 1,170, 21,	287 142 544
Capital assets not being depreciated 952,629 218,111 1,170, Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) 212,220 938,007 1,150, Total Non-Current Assets 1,164,849 1,156,118 2,320, Total Assets 2,949,828 3,718,286 4,971,826 11,639, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred outflows related to OPEB 1,099,110 226,732 1,325, 1325	973
Total Non-Current Assets 1,164,849 1,156,118 2,320, Total Assets 2,949,828 3,718,286 4,971,826 11,639, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred outflows related to OPEB 1,099,110 226,732 1,325, Deferred outflows related to OPEB 85,990 45,861 131,	
Total Assets 2,949,828 3,718,286 4,971,826 11,639, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 1,099,110 226,732 1,325, Deferred outflows related to OPEB 85,990 45,861 131,	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to pensions 1,099,110 226,732 1,325, Deferred outflows related to OPEB 85,990 45,861 131,	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 1 185 100 272 593 1 457	842
1,105,100	693
LIABILITIES	
Interest payable 19,221 19, Estimated claims liability 1,302,921 1,302,	808 221 921 579
Total Current Liabilities 133,400 475,478 1,596,370 2,205,	248
Net pension liability 3,637,861 750,443 4,388, Total OPEB Liability 496,244 264,663 760,	907 582
Total Long-Term Liabilities 4,640,013 1,061,772 5,701,	785
Total Liabilities 133,400 5,115,491 2,658,142 7,907,	033
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to OPEB 87,498 46,666 134,	164
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 87,498 46,666 134,	164
NET POSITION	
Investment in capital assets 1,164,849 413,706 1,578, Unrestricted 1,651,579 (713,309) 2,539,611 3,477,	
Total Net Position \$2,816,428 (\$299,603) \$2,539,611 \$5,056,	436

CITY OF MANTECA

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

				Payroll Tax	
	Vehicle	Equipment	Insurance	Benefit	Total
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$1,377,277	\$4,206,978			\$5,584,255
Insurance premium contribution from other funds			\$6,781,164		6,781,164
Miscellaneous			131,236		131,236
Total Operating Revenues	1,377,277	4,206,978	6,912,400		12,496,655
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Personnel services	(100,115)	2,622,625	534,908		3,057,418
Contractual services		28,571	5,245		33,816
Supplies	106,850	441,088	6,343		554,281
Utilities Repairs and maintenance	1,320 6,523	466,748 882,340	7,568 16,150		475,636 905,013
Interdepartmental	56,902	331,844	10,150		388,746
Insurance	50,702	76,352	5,751,150		5,827,502
Claims		,	280,486		280,486
Depreciation	59,503	339,359			398,862
Miscellaneous		33,363	54,884		88,247
Total Operating Expenses	130,983	5,222,290	6,656,734		12,010,007
Total Operating Income (Loss)	1,246,294	(1,015,312)	255,666		486,648
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Interest income	40,613	37,143			77,756
Interest expense		(32,779)			(32,779)
Gain on sale of capital assets	92,576				92,576
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	133,189	4,364			137,553
Change in Net Position Before Transfers	1,379,483	(1,010,948)	255,666		624,201
Transfers In	45,000				45,000
Change in Net Position	1,424,483	(1,010,948)	255,666		669,201
BEGINNING NET POSITION, as previously reported	1,391,945	314,411	2,191,044	(\$554,604)	3,342,796
ADJUSTMENTS					
Change in Accounting Principle - OPEB Allocation		396,934	92,901		489,835
Change Within the Financial Reporting Entity				554,604	554,604
BEGINNING NET POSITION, AS ADJUSTED	1,391,945	711,345	2,283,945		4,387,235
ENDING NET POSITION	\$2,816,428	(\$299,603)	\$2,539,611		\$5,056,436
				-	·

CITY OF MANTECA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Receipt from customers		Vehicle	Equipment	Insurance	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers in 45,000 45,000 45,000	Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Payments to or on behalf of employees	(103,238)	(2,390,861)	(5,686,038) (448,258)	(8,180,137) (2,490,815)
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers in	Cash Flows from (used by) Operating Activities	1,228,495	(199,038)	231,563	1,261,020
Financing Activities	RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	45,000			45,000
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		45,000	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		45,000
Financing Activities (909,150) (443,670) (1,352,820) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest earnings 40,613 37,143 77,756 Cash Flows from Investing Activities 40,613 37,143 77,756 Net Cash Flows 404,958 (605,565) 231,563 30,956 Cash and investments at beginning of period 1,361,879 3,141,189 4,740,263 9,243,331 Cash and investments at end of period \$1,766,837 \$2,535,624 \$4,971,826 \$9,274,287 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash flows from operating activities: (51,015,312) \$255,666 \$486,648 Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash flows from operating activities: 59,503 339,359 398,862 Change in assets and liabilities: (18,142) (26,544) (18,142) Prepaids and deposits (26,544) (26,544) (26,544) Accounts and other payables 68,357 (104,011) 155,302 119,648 Claims liability (266,055) (266,055) (266,055) Net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows	FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition of capital assets Proceeds from sale of capital assets Lease liability - principal payment Subscription liability - principal payment		(1,557) (229,150)		92,576 (1,557) (229,150)
Interest earnings		(909,150)	(443,670)		(1,352,820)
Net Cash Flows 404,958 (605,565) 231,563 30,956 Cash and investments at beginning of period 1,361,879 3,141,189 4,740,263 9,243,331 Cash and investments at end of period \$1,766,837 \$2,535,624 \$4,971,826 \$9,274,287 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash flows from operating activities: \$1,246,294 (\$1,015,312) \$255,666 \$486,648 Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash flows from operating activities: \$9,503 339,359 \$398,862 Change in assets and liabilities: \$(18,142) \$(18,142) \$(18,142) Prepaids and deposits \$(26,544) \$(26,544) \$(26,544) Accounts and other payables \$68,357 \$(104,011) \$155,302 \$119,648 Claims liability \$(266,055) \$(266,055) \$(266,055) Net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows \$(127,517) \$620,471 \$(9,818) \$483,136 Total OPEB liability, deferred outflows and inflows \$(13,001) 96,468 \$3,467		40,613	37,143		77,756
Cash and investments at beginning of period 1,361,879 3,141,189 4,740,263 9,243,331 Cash and investments at end of period \$1,766,837 \$2,535,624 \$4,971,826 \$9,274,287 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash flows from operating activities: Operating income (loss) \$1,246,294 (\$1,015,312) \$255,666 \$486,648 Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash flows from operating activities: Depreciation 59,503 339,359 398,862 Change in assets and liabilities: Receivables, net (18,142) (18,142) (18,142) Prepaids and deposits (26,544) (26,544) (26,544) Accounts and other payables 68,357 (104,011) 155,302 119,648 Claims liability (260,055) (266,055) (266,055) Net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows (127,517) 620,471 (9,818) 483,136 Total OPEB liability, deferred outflows and inflows (13,001) 96,468 83,467	Cash Flows from Investing Activities	40,613	37,143		77,756
Cash and investments at end of period \$1,766,837 \$2,535,624 \$4,971,826 \$9,274,287 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash flows from operating activities:	Net Cash Flows	404,958	(605,565)	231,563	30,956
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash flows from operating activities:	Cash and investments at beginning of period	1,361,879	3,141,189	4,740,263	9,243,331
from operating activities: Operating income (loss) \$1,246,294 (\$1,015,312) \$255,666 \$486,648 Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash flows from operating activities: Depreciation \$59,503 \$339,359 \$398,862 Change in assets and liabilities: Receivables, net \$(18,142)\$ Prepaids and deposits \$(26,544)\$ Accounts and other payables \$(8,357)\$ Claims liability \$(266,055)\$ Net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows \$(127,517)\$ Total OPEB liability, deferred outflows and inflows \$(127,517)\$ Total OPEB liability, deferred outflows and inflows \$(13,001)\$ Description \$398,862\$ \$(18,142)\$ \$(18,142)\$ \$(26,544)\$ \$(266,055)\$	Cash and investments at end of period	\$1,766,837	\$2,535,624	\$4,971,826	\$9,274,287
Depreciation 59,503 339,359 398,862 Change in assets and liabilities: Receivables, net (18,142) Prepaids and deposits (26,544) (26,544) Accounts and other payables (68,357) (104,011) 155,302 119,648 Claims liability (266,055) (266,055) Net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows (127,517) 620,471 (9,818) 483,136 Total OPEB liability, deferred outflows and inflows (13,001) 96,468 83,467	from operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash flows	\$1,246,294	(\$1,015,312)	\$255,666	\$486,648
Receivables, net (18,142) (18,142) Prepaids and deposits (26,544) (26,544) Accounts and other payables 68,357 (104,011) 155,302 119,648 Claims liability (266,055) (266,055) Net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows (127,517) 620,471 (9,818) 483,136 Total OPEB liability, deferred outflows and inflows (13,001) 96,468 83,467	Depreciation	59,503	339,359		398,862
Accounts and other payables $68,357$ $(104,011)$ $155,302$ $119,648$ Claims liability $(266,055)$ $(266,055)$ Net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows $(127,517)$ $620,471$ $(9,818)$ $483,136$ Total OPEB liability, deferred outflows and inflows $(13,001)$ $96,468$ $83,467$	Receivables, net	(18,142)			
Claims liability (266,055) (266,055) Net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows (127,517) 620,471 (9,818) 483,136 Total OPEB liability, deferred outflows and inflows (13,001) 96,468 83,467		68,357	· · · /	155,302	
Cash Flows from (used by) Operating Activities \$1,228,495 (\$199,038) \$231,563 \$1,261,020	Claims liability Net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows		620,471	(266,055) (9,818)	(266,055) 483,136
	Cash Flows from (used by) Operating Activities	\$1,228,495	(\$199,038)	\$231,563	\$1,261,020

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health. In contrast to the financial section, the statistical section information is not subject to independent audit.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and wellbeing have changed over time:

- 1. Net Position by Component
- 2. Changes in Net Position
- 3. Fund Balance of Governmental Funds
- 4. Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
- 5. General Revenues by Source
- 6. General Expenditures by Function

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax:

- 1. Assessed and Estimated Value of Taxable Property
- 2. Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates
- 3. Principal Property Taxpayers
- 4. Property Tax Levies and Collections
- 5. Manteca Redevelopment Project Area No. 1 Top Twenty Assessed Values
- 6. Manteca Redevelopment Project Area No. 2 Top Twenty Assessed Values
- 7. Manteca Redevelopment Merged Project Area (2005 Merged Project Amended Area) Top Twenty Assessed Values
- 8. Manteca Redevelopment Amended Merged Project Area (2004 Amended Area) Top Twenty Assessed Values
- 9. Taxable Sales by Category
- 10. Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates
- 11. Principal Sales Tax Payers

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future:

- 1. Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type
- 2. Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt
- 3. Computation of Legal Bonded Debt Margin
- 4. Revenue Bond Coverage Water Revenue Bonds
- 5. Revenue Bond Coverage Sewer Revenue Bonds
- 6. Bonded Debt Pledged Revenue Coverage -- Redevelopment Agency Tax Allocation Bonds

STATISTICAL SECTION (Continued)

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place:

- 1. Demographic and Economic Statistics
- 2. Principal Employers

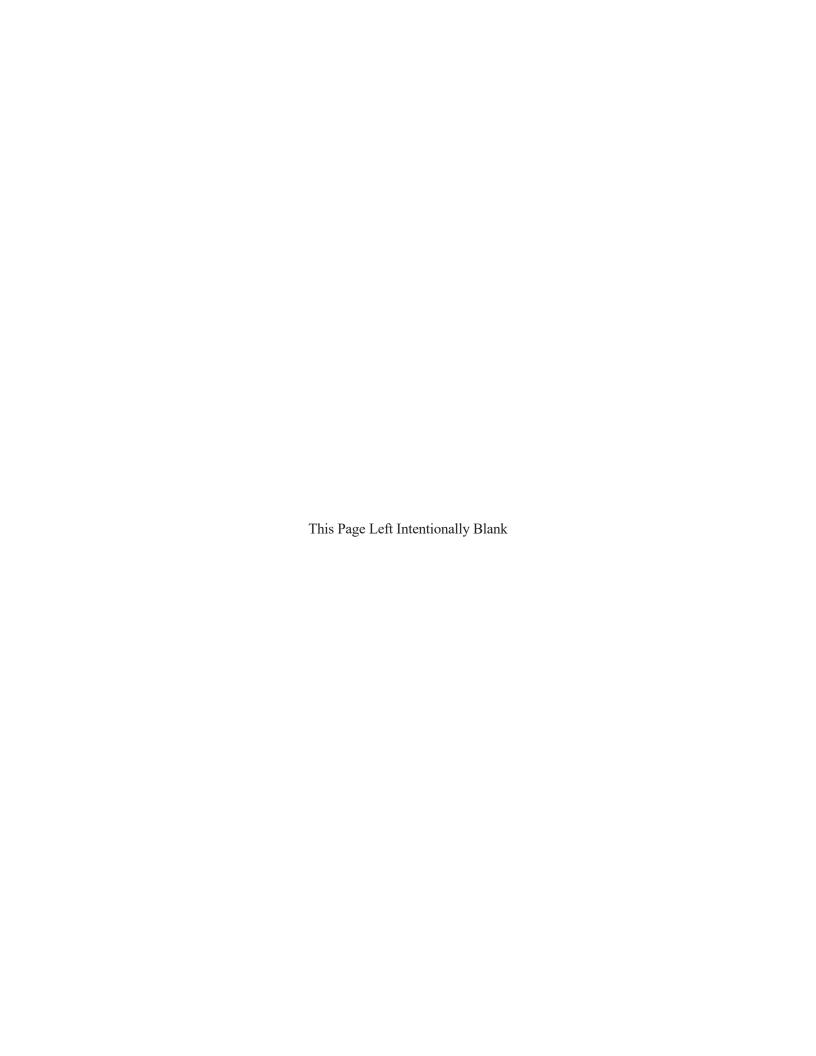
Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs:

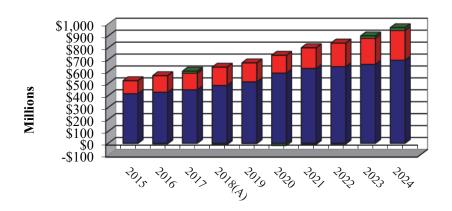
- 1. Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function
- 2. Operating Indicators and Capital Assets Statistics by Function/Program

Sources

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Annual Comprehensive Financial Reports for the relevant year.



CITY OF MANTECA Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)



■ Net investment in capital assets ■ Restricted

June 30. 2015 2016 2018(A) 2019 2017 Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets \$278,800,432 \$282,954,575 \$311,611,351 \$327,232,512 \$346,055,728 Restricted 108,825,262 139,014,904 139,177,788 153,222,783 159,370,865 Unrestricted (41,846,484)(42,549,501)(54, 138, 733)(35,156,678)(54,265,195)Total governmental activities net position \$345,779,210 \$379,419,978 \$415,632,461 \$426,190,100 \$451,287,860 Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets \$136,876,673 \$144,968,629 \$136,859,563 \$157,529,677 \$168,685,323 Unrestricted 40,706,859 38,202,656 51,856,903 43,293,291 52,128,274 Total business-type activities net position \$177,583,532 \$183,171,285 \$188,716,466 \$200,822,968 \$220,813,597 Primary government Net investment in capital assets \$415,677,105 \$427,923,204 \$448,470,914 \$484,762,189 \$514,741,051 Restricted 108,825,262 139,014,904 139,177,788 153,222,783 159,370,865 (1,139,625)(4,346,845)16,700,225 (10,971,904)(2,010,459)Unrestricted \$523,362,742 \$562,591,263 \$604,348,927 \$627,013,068 \$672,101,457 Total primary government net position

⁽A) The City implemented the provisions of GASB Statement 75 in fiscal year 2018. Amounts prior to 2018 have not been restated.

2021	2022	2023	2024	
\$414,565,642	\$422,119,848	\$439,385,476	\$465,658,158	
173,389,648	197,202,912	217,804,065	249,083,701	
(63,375,920)	(67,239,259)	(53,591,717)	(61,023,020)	
\$524,579,370	\$552,083,501	\$603,597,824	\$653,718,839	
¢212 000 670	\$220.605.925	\$222 470 874	\$231,116,914	
. , ,				
53,979,732	61,562,129	73,808,452	84,265,669	
\$266,868,410	\$282,257,964	\$296,288,326	\$315,382,583	
\$627,454,320	\$642,815,683	\$661,865,350	\$696,775,072	
173,389,648	197,202,912	217,804,065	249,083,701	
(9,396,188)	(5,677,130)	20,216,735	23,242,649	
\$791,447,780	\$834,341,465	\$899,886,150	\$969,101,422	
	\$414,565,642 173,389,648 (63,375,920) \$524,579,370 \$212,888,678 53,979,732 \$266,868,410 \$627,454,320 173,389,648 (9,396,188)	\$414,565,642 \$422,119,848 173,389,648 197,202,912 (63,375,920) (67,239,259) \$524,579,370 \$552,083,501 \$212,888,678 \$220,695,835 53,979,732 61,562,129 \$266,868,410 \$282,257,964 \$627,454,320 \$642,815,683 173,389,648 197,202,912 (9,396,188) (5,677,130)	\$414,565,642 \$422,119,848 \$439,385,476 173,389,648 197,202,912 217,804,065 (63,375,920) (67,239,259) (53,591,717) \$524,579,370 \$552,083,501 \$603,597,824 \$212,888,678 \$220,695,835 \$222,479,874 53,979,732 61,562,129 73,808,452 \$266,868,410 \$282,257,964 \$296,288,326 \$627,454,320 \$642,815,683 \$661,865,350 173,389,648 197,202,912 217,804,065 (9,396,188) (5,677,130) 20,216,735	

CITY OF MANTECA Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,					
	2015	2016	2017	2018(1)	2019	
Expenses:						
Governmental Activities:						
General Government	\$3,312,873	\$3,629,365	\$3,483,457	\$5,906,891	\$6,053,229	
Community Development	4,987,786	6,616,224	6,196,786	9,669,910	7,701,286	
Public Safety Library	25,166,890 114,291	25,193,524 118,809	22,357,675 124,185	34,883,973 120,222	36,204,202 134,006	
Public Works	5,094,875	4,843,276	5,274,495	7,091,236	8,645,927	
Parks and Recreation	7,403,446	8,331,503	9,295,263	10,651,329	10,125,867	
Streets and Highways	7,969,409	10,856,381	9,817,010	8,850,328	11,513,804	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	87,096	101,562	89,384	84,784	80,021	
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	54,136,666	59,690,644	56,638,255	77,258,673	80,458,342	
Business-Type Activities:	14 000 670	14.006.267	16 752 545	17.520.106	17.818.593	
Water Sewer	14,009,670 13,853,066	14,996,267 14,274,230	16,753,545 22,082,085	17,520,196 16,478,268	17,818,393	
Solid Waste	9,900,313	10,566,029	12,126,537	11,491,357	12,622,724	
Golf	1,154,179	1,178,770	1,347,568	1,121,928	1,284,914	
Transit	, , , , ,	, ,	,,	, , ,	, - ,-	
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses Total Primary Government Expenses	38,917,228 \$93,053,894	41,015,296 \$100,705,940	52,309,735 \$108,947,990	46,611,749 \$123,870,422	49,205,862 \$129,664,204	
	\$75,055,071	\$100,700,710	φ100,517,550	\$123,070,122	ψ123,00 i,20 i	
Program Revenues: Governmental Activities:						
Charges for Services:						
General Government	\$4,513,841	\$4,337,680	\$5,136,836	\$5,994,217	\$6,266,735	
Community Development	2,575,570	2,877,168	4,624,314	7,306,692	7,640,377	
Public Safety	1,621,244	1,360,473	1,542,872	1,874,561	3,232,381	
Public Works	41,889	183,422	273,903	288,452	398,437	
Parks and Recreation	2,263,443	2,772,184	3,458,096	3,337,139	4,247,649	
Streets and Highways					2,925,863	
Operating Grants and Contributions	6,991,694	6,085,529	6,698,385	8,695,800	9,575,549	
Capital Grants and Contributions	20,220,600	41,118,815	33,113,697	33,768,730	26,345,923	
Total Government Activities Program Revenues Business-Type Activities:	38,228,281	58,735,271	54,848,103	61,265,591	60,632,914	
Charges for Services:						
Water	14,240,103	13,901,722	15,396,799	17,841,323	16,620,397	
Sewer	19,270,009	19,969,107	22,953,356	26,572,846	26,305,512	
Solid Waste	8,827,211	9,131,837	10,483,066	12,593,379	13,429,983	
Golf	1,009,100	978,427	908,639	1,193,170	1,112,976	
Transit						
Operating Grants and Contributions						
Capital Grants and Contributions	2,401,413	935,948	6,660,347	4,487,162	3,577,598	
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenue Total Primary Government Program Revenues	45,747,836 \$83,976,117	\$103,652,312	56,402,207 \$111,250,310	62,687,880 \$123,953,471	61,046,466 \$121,679,380	
Net (Expense)/Revenue:		_				
Governmental Activities	(\$15,908,385)	(\$955,373)	(\$1,790,152)	(\$15,993,082)	(\$19,825,428)	
Business-Type Activities	6,830,608	3,901,745	4,092,472	16,076,131	11,840,604	
Total Primary Government Net Expense	(\$9,077,777)	\$2,946,372	\$2,302,320	\$83,049	(\$7,984,824)	
General Revenues and Other						
Changes in Net Position:						
Governmental Activities: Taxes:						
Property Taxes	\$13,054,963	\$12,633,502	\$14,476,480	\$15,511,281	\$17,158,387	
Sales Taxes	13,271,312	14,552,582	17,550,799	18,971,755	20,298,214	
Other Taxes	5,109,652	5,006,171	3,012,505	3,325,769	3,761,139	
Interest Income	744,569	1,635,220	850,024	1,175,293	5,026,389	
Other Revenue	1,484,667	937,712	1,327,689	1,867,047	848,738	
Developer Contributions	69,231	72,154	326,216	209,612	350,696	
Gain From Sale of Capital Assets					1,675,000	
Transfers, net	(1,606,375)	(241,200)	(300,488)	(468,073)	(4,195,375)	
Special Item			759,410			
Total Government Activities	32,128,019	34,596,141	38,002,635	40,592,684	44,923,188	
Business-Type Activities:	(0/ 700	1.167.050	472.012	010 465	2 520 211	
Interest Income Other Revenue	606,799	1,167,858	472,012	810,465	3,528,311	
Gain From Sale of Capital Assets	462,941	276,950	680,209	389,176	426,339	
Transfers, net	1,606,375	241,200	300,488	468,073	4,195,375	
Total Business-Type Activities	2,676,115	1,686,008	1,452,709	1,667,714	8,150,025	
Total Primary Government	\$34,804,134	\$36,282,149	\$39,455,344	\$42,260,398	\$53,073,213	
Change in Net Position:						
Governmental Activities	\$16,219,634	\$33,640,768	\$36,212,483	\$24,599,602	\$25,097,760	
Business-Type Activities	9,506,723	5,587,753	5,545,181	17,743,845	19,990,629	
Total Primary Government	\$25,726,357	\$39,228,521	\$41,757,664	\$42,343,447	\$45,088,389	

⁽¹⁾ The City implemented the provisions of GASB Statement 75 in fiscal year 2018. Amounts prior to 2018 have not been restated.

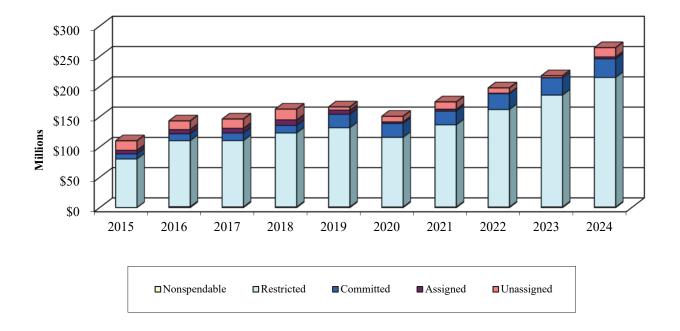
⁽²⁾ The Transit Enterprise Fund activities were previously reported in governmental activities.

2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
\$7,054,126	\$9,079,274	\$5,493,756	\$10,150,611	\$14,222,196
8,242,158	10,364,833	15,021,715	14,921,624	15,960,910
42,395,447	40,640,436	54,117,359	36,874,290	\$52,495,969
145,310	87,185	124,342	146,067	159,214
7,137,403	9,367,355	12,812,977	17,004,659	\$19,615,341
11,710,512	9,047,085	6,821,241	6,080,603	5,513,406
10,268,116	11,463,230	12,042,148	12,874,297	\$15,133,269
129,403 87,082,475	163,409 90,212,807	85,578 106,519,116	89,385 98,141,536	93,675 123,193,980
67,062,473	90,212,807	100,319,110	96,141,330	123,193,980
18,967,868	26,674,047	19,513,996	20,449,549	24,628,431
18,596,722	19,697,865	21,604,463	22,408,854	27,934,721
12,752,503	12,884,734	15,402,035	16,728,245	17,964,654
1,327,641	1,643,383	1,756,328	1,636,173	1,654,615
		(2)	3,377,255	4,197,567
51,644,734	60,900,029	58,276,822	64,600,076	76,379,988
\$138,727,209	\$151,112,836	\$164,795,938	\$162,741,612	\$199,573,968
\$6,038,904	\$6,172,866	\$6,179,781	\$6,749,391	\$7,841,363
6,545,381	7,062,924	8,921,025	6,254,666	9,422,712
1,580,738	2,969,457	3,193,265	2,513,921	1,774,957
239,053	1,056,285	996,377	2,542,957	5,006,321
4,173,698	3,846,159	4,741,365	4,971,913	5,975,713
9,952,561	9,597,652	13,069,036	8,725,900	15,253,363
38,154,802	50,590,297	39,061,963	52,366,303	45,022,662
66,685,137	81,295,640	76,162,812	84,125,051	90,297,091
17,576,060	21,103,821	21,816,772	18,786,751	24,411,625
22,510,081	24,757,696	26,024,468	25,917,480	27,693,625
13,875,762	14,624,464	15,730,829	16,288,404	21,136,784
1,044,323	1,689,785	1,642,464	1,525,393	1,592,653
	, ,		105,822	121,233
	23,126,463	6,000,000	3,535,010	2,712,163
10,233,700	4,401,716	2,380,360	4,229,461	9,851,452
65,239,926	89,703,945	73,594,893	70,388,321	87,519,535
\$131,925,063	\$170,999,585	\$149,757,705	\$154,513,372	\$177,816,626
(\$20,397,338)	(\$8,917,167)	(\$30,356,304)	(\$14,016,485)	(\$32,896,889)
13,595,192	28,803,916	15,318,071	5,788,245	11,139,547
(\$6,802,146)	\$19,886,749	(\$15,038,233)	(\$8,228,240)	(\$21,757,342)
\$19,385,771	\$21,126,114	\$21,443,545	\$25,660,666	\$27,637,304
22,292,924	23,509,852	28,438,483	29,324,167	29,241,378
3,434,933	4,144,750	9,577,052	10,218,719	9,964,285
4,501,680	1,012,967	(3,237,386)	4,531,826	9,760,393
215,694	598,244	907,892	1,408,087	2,059,406
1,144,141	1,268,286	1,173,042	368,332	770,559
457,360	, ,	29,762	,	317,807
(581,885)	95,184	(471,955)	(5,984,989)	2,484,789
50,850,618	51,755,397	57,860,435	65,526,808	82,235,921
A 200 - 1 - 1		/- 	4 000	
2,679,191	125,791	(1,754,659)	1,890,954	4,813,201
207,254	154,268	1,354,187	366,174	234,830
£01 00£	2,500	471.055	£ 004 000	1,250,000
<u>581,885</u>	(95,184)	471,955	5,984,989	(2,484,789)
3,468,330 \$54,318,948	187,375 \$51,942,772	71,483 \$57,931,918	8,242,117 \$73,768,925	3,813,242 \$86,049,163
ψυτ,υ10,υπο	ψυ1,772,112	ψυ1,νυ1,ν10	Ψ13,100,323	φου,υτο,103
\$30,453,280	\$42,838,230	\$27,504,131	\$51,510,323	\$49,339,032
17,063,522	28,991,291	15,389,554	14,030,362	14,952,789
\$47,516,802	\$71,829,521	\$42,893,685	\$65,540,685	\$64,291,821

CITY OF MANTECA

Fund Balance of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)



_	June 30,					
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
G 15 1						
General Fund:						
Nonspendable	\$227,542	\$1,140,121	\$1,236,685	\$1,174,248	\$1,167,635	
Restricted			496,896	493,423	497,968	
Assigned	7,921,152	10,860,353	12,167,528	12,242,789	22,234,205	
Unassigned	15,792,889	14,362,743	15,313,223	17,864,670	5,365,691	
Total General Fund	\$23,941,583	\$26,363,217	\$29,214,332	\$31,775,130	\$29,265,499	
All Other Governmental Funds:						
Nonspendable		\$367,368				
Restricted	\$80,121,549	109,084,616	\$108,951,883	\$121,695,103	\$130,317,107	
Committed	542,435	566,659	513,754	315,126	128,901	
Assigned	5,852,064	6,873,122	7,593,864	8,993,799	6,595,121	
Unassigned						
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$86,516,048	\$116,891,765	\$117,059,501	\$131,004,028	\$137,041,129	

⁽a) The change in total fund balance for the General Fund and other governmental funds is explained in Management's Discussion and Analysis.

2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
\$1,081,780	\$1,081,780	\$1,081,780	\$1,161,780	\$1,085,904
468,942	463,902	455,838	448,821	427,774
22,845,194	22,693,202	26,188,105	28,411,565	30,542,921
9,498,731	12,784,135	9,331,508	10,485,964	15,591,035
\$33,894,647	\$37,023,019	\$37,057,231	\$40,508,130	\$47,647,634 (
		\$12,640		
\$114,589,894	\$135,284,222	160,541,696	\$184,317,805	\$213,541,542
151,617	\$150, <u>2</u> 0 ., <u>222</u>	100,5 11,000	292,905	303,025
2,464,870	2,951,856	726,934	,	2,952,404
(217,246)	(627,731)	(614,292)	(7,234,011)	(177,923)
\$116,989,135	\$137,608,347	\$160,666,978	\$177,376,699	\$216,619,048

CITY OF MANTECA

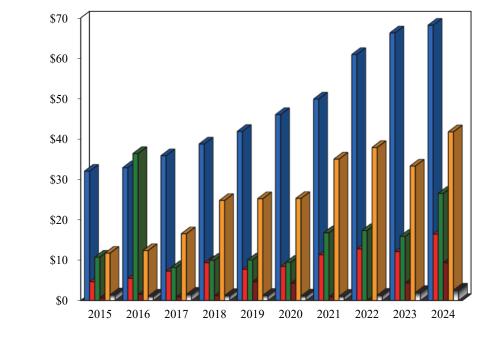
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,					
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
Revenues						
Taxes	\$32,094,372	\$32,947,680	\$35,923,482	\$38,836,074	\$41,952,454	
Licenses and permits	4,662,438	5,500,733	7,297,736	9,361,925	7,741,377	
Fines and forfeitures	283,690	251,348	242,370	274,079	495,618	
Use of money and property	657,340	1,524,560	887,642	1,178,617	4,702,952	
Revenue from other agencies	10,759,079	36,458,520	8,181,175	9,979,594	10,055,955	
Charges for services	11,740,989	12,393,596	16,563,471	24,833,693	25,269,605	
Other revenue	1,136,856	840,611	1,310,923	978,783	792,282	
Total Revenues	61,334,764	89,917,048	70,406,799	85,442,765	91,010,243	
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government	3,179,851	3,426,132	4,213,380	3,908,666	4,489,437	
Community development	2,186,882	3,969,714	3,427,208	6,062,166	4,642,422	
Public safety	24,376,036	26,515,201	28,149,443	29,913,998	32,607,974	
Library	115,182	119,733	124,621	116,993	128,069	
Public works	2,936,956	2,943,548	3,437,585	4,235,394	4,805,032	
Parks and recreation	5,820,120	6,447,370	6,811,941	7,619,147	8,074,112	
Streets and highways	1,944,873	3,657,370	3,911,368	2,406,785	6,976,028	
Nondepartmental	2,745,157	2,620,108	2,853,407	3,087,315	2,996,435	
Capital outlay	7,098,897	6,582,238	13,440,297	11,593,401	19,115,918	
Debt service:						
Principal repayment	310,581	277,308	129,708	134,307	139,070	
Interest and fiscal charges	87,096	101,562	89,384	84,784	80,021	
Total Expenditures	50,801,631	56,660,284	66,588,342	69,162,956	84,054,518	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures	10,533,133	33,256,764	3,818,457	16,279,809	6,955,725	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in	431,526	4,773,733	346,972	753,989	217,000	
Transfers (out)	(2,037,901)	(5,814,933)	(1,147,460)	(1,117,564)	(4,645,255)	
Issuance of long-term debt	150,000	580,000				
Issuance of SBITA						
Proceeds from sale of property		1,787	882	589,091	1,000,000	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,456,375)	(459,413)	(799,606)	225,516	(3,428,255)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$9,076,758	\$32,797,351	\$3,018,851	\$16,505,325	\$3,527,470	
Debt service as a percentage of						
noncapital expenditures	0.9%	0.7%	0.4%	0.4%	0.3%	

2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
\$46,095,783	\$49,951,360	\$60,957,368	\$66,308,748	\$68,203,283
8,434,426	11,329,285	12,795,149	12,139,086	16,458,942
592,613	478,460	468,601	442,332	422,302
4,322,549	906,839	(3,083,699)	4,379,982	9,385,646
9,472,396	16,804,068	17,348,818	15,927,169	26,565,537
25,323,831	35,093,633	37,963,370	33,373,777	41,833,465
547,619	589,850	852,914	1,544,624	2,177,272
94,789,217	115,153,495	127,302,521	134,115,718	165,046,447
5,257,415	6,546,850	8,075,381	9,924,451	12,099,351
5,057,407	5,547,248	5,042,477	4,378,840	5,326,519
36,853,715	38,759,432	46,155,673	45,891,215	48,102,772
130,899	75,421	135,760	153,898	159,214
5,093,797	7,738,420	13,356,878	12,118,575	14,019,873
8,142,074	6,351,451	4,623,634	3,742,659	3,106,823
4,553,139	4,278,286	5,153,928	3,953,457	4,700,282
2,624,979	3,828,297	9,770,845	9,351,502	9,611,308
41,854,768	17,306,911	11,343,816	23,794,169	29,591,082
144,002	115,961	157,176	255,226	318,346
129,403	163,409	85,391	87,780	90,303
109,841,598	90,711,686	103,900,959	113,651,772	127,125,873
(15,052,381)	24,441,809	23,401,562	20,463,946	37,920,574
540,000	496,000	845,514	10,981,244	3,518,770
(1,451,875)	(1,190,225)	(1,272,327)	(11,411,044)	(2,840,352)
(-,,)	(-,-, -,)	20,832	(,,)	(=,= :=,===)
			58,974	446,372
541,410		97,262	67,500	385,307
(370,465)	(694,225)	(308,719)	(303,326)	1,510,097
(\$15,422,846)	\$23,747,584	\$23,092,843	\$20,160,620	\$39,430,671
0.4%	0.4%	0.3%	0.4%	0.4%

CITY OF MANTECA GENERAL REVENUES BY SOURCE ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS



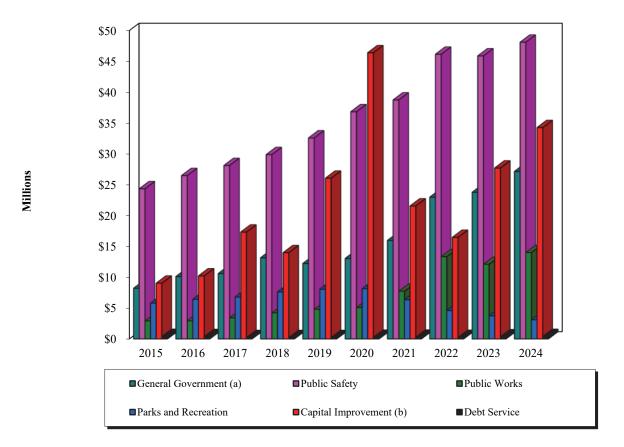
■ Taxes
■ Revenue From Other Agencies
■ Charges for Services

■ Licenses and Permits
■ Use of Money and Property
■ Fines, Forfeits and Other Revenue

Fiscal		Licenses and	Revenue From Other	Use of Money and	Charges for	Fines, Forfeits and Other	
Year	Taxes	Permits	Agencies	Property	Services	Revenue	Total
2015	\$32,094,372	\$4,662,438	\$10,759,079	\$657,340	\$11,740,989	\$1,420,546	\$61,334,764
2016	32,947,680	5,500,733	36,458,520	1,524,560	12,393,596	1,091,959	89,917,048
2017	35,923,482	7,297,736	8,181,175	887,642	16,563,471	1,553,293	70,406,799
2018	38,836,074	9,361,925	9,979,594	1,178,617	24,833,693	1,252,862	85,442,765
2019	41,952,454	7,741,377	10,055,955	4,702,952	25,269,605	1,287,900	91,010,243
2020	46,095,783	8,434,426	9,472,396	4,322,549	25,323,831	1,140,232	94,789,217
2021	49,951,360	11,329,285	16,804,068	906,839	35,093,633	1,068,310	115,153,495
2022	60,957,368	12,795,149	17,348,818	(3,083,699)	37,963,370	1,321,515	127,302,521
2023	66,308,748	12,139,086	15,927,169	4,379,982	33,373,777	1,986,956	134,115,718
2024	68,203,283	16,458,942	26,565,537	9,385,646	41,833,465	2,599,574	165,046,447

Source: City Operating Budget and City Annual Financial Report

CITY OF MANTECA GENERAL EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS



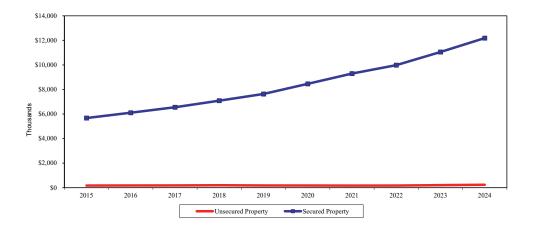
Fiscal Year	General Government (a)	Public Safety	Public Works	Parks and Recreation	Capital Improvement (b)	Debt Service	Total
1001	Government (a)	Saicty	WOIKS	recreation	improvement (b)	Scrvice	10141
2015	\$8,227,072	\$24,376,036	\$2,936,956	\$5,820,120	\$9,043,770	\$397,677	\$50,801,631
2016	10,135,687	26,515,201	2,943,548	6,447,370	10,239,608	378,870	56,660,284
2017	10,618,616	28,149,443	3,437,585	6,811,941	17,351,665	219,092	66,588,342
2018	13,175,140	29,913,998	4,235,394	7,619,147	14,000,186	219,091	69,162,956
2019	12,256,363	32,607,974	4,805,032	8,074,112	26,091,946	219,091	84,054,518
2020	13,070,700	36,853,715	5,093,797	8,142,074	46,407,907	273,405	109,841,598
2021	15,997,816	38,759,432	7,738,420	6,351,451	21,585,197	279,370	90,711,686
2022	23,024,463	46,155,673	13,356,878	4,623,634	16,497,744	242,567	103,900,959
2023	23,808,691	45,891,215	12,118,575	3,742,659	27,747,626	343,006	113,651,772
2024	27,196,392	48,102,772	14,019,873	3,106,823	34,291,364	408,649	127,125,873

Source: City Operating Budget and City Annual Financial Report

Notes: (a) Includes all General Government, Community Development, Library and Nondepartmental Expenditures

(b) Includes Streets and Highways and Capital Outlay Expenditures

CITY OF MANTECA ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY (in thousands) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS



		Real Property		Total Real			Net Real				Total
Fiscal	Land	Improvements	Personal	Secured	(Less)	Public	Secured	Unsecured	Total	Estimated	Direct
Year	Property	Property	Property	Property	Exemption	Utility	Property	Property	Assessed (a)	Full Market (a)	Tax Rate (b)
2015	\$1,780,920	\$3,851,282	\$56,842	\$5,689,044	(\$188,463)	\$1,346	\$5,501,927	\$172,348	\$5,674,275	\$5,674,275	1%
2016	1,936,284	4,145,924	56,729	6,138,937	(216,669)	1,346	5,923,614	181,734	6,105,348	6,105,348	1%
2017	2,098,268	4,433,045	56,943	6,588,256	(219,922)	1,282	6,369,616	182,277	6,551,893	6,551,893	1%
2018	2,300,404	4,760,891	48,467	7,109,762	(224,278)	1,282	6,886,766	201,060	7,087,826	7,087,826	1%
2019	2,412,089	5,220,890	48,882	7,681,861	(231,360)	1,282	7,451,783	182,024	7,633,807	7,633,807	1%
2020	2,595,124	5,785,690	53,707	8,434,521	(153,256)	1,282	8,282,547	175,612	8,458,159	8,458,159	1%
2021	2,775,610	6,430,002	73,481	9,279,093	(156,760)	1,190	9,123,523	171,834	9,295,357	9,295,357	1%
2022	2,937,636	6,966,264	73,947	9,977,847	(171,388)	1,190	9,807,649	173,838	9,981,487	9,981,487	1%
2023	3,201,023	7,720,270	102,198	11,023,491	(177,325)	1,190	10,847,356	205,710	11,053,066	11,053,066	1%
2024	3,517,108	8,502,339	115,195	12,134,642	(191,572)	1,190	11,944,260	240,535	12,184,795	12,184,795	1%

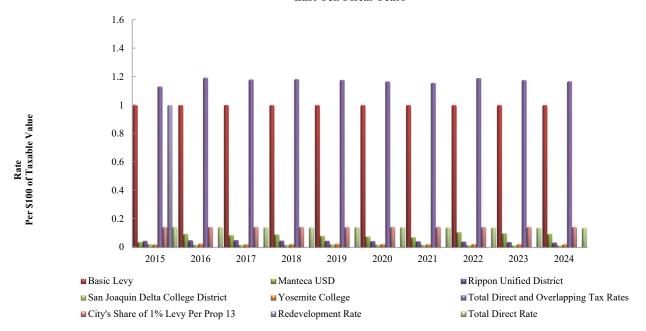
Source: San Joaquin County Auditor Controller Office Certificate of Assessed Valuations

⁽a) The State Constitution requires property to be assessed at one hundred percent of the most recent purchase price, plus an increment of no more than two percent annually, plus any local over-rides. These values are considered to be full market values.

⁽b) California cities do not set their own direct tax rate. The state constitution establishes the rate at 1% and allocates a portion of that amount, by an annual calculation, to all the taxing entities within a tax rate area. The City of Manteca encompasses more than 15 tax rate areas.

CITY OF MANTECA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES

Last Ten Fiscal Years



1.77	Basic Levy	V VID	Ripon Unified	San Joaquin Delta College	Yosemite	Total Direct and Overlapping	of 1.% Levy	Total Direct
al Year	(1)	Manteca USD	District	District	College	Tax Rates (2)	Per Prop 13 (3)	Rate (4)
2015	\$1.00000	\$0.03900	\$0.04680	\$0.02330	\$0.02180	\$1.13090	\$0.14408	\$0.14340
2016	1.00000	0.09510	0.05070	0.01980	0.02700	1.19260	0.14408	0.14264
2017	1.00000	0.08660	0.05200	0.01800	0.02310	1.17970	0.14408	0.14186
2018	1.00000	0.09160	0.04810	0.01800	0.02420	1.18190	0.14408	0.14127
2019	1.00000	0.08140	0.04680	0.02250	0.02600	1.17670	0.14408	0.14295
2020	1.00000	0.07690	0.04480	0.01990	0.02400	1.16560	0.14408	0.14259
2021	1.00000	0.07120	0.04370	0.01830	0.02300	1.15620	0.14408	0.14100
2022	1.00000	0.10780	0.04140	0.01630	0.02440	1.18990	0.14408	0.13968
2023	1.00000	0.09980	0.03840	0.01440	0.02340	1.17600	0.14408	0.13896
2024	1.00000	0.09530	0.03500	0.01350	0.02320	1.16700	0.14408	0.13792
	2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024	gal Year (1) 2015 \$1.00000 2016 1.00000 2017 1.00000 2018 1.00000 2019 1.00000 2020 1.00000 2021 1.00000 2022 1.00000 2023 1.00000	gal Year (1) Manteca USD 2015 \$1.00000 \$0.03900 2016 1.00000 0.09510 2017 1.00000 0.08660 2018 1.00000 0.09160 2019 1.00000 0.08140 2020 1.00000 0.07690 2021 1.00000 0.07120 2022 1.00000 0.10780 2023 1.00000 0.09980	Basic Levy cal Year Manteca USD Unified District 2015 \$1.00000 \$0.03900 \$0.04680 2016 1.00000 0.09510 0.05070 2017 1.00000 0.08660 0.05200 2018 1.00000 0.09160 0.04810 2019 1.00000 0.08140 0.04680 2020 1.00000 0.07690 0.04480 2021 1.00000 0.07120 0.04370 2022 1.00000 0.10780 0.04140 2023 1.00000 0.09980 0.03840	Basic Levy	Basic Levy	Basic Levy	Ripon Delta College Yosemite and Overlapping Total Direct and Overlapping Total Direct and Overlapping Total Overlapping Tax Rates (2) Per Prop 13 (3)

Notes:

- (1) In 1978, California voters passed Proposition 13 which set the property tax rate at 1.00% fixed amount. This 1.00% is shared by all taxing agencies for which the subject property resides within. In addition to the 1.00% fixed amount, property owners are charged taxes as a percentage of assessed property values for the payment of any voter approved bonds
- (2) Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City. Not all overlapping rates apply to all property owners.
- (3) City's share of 1% Levy is based on the City's share of the general fund tax rate area with the largest net taxable value within the City. The ERAF portion of the City's Levy has been subtracted where know.
- (4) Total Direct Rate is the weighted average of all individual direct rates applied by the City/Agency preparing the statistical section information and excludes revenues derived from aircraft. Beginning in 2013/14 the Total Direct Rate no longer includes revenue generated from the former redevelopment tax rate areas. Challenges to recognized enforceable obligations are assumed to have been resolved during 2012/13. For the purposes of this report, residual revenue is assumed to be distributed to the City/Agency in the same proportions as general fund revenue.

The ratios are expressed as dollars assessed per \$100 of assessed valuation

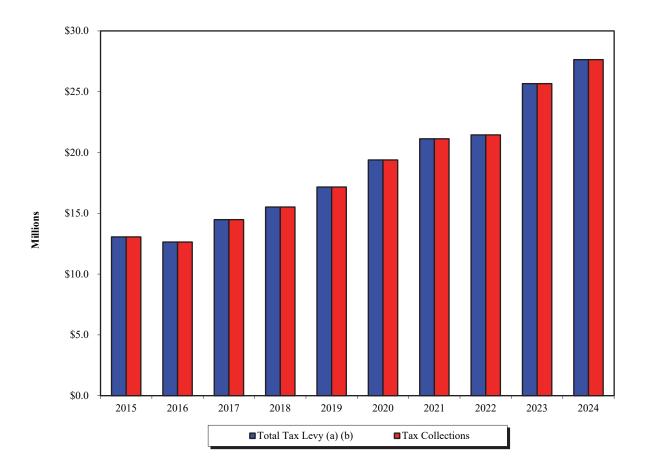
Data Source:

San Joaquin County Assessor 2014/15-2023/24 Tax Rate Table

CITY OF MANTECA Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	2023-20	24	2014-2015		
<u>Taxpayer</u>	Type of Business	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Type of Business	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	
GWR Manteca LLC	Water Park/Resort	1.62%			
Centerpoint Properties Trust	Industrial	1.39%	Industrial	0.42%	
The Atherton Manteca LLC	Apartments	0.59%			
Anson Logistics Assets LLC	Warehouse	0.48%			
Tesoro Apartments LLC	Apartments	0.44%			
DP & DK Investment Inc.	Shopping Center	0.43%			
LLH MRS Master RE LLC	Cold Storage	0.40%	Cold Storage	0.80%	
Paseo Apartments LLC	Apartments	0.39%	Apartments	0.51%	
Manteca Lifestyle Center LLC	Shopping Center	0.33%	Shopping Center	1.53%	
Tilden-Laurel Glen LLC	Apartments	0.31%			
Excel Manteca LLC			Commercial	0.71%	
Mark and Sandra Stagno			Residential	0.64%	
Prologis			Warehouse	0.47%	
Edward J & Dolores M Cardoza Trust			Shopping Center	0.43%	
Duke Realty LP			Industrial	0.42%	
Costco Wholesale Corporation			Commercial Store	0.41%	
Total		6.38%		6.34%	

CITY OF MANTECA PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS



Fiscal Year	Total Tax Levy (a) (b)	Current Tax Collections	Percent of Levy Collected	Delinquent Tax Collections	Total Tax Collections	Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy
2015	\$13,054,963	\$13,054,963	100.00%	0	\$13,054,963	100.00%
2016	12,633,502	12,633,502	100.00%	0	12,633,502	100.00%
2017	14,476,479	14,476,479	100.00%	0	14,476,479	100.00%
2018	15,511,281	15,511,281	100.00%	0	15,511,281	100.00%
2019	17,158,387	17,158,387	100.00%	0	17,158,387	100.00%
2020	19,385,771	19,385,771	100.00%	0	19,385,771	100.00%
2021	21,126,114	21,126,114	100.00%	0	21,126,114	100.00%
2022	21,443,545	21,443,545	100.00%	0	21,443,545	100.00%
2023	25,660,666	25,660,666	100.00%	0	25,660,666	100.00%
2024	27,637,304	27,637,304	100.00%	0	27,637,304	100.00%

Source: City of Manteca Records

NOTE: Current tax collections beginning in 1993 have been reduced by a mandatory tax reallocation imposed by the State of California

- (a) During fiscal year 1995, the County began providing the City 100% of its tax levy under an agreement which allows the County to keep all interest and delinquency charges collected.
- (b) Includes State Mandated Vehicle License Fee in lieu of property taxes

CITY OF MANTECA MANTECA REDEVELOPMENT PROJECT AREA NO. 1 TOP TWENTY ASSESSED VALUES June 30, 2024

2023-24 Total Local Secured Taxpayers

Assessed Valuation

\$1,043,111,830

Project Area No. 1

		2022 24 A	% of Total
D 0	D: 111	2023-24 Assessed	Assessed
Property Owner	Primary Land Use	Valuation	Valuation
1 Tilden - Laurel Glen LLC	Apartments	\$37,377,161	3.58%
2 Stonegate Apts LLC	Apartments	25,421,133	2.44%
3 Doctors Hospital of Manteca Inc.	Hospital	24,950,185	2.39%
4 Edward J. & Dolores M. Cardoza Trust	Shopping Center	17,970,476	1.72%
5 Gurjinder Singh & Baljeet Kaur	Hotel/Motel	15,754,956	1.51%
6 VFT Properties LLC	Apartments	14,951,757	1.43%
7 B.R. Funsten & Co. Corp.	Warehouse	14,200,415	1.36%
8 Wal Mart Realty Company	Commercial Store	14,082,565	1.35%
9 MP Core Sienna Place LLC	Apartments	11,724,964	1.12%
10 Manteca Self Storage Owner LP	Public Storage	10,456,020	1.00%
11 Eckert Engineering Corp.	Warehouse	9,490,552	0.91%
12 DR Horton Bay Inc.	Residential Development	7,567,843	0.73%
13 North Main Storage LLC	Public Storage	7,078,907	0.68%
14 KDDC Properties LLC	Commercial	6,278,418	0.60%
15 Brocchini Family Partnership	Commercial	5,842,683	0.56%
16 Store Master Funding XVI	Bowling Alley & Sports Bar	5,789,887	0.56%
17 MN Gianni LLC	Commercial	5,558,031	0.53%
18 LS Propco LLC	Commercial	5,135,007	0.49%
19 Hensley Investment Company	Office Building	5,000,000	0.48%
20 A. E. Kline, Trust	Office Building	4,704,373	0.45%
		\$249,335,333	23.89%

CITY OF MANTECA MANTECA REDEVELOPMENT PROJECT AREA NO. 2 TOP TWENTY ASSESSED VALUES June 30, 2024

2023-24 Total Local Secured Taxpayers

Assessed Valuation

\$1,859,456,451

Project Area No. 2

Property Owner	Primary Land Use	2023-24 Assessed Valuation	% of Total Assessed Valuation
1 DP & DK Investments Inc.	Shopping Center	\$52,537,886	2.83%
2 LLH MRS Master RE LLC	Cold Storage	48,549,064	2.61%
3 Colfin 2019 2E Industrial Owner	Warehouse	33,238,262	1.79%
4 Prologis	Warehouse	32,122,663	1.73%
5 Duke Realty LP	Warehouse	28,406,376	1.53%
6 Costco Wholesale Corporation	Commercial Store	26,835,714	1.44%
7 JEN California 23 LLC	Residential Development	15,570,338	0.84%
8 Yip Holdings Five LLC	Shopping Center	15,221,075	0.82%
9 Argo Manteca LLC	Shopping Center	14,912,290	0.80%
10 Manteca Associates LP	Light Industrial	14,198,628	0.76%
11 Target Corp.	Shopping Center	13,518,104	0.73%
12 HD Development of Maryland Inc.	Commercial Store	13,034,950	0.70%
13 Manteca Corners LLC	Shopping Center	12,115,881	0.65%
14 Kohl's Department Stores Inc.	Shopping Center	11,500,000	0.62%
15 Cranbrook Realty Invest Fund LP	Warehouse	11,390,082	0.61%
16 MHC 178 LLC	Public Storage	11,029,739	0.59%
17 VFT Family Partnership LP	Apartments	10,960,874	0.59%
18 Nestle Dreyers Ice Cream Co.	Cold Storage	10,285,779	0.55%
19 Brocchini Family Partnership LP	Office Building	10,238,644	0.55%
20 Daniel M. & Belinda A. Sarich, Trust	Light Industrial	10,212,090	0.55%
		\$395,878,439	21.29%

CITY OF MANTECA MANTECA REDEVELOPMENT MERGED PROJECT AREA TOP TWENTY ASSESSED VALUES June 30, 2024

	2023-24 Total Local Secured Taxpayers Assessed Valuation 2005 Merged Project Amended Area	\$27,071,560	
		2023-24	% of Total
		Assessed	Assessed
Property Owner	Primary Land Use	Valuation	Valuation
1 AGS Gasoline LLC	AGS Gasoline LLC	\$3,324,270	12.28%
2 Makhan Sandhu	Makhan Sandhu	1,451,358	5.36%
3 Rogelio Castaneda Nava and Veron Castaneda	Rogelio Castaneda Nava and Veron Castaneda	1,082,500	4.00%
4 Jaswant S. Pannu	Jaswant S. Pannu	1,038,962	3.84%
5 National San Joaquin LLC	National San Joaquin LLC	998,617	3.69%
6 Major Singh Brar	Major Singh Brar	940,000	3.47%
7 Chattarpal S. Pabla	Chattarpal S. Pabla	805,000	2.97%
8 Van Tran and Dao Luu	Van Tran and Dao Luu	745,000	2.75%
9 David L. Peters	David L. Peters	721,112	2.66%
10 MPVCA Manteca LLC	MPVCA Manteca LLC	674,982	2.49%
11 Gian S and Ghangu Sandeep Bhangu	Gian S and Ghangu Sandeep Bhangu	666,153	2.46%
12 Natalyn J. and Thomas E. Bergman Jr.	Natalyn J. and Thomas E. Bergman Jr.	656,468	2.42%
13 James H. Zimmerman	James H. Zimmerman	655,126	2.42%
14 Gustavo and Martha Ramirez	Gustavo and Martha Ramirez	650,250	2.40%
15 Jasvir and Sarbjit K. Singh Trust	Jasvir and Sarbjit K. Singh Trust	644,676	2.38%
16 Alfredo Valenzuela Felix	Alfredo Valenzuela Felix	467,772	1.73%
17 David W. Janke	David W. Janke	464,100	1.71%
18 Hiway Farm LLC	Hiway Farm LLC	414,255	1.53%
19 Ramirez Arturo Vargas	Ramirez Arturo Vargas	397,000	1.47%
20 Nicolas and Heather D. Hernandez	Nicolas and Heather D. Hernandez	391,242	1.45%
		\$17,188,843	63.48%

CITY OF MANTECA MANTECA REDEVELOPMENT AMENDED MERGED PROJECT AREA TOP TWENTY ASSESSED VALUES June 30, 2024

2023-24 Total Local Secured Taxpayers

Assessed Valuation 2004 Amended Area

\$475,474,994

		2022 24 4	% of Total
	5.	2023-24 Assessed	Assessed
Property Owner	Primary Land Use	Valuation	Valuation
1 GWR Manteca LLC	Water Park/Resort	\$197,584,823	41.56%
2 The Atherton Manteca LLC	Apartments	71,394,194	15.02%
3 Anson Logistics Assets LLC	Warehouse	58,470,714	12.30%
4 Manteca Lifestyle Center LLC	Shopping Center	40,313,430	8.48%
5 RV Retailer Northern California Real Estate	RV Sales	15,300,000	3.22%
6 Big Box Property Owner A LLC	Light Industrial	12,573,004	2.64%
7 Cedar Real Estate Group IV LLC	Truck Terminal	10,404,000	2.19%
8 Manteca Lodging LLC	Shopping Center	10,153,881	2.14%
9 Andreetta Properties LP	Food Processing	8,348,905	1.76%
10 JC Penney Properties Inc.	Shopping Center	7,955,950	1.67%
11 Tesoro Commons LLC	Residential Land	4,080,000	0.86%
12 JEN California 23 LLC	Residential Development	2,587,949	0.54%
13 John Pinedo	Public Storage	2,495,231	0.52%
14 Manteca Truck Terminal LLC	Industrial Land	2,380,288	0.50%
15 Ergonis Land Co. LP	Light Industrial	2,366,262	0.50%
16 Plumrose USA Inc.	Truck Terminal	2,295,000	0.48%
17 Jarnail Singh Kamboj	Vacant	1,942,116	0.41%
18 Rajinder Aulakh	Commercial Land	1,530,758	0.32%
19 Valencia Place Apartments LLC	Apartments	1,418,074	0.30%
20 Parmvir Sidhu	Apartments	1,404,540	0.30%
		\$454,999,119	95.71%

CITY OF MANTECA TAXABLE SALES BY CATEGORY LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS (in thousands of dollars)

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Apparel Stores	\$39,906	\$42,537	\$44,158	\$46,781	\$50,143
General Merchandise	191,787	198,554	203,016	212,248	214,730
Food Stores	27,533	28,535	30,245	30,401	31,540
Eating and Drinking Places	98,018	107,809	116,177	125,661	130,613
Building Materials	109,006	113,578	121,128	128,925	129,723
Auto Dealers and Supplies	125,807	151,717	163,496	168,973	179,318
Service Stations	106,855	90,313	89,246	102,907	122,935
Other Retail Stores	125,611	128,152	130,676	126,974	126,018
All Other Outlets	213,270	226,773	245,295	263,859	294,936
Total	\$1,037,793	\$1,087,968	\$1,143,437	\$1,206,729	\$1,279,956

Sources: State Board of Equalization, California Department of Taxes and Fees Administration, State Controller's Office, The HdL Companies Note: Due to confidentiality issues, the names of the ten largest revenue payers are not available. The categories presented are intended to provide alternative information regarding the sources of the City's revenue.

2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
\$51,211	\$38,668	\$62,539	\$62,144	\$62,017
220,108	213,182	262,639	297,348	281,795
32,195	38,458	37,431	39,132	40,347
140,213	131,768	177,421	196,009	202,745
135,369	138,684	162,761	174,245	158,037
179,014	188,657	238,976	227,734	185,562
130,431	111,817	165,463	209,413	190,702
126,131	134,618	171,905	184,931	180,448
322,087	333,889	452,350	510,963	588,088
\$1,336,759	\$1,329,741	\$1,731,485	\$1,901,919	\$1,889,741

CITY OF MANTECA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING SALES TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	City Direct Rate	Measure M	Measure K	State of California
2014-15	1.00	0.50	0.50	6.50
2015-16	1.00	0.50	0.50	6.50
2016-17	1.00	0.50	0.50	6.25 (a)
2017-18	1.00	0.50	0.50	6.25
2018-19	1.00	0.50	0.50	6.25
2019-20	1.00	0.50	0.50	6.25
2020-21	1.00	0.50	0.50	6.25
2021-22	1.00	0.50	0.50	6.25
2022-23	1.00	0.50	0.50	6.25
2023-24	1.00	0.50	0.50	6.25

Source: California State Board of Equalization / California Department of Tax and Fee Administration

 $^{^{\}rm (a)}$ On January 1, 2017, the State decreased the the State Rate 0.25%

CITY OF MANTECA PRINCIPAL SALES TAX PAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO IN ALPHABETICAL ORDER

Calendar Year 2023 Calendar Year 2014

A&A Gas & Food Mart Ahmeds Chevron

Amazon Com Services American Modular Systems

Amazon MFA Arco

American Modular Systems

B. R. Funsten & Company

Arco

Bass Pro Shops Outdoor World

Cohen Chrysler Lear Dadge Para Fiet

Arco AM PM

Arco AM PM

Cabral Chrysler Jeep Dodge Ram Fiat

Chevron

B R Funsten & Company Costco
Bass Pro Shops Outdoor World Country Kia
Blue Compass RV Home Depot

Cabral Chrysler Jeep Dodge Ram Fiat J. M. Equipment Company

Chevron J C Penney
Chick Fil A Kmart
Core & Main LP Kohls
Costco Manteca Arco
Country Kia Manteca Ford

Great Wolf Lodge Manteca Trailer & Motorhome

Home Depot Quik Stop

J. M. Equipment Company Roberts & Brune Co

Living Spaces Furniture Ross
Manteca Ford Save Mart

Ross Super Stop Gas & Liquor

Target TJ Maxx TJ Maxx

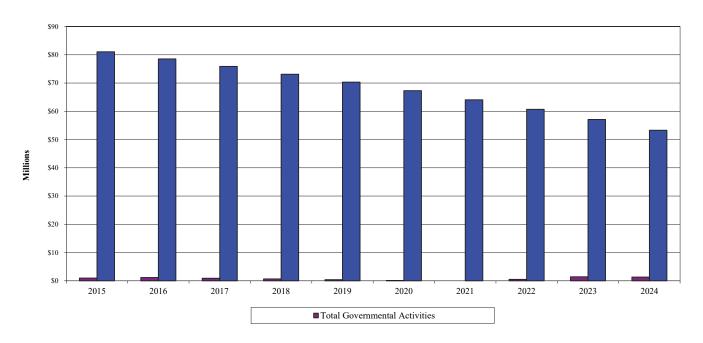
Walmart Supercenter Walmart Supercenter

Percent of fiscal year total paid by top 25 accounts: 55.09%

55.09% 55.16%

Sources: State Board of Equalization, California Department of Taxes and Fees Administration, State Controller's Office, TheHdL Companies

CITY OF MANTECA RATIO OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS



Governmental Activities

Fiscal Year	Capital Leases	Lease Liabilities	Subscription Liabilities	Total
2015	\$960,356			\$960,356
2016	1,150,979			1,150,979
2017	905,370			905,370
2018	651,199			651,199
2019	388,165			388,165
2020	115,961			115,961
2021	0			0
2022	0	\$504,872		504,872
2023	0	1,305,330	\$103,392	1,408,722
2024	0	902,624	403,417	1,306,041

	Business-Type Activities						
Fiscal Year	Water Revenue Bonds	Sewer Revenue Bonds	Leases Liabilities	Total	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income (a)	Per Capita (a)
2015	\$39,125,778	\$41,937,581		\$81,063,359	\$82,023,715	5.04%	1,128
2016	37,787,462	40,748,487		78,535,949	79,686,928	4.74%	1,079
2017	36,404,147	39,484,393		75,888,540	76,793,910	4.47%	1,007
2018	34,970,831	38,135,300		73,106,131	73,757,330	4.09%	907
2019	33,487,516	36,831,206		70,318,722	70,706,887	3.68%	844
2020	31,954,201	35,337,112		67,291,313	67,407,274	3.22%	795
2021	30,350,886	33,728,018		64,078,904	64,078,904	2.80%	734
2022	28,677,570	31,988,924	\$34,666	60,701,160	61,206,032	2.47%	705
2023	26,929,255	30,149,830	22,701	57,101,786	58,510,508	2.16%	659
2024	25,105,939	28,170,736	10,684	53,287,359	54,593,400	1.81%	600

Sources: City of Manteca State of California, Department of Finance (population) Bureau of Economic Analysis

Debt amounts exclude any premiums, discounts, or other amortization amounts. (a) See Demographic Statistics for personal income and population data. Note:

CITY OF MANTECA COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT JUNE 30, 2024

2023-24 Assessed Valuation:

\$12,184,794,133

	Total Debt		City's Share of
JURISDICTION	6/30/2024	% Applicable (1)	Debt 6/30/24
OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT			
San Joaquin Delta Community College District	\$162,660,000	10.156%	\$16,519,750
Yosemite Community College District	241,492,298	0.308%	743,796
Manteca Unified School District	262,234,978	52.216%	136,928,616
Ripon Unified School District	32,837,760	7.073%	2,322,615
Manteca Unified School District Community Facilities District No. 1989-2	15,735,000	79.150%	12,454,253
Manteca Unified School District Community Facilities District No. 2000-3	18,115,000	100%	18,115,000
City of Manteca Community Facilities District No. 2023-1, I.A. No. 1	5,825,000	100%	5,825,000
California Statewide Communities Development Authority CFD No. 2012-2	5,720,000	100%	5,720,000
California Statewide Communities Development Authority 1915 Act Bonds	57,608,211	100%	57,608,211
Reclamation District No 17 Assessment District	19,926,427	6.969%	1,388,673
TOTAL OVERLAPPING DEBT	\$822,154,674		\$257,625,914
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT	_		
San Joaquin County Certificates of Participation	\$49,210,000	11.235%	\$5,528,744
Manteca Unified School District Certificates of Participation	11,982,000	52.216%	6,256,521
CITY OF MANTECA GENERAL FUND OBLIGATIONS	0	100.000%	0
Total Gross Direct and Overlapping General Fund Debt	\$61,192,000		11,785,265
TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT			\$11,785,265 (2)
OVERLAPPING TAX INCREMENT DEBT (Successor Agency):	83,185,000	100%	\$83,185,000
\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \			
TOTAL DIRECT DEBT			\$0 (2)
TOTAL OVERLAPPING DEBT			\$352,596,179 (2)
TOTAL OTERLATING DEDI			ψ332,370,177 (2)
COMBINED TOTAL DEBT			\$252 506 170 (2)
COMBINED TOTAL DEDT			\$352,596,179 (2)

⁽¹⁾ The percentage of overlapping debt applicable to the city is estimated using taxable assessed property value. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the overlapping district's assessed value that is within the boundaries of the city divided by the city's total taxable assessed value.

Ratios to 2023-24 Assessed Valuation:

Total Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt	2.11%
Total Direct Debt	0.00%
Combined Total Debt	2.89%
Ratios to Redevelopment Incremental Valuation (\$3,117,669,566)	
Total Overlapping Tax Increment Debt	2.67%

⁽²⁾ Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and non-bonded capital lease obligations.

CITY OF MANTECA COMPUTATION OF LEGAL BONDED DEBT MARGIN June 30, 2024

ASSESSED VALUATION:

LEGAL BONDED DEBT MARGIN

Assessed Value Add back: Exempt real property	\$12,184,795,000 0	
Total Assessed Valuation	\$12,184,795,000	
BONDED DEBT LIMIT (15.0% OF ASSESSED VALUE) (a)		\$1,827,719,250
AMOUNT OF DEBT SUBJECT TO LIMIT:		0

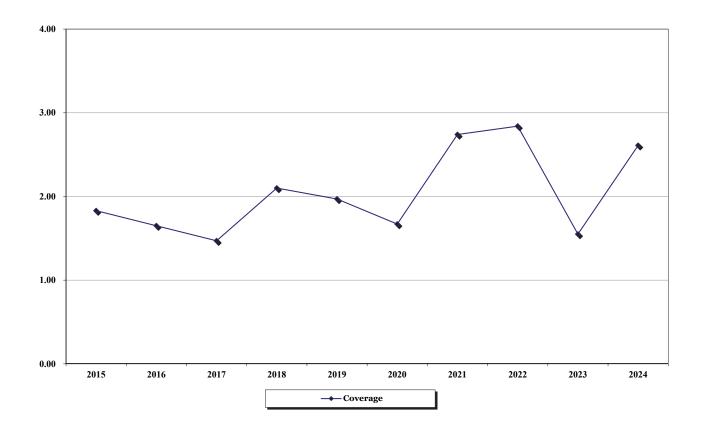
\$1,827,719,250

Fiscal Year	Debt Limit	Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit	Legal Debt Margin	Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit
2015	\$881,503,451	\$0	\$881,503,451	0.00%
2016	926,579,505	0	926,579,505	0.00%
2017	993,777,916	0	993,777,916	0.00%
2018	1,074,262,278	0	1,074,262,278	0.00%
2019	1,156,369,671	0	1,156,369,671	0.00%
2020	1,268,723,873	0	1,268,723,873	0.00%
2021	1,394,303,550	0	1,394,303,550	0.00%
2022	1,497,223,050	0	1,497,223,050	0.00%
2023	1,657,959,900	0	1,657,959,900	0.00%
2024	1,827,719,250	0	1,827,719,250	0.00%

NOTE:

⁽a) California Government Code, Section 43605 sets the debt limit at 15%. The Code section was enacted prior to the change in basing assessed value to full market value when it was previously 25% of market value. Thus, the limit shown as 3.75% is one-fourth the limit to account for the adjustment of showing assessed valuation at full cash value.

CITY OF MANTECA REVENUE BOND COVERAGE WATER REVENUE BONDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS



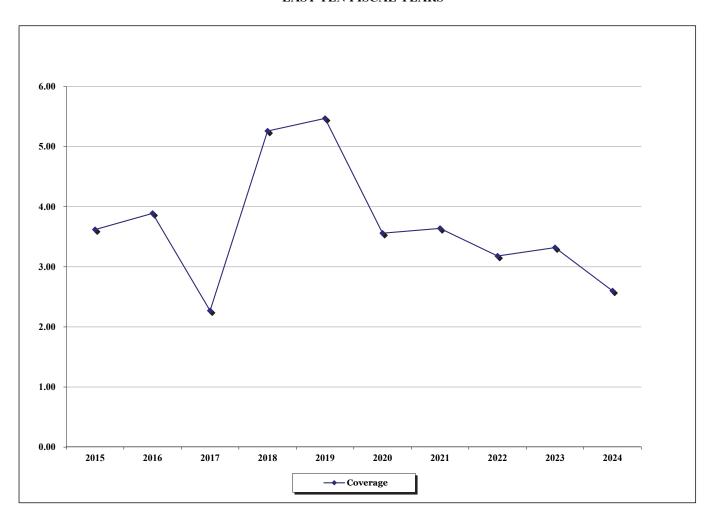
Fiscal	Gross	Operating	Depreciation Non-Operating	Net Revenue Available for	Debt	Service Requireme	ents	
Year	Revenue	Expenses	Revenues (a)	Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
2015	\$14,253,339	(\$12,560,076)	\$3,394,634	\$5,087,897	\$1,125,000	\$1,653,100	\$2,778,100	1.83
2016	13,911,824	(13,569,363)	4,219,136	4,561,597	1,145,000	1,618,950	2,763,950	1.65
2017	15,475,870	(15,374,241)	3,955,645	4,057,274	1,190,000	1,572,250	2,762,250	1.47
2018	17,874,779	(16,190,492)	4,115,119	5,799,406	1,240,000	1,523,650	2,763,650	2.10
2019	16,630,981	(16,540,348)	5,353,867	5,444,500	1,290,000	1,473,050	2,763,050	1.97
2020	17,460,808	(17,781,017)	4,918,205	4,597,996	1,340,000	1,413,750	2,753,750	1.67
2021	21,103,961	(17,381,197)	3,838,008	7,560,772	1,410,000	1,345,000	2,755,000	2.74
2022	21,846,755	(17,204,712)	3,187,306	7,829,349	1,480,000	1,272,750	2,752,750	2.84
2023	18,828,384	(19,455,588)	4,905,189	4,277,985	1,555,000	1,196,875	2,751,875	1.55
2024	24,451,854	(23,678,287)	6,384,288	7,157,855	1,630,000	1,117,250	2,747,250	2.61

Source: City of Manteca Annual Financial Statements

Note: (a) Depreciation expense is added back to exclude it from net revenues. Interest income is included the calculation of net revenues.

Source: City of Manteca Annual Financial Statements

CITY OF MANTECA REVENUE BOND COVERAGE SEWER REVENUE BONDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

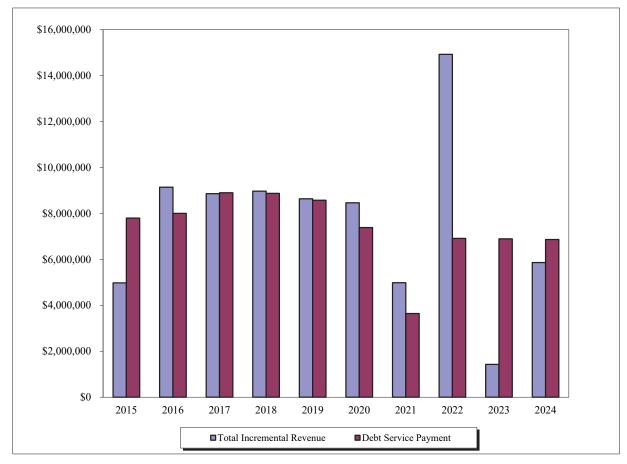


Fiscal	Operating	Operating	Depreciation Non-Operating	Net Revenue Available for	Debt	Service Requirem	ents	
Year	Revenue	Expenses	Revenues (a)	Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
2015	\$19,358,013	(\$11,980,756)	\$3,151,337	\$10,528,594	\$1,035,000	\$1,871,141	\$2,906,141	3.62
2016	20,088,298	(12,427,362)	3,823,516	11,484,452	1,105,000	1,844,216	2,949,216	3.89
2017	23,353,626	(20,270,910)	3,693,782	6,776,498	1,180,000	1,809,941	2,989,941	2.27
2018	26,752,536	(14,696,631)	3,953,777	16,009,682	1,265,000	1,779,591	3,044,591	5.26
2019	26,407,556	(15,734,144)	5,554,762	16,228,174	1,220,000	1,744,741	2,964,741	5.47
2020	22,632,685	(16,910,860)	5,314,430	11,036,255	1,410,000	1,687,291	3,097,291	3.56
2021	24,878,743	(17,983,713)	4,527,785	11,422,815	1,525,000	1,613,916	3,138,916	3.64
2022	26,764,183	(20,033,066)	3,464,611	10,195,728	1,655,000	1,550,966	3,205,966	3.18
2023	26,115,040	(20,907,297)	5,553,416	10,761,159	1,755,000	1,482,266	3,237,266	3.32
2024	27,788,557	(26,520,819)	7,289,038	8,556,776	1,895,000	1,391,016	3,286,016	2.60

Note (a) Depreciation expense is added back to exclude it from net revenues. Interest income is included the calculation of net revenues.

Source: City of Manteca Annual Financial Statements

CITY OF MANTECA BONDED DEBT PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY TAX ALLOCATION BONDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

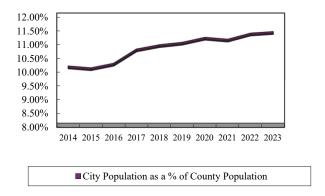


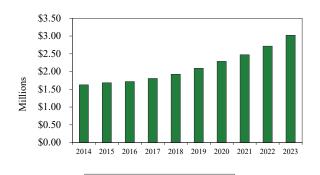
	Tax	Debt S			
Fiscal Year	Increment Revenue	Principal	Interest (c)	Total	Coverage
2015	\$4,975,892 (a) (b)	\$2,875,000 (a)	\$4,923,045 (a)	\$7,798,045	0.64
2016	9,143,768 (a) (b)	3,000,000 (a)	5,003,356 (a)	8,003,356	1.14
2017	8,860,814 (a) (b)	3,135,000 (a)	5,765,392 (a)	8,900,392	1.00
2018	8,970,904 (a) (b)	3,275,000 (a)	5,599,995 (a)	8,874,995	1.01
2019	8,638,662 (a) (b)	3,420,000 (a)	5,155,090 (a)	8,575,090	1.01
2020	8,463,615 (a) (b)	3,570,000 (a) (d)	3,815,396 (a) (d)	7,385,396	1.15
2021	4,982,819 (a) (b)	1,985,000 (a)	1,657,216 (a)	3,642,216	1.37
2022	14,926,936 (a) (b)	4,190,000 (a)	2,723,702 (a)	6,913,702	2.16
2023	1,427,520 (a) (b)	4,255,000 (a)	2,639,891 (a)	6,894,891	0.21
2024	5,861,798 (a) (b)	4,315,000 (a)	2,551,099 (a)	6,866,099	0.85

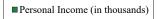
Note: (a) The Redevelopment Agency was dissolved effective January 31, 2012, and its liabilities were assumed by a Successor Agency. Amounts reported here include tax revenue and debt service of both the former Redevelopment Agency and the Successor Agency.

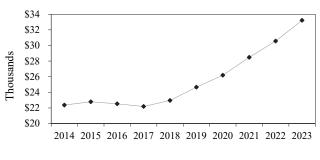
- (b) Beginning in fiscal year 2012, tax increment reported in this table is the amount calculated by the County Auditor-Controller. Under the provisions of the laws dissolving the Redevelopment Agency, the Successor Agency only receives the funds necessary to fulfill its approved obligations.
- (c) Excludes the letter of credit and remarketing fees on the 2005 Tax Allocation Bonds.
- (d) Excludes principal retirements related to the issuance of the Series 2020A and 2020B Refunding Bonds. Source: City of Manteca Annual Financial Statements

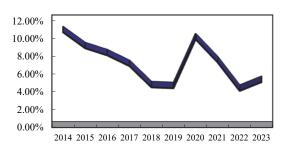
CITY OF MANTECA DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS











■Unemployment Rate

_	Calendar Year	City Population	Personal Income (in thousands)	Per Capita Personal Income (a	Unemployment Rate (%)	San Joaquin County Population	City Population % of County
	2014	72,701	\$1,626,176	\$22,368	10.7%	719,511	10.10%
	2015	73,841	1,682,925	22,791	8.9%	735,677	10.04%
	2016	76,247	1,717,719	22,528	8.1%	747,263	10.20%
	2017	81,345	1,804,801	22,187	6.9%	758,744	10.72%
	2018	83,781	1,923,643	22,960	4.5%	770,385	10.88%
	2019	84,800	2,091,006	24,658	4.4%	773,505	10.96%
	2020	87,319	2,286,735	26,188	9.9%	783,534	11.14%
	2021	86,859	2,473,733	28,480	7.3%	784,298	11.07%
	2022	88,803	2,714,458	30,567	4.1%	786,145	11.30%
	2023	90,917	3,020,305	33,220	5.1%	800,965	11.35%

Source: California State Department of Finance - City Population (1/1/20)

Bureau of Labor Statistics - Unemployment Rate (Not Seasonally Adjusted)

Bureau of Economic Analysis - Per Capita (San Joaquin County)

Note: Data for Per Capita 2016 and 2017 was not available. Numbers are projections.

(a) Personal income is a product of the countywide per capita amount and the City's population

CITY OF MANTECA Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

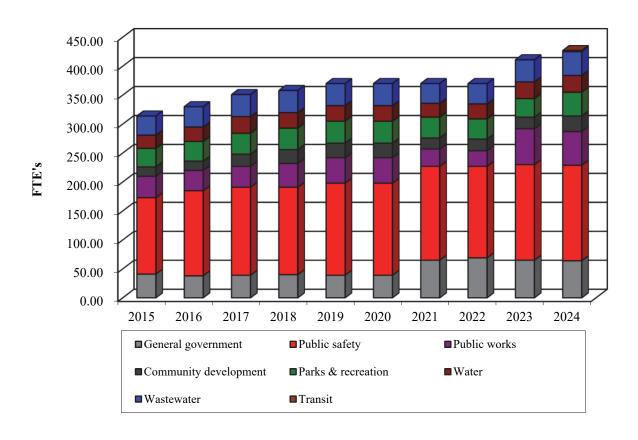
2023-24 2014-15 Percentage Percentage of Total City Number of Number of of Total City **Employer Employees** Rank **Employment Employees** Rank **Employment** 710 0.8% Amazon.com Services, LLC 1 Tennant Sales and Service Co. 800 0.9% Manteca Unified School District (a) 730 3 0.8% 2,204 1 3.0% City of Manteca 570 0.6% 351 5 0.5% Gardner Trucking Inc. 520 5 0.6% 520 3 0.7% Doctors Hospital of Manteca 399 0.4% 423 4 0.6% Kaiser Permanente Medical Offices & Hospital 314 7 0.4% 619 2 0.8% Wal-Mart 307 8 0.3% 316 0.4% 6 COSTCO Wholesale #1031 307 8 0.3% 212 9 0.3% 300 9 BASS Pro Outdoor World 0.3% A.M. Stephens Construction Co., Inc. 257 10 0.3% C. Overaa & Co. 250 11 0.3% Eckert Cold Storage 250 11 0.3% 250 7 0.3% Home Depot 205 12 0.2% Give Every Child a Chance 183 13 0.2% 170 10 0.2%0.2% Target Corp. 170 14 225 0.3% Karma, Inc. (DBA Manteca Care & Rehab) 225 15 0.3% 8 Lassen Canyon Nursery 250 0.3% 7.3% Total Employees - Principal Employers 6,497 5,540 7.5% **Total City Population 88,803** (b) 73,787

Source: City of Manteca Community Development Department (Business License)

⁽a) FY 2014-15 MUSD employees included the entire district; FY2022-23 includes only MUSD employees in the City of Manteca. FY2023-24 information is not available

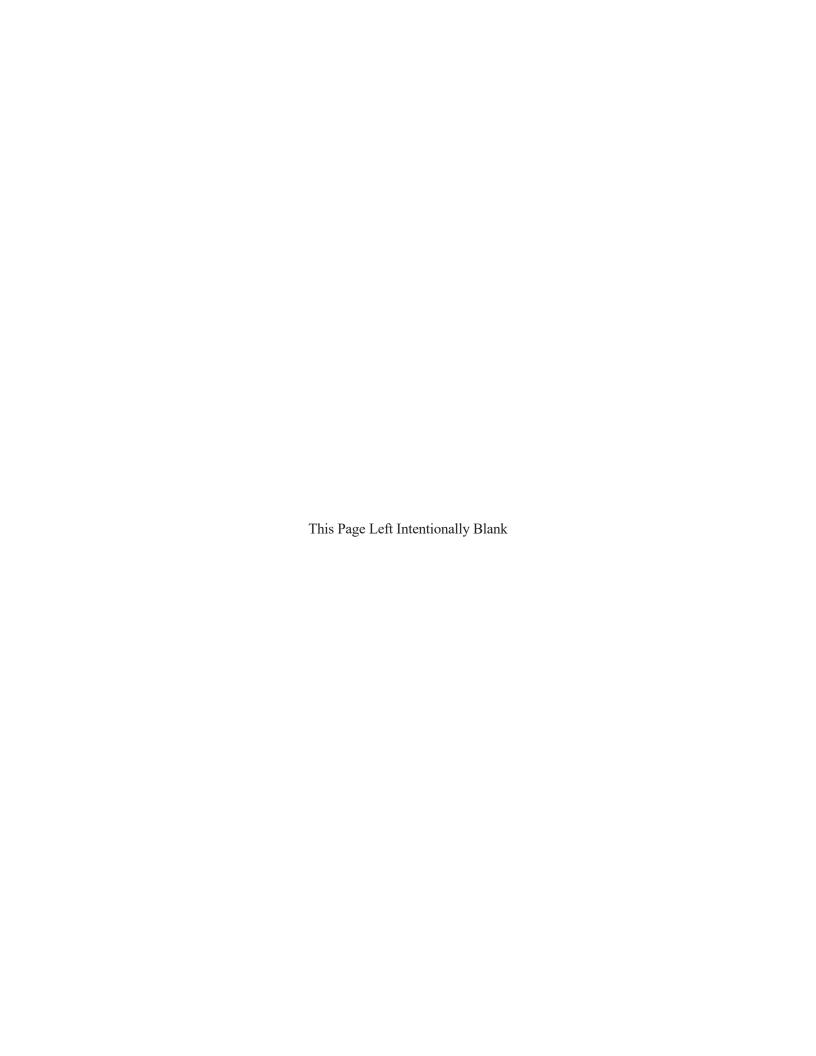
⁽b) Information is from FY2022-23, FY2023-24 information is not available.

CITY OF MANTECA FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS



	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Function										
General government	41.00	38.00	39.00	40.00	39.00	39.00	65.00	69.00	65.00	64.00
Public safety	132.00	147.00	152.00	151.00	159.00	159.00	162.00	158.00	165.00	165.00
Public works	37.00	35.00	36.00	41.00	44.00	44.00	30.00	27.00	62.00	58.00
Community development	16.00	16.00	21.00	24.00	25.00	25.00	19.00	20.00	20.00	27.00
Parks & recreation	32.00	34.00	36.00	37.00	38.00	38.00	36.00	35.00	32.00	41.00
Water	23.00	25.00	29.00	27.00	27.00	27.00	24.00	26.00	29.00	29.00
Wastewater	33.00	35.00	38.00	38.00	38.00	38.00	34.00	35.00	38.00	41.00
Solid Waste	37.00	37.00	36.00	37.00	37.00	37.00	36.00	38.00	40.00	41.00
Transit										2.00
Total	351.00	367.00	387.00	395.00	407.00	407.00	406.00	408.00	451.00	468.00

Source: City of Manteca Budget Document



CITY OF MANTECA OPERATING INDICATORS AND CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year						
	2015**	2016	2017	2018	2019		
Population							
Citizens	73,787	73,841	76,247	81,345	83,781		
Date of Incorporation	May 28,1918	May 28,1918	May 28,1918	May 28,1918	May 28,1918		
Form of Government	Council/Manager	Council/Manager	Council/Manager	Council/Manager	Council/Manager		
Area	20.92 Sq Miles	20.92 Sq Miles	20.92 Sq Miles	21.45	21.45		
Registered Voters	30,975	33,105	36,327	37,775	38,575		
Building Permits Issued	3,027	3,418	3,565	4,312	3,653		
Employees from Budget Document	351	367	0	0	0		
Fire Protection							
Number of Stations	4	4	4	4	4		
Number of Reserve Personnel	25	22	20	24	23		
Number of Sworn Fire Personnel *	41	49	60	48	48		
Number of Calls Answered	6,252	6,682	7,132	7,579	8,230		
Police Protection							
Number of Stations	1	1	1	1	1		
Number of Police Officers	64	65	65	67	73		
Number of Volunteers	94	87	62	71	65		
Number of Support Personnel	24	29	33	33	40		
Number of Calls Answered	35,036	42,717	43,229	42,114	50,094		
Parks & Recreation							
Park Sites	58	65	69	69	69		
Acres of Parks	367	382	382	465	465		
Senior Centers	1	1	1	1	1		
Swimming Pools	2	2	2	2	2		
Tennis Courts	8	8	8	8	8		
Pickle Ball Court							
Number of Park/Golf Trees	7,600	7,600	7,600	7,600	5,000		
Number of Street Trees	18,000	18,500	18,700	18,700	12,500		
Acres of Golf Course	111	111	111	111	111		
Public Libraries	1	1	1	1	1		
Landscape Maintenance Districts	29	29	29	29	29		
Benefit Area District	4	4	4	4	4		
Community Facility Districts	6	9	10	12	12		
Public Works							
Miles of Streets	250	250	259	271	271		
Number of Street Lights	5,143	5,405	5,443	5,603	5,603		
Water Utility							
Number of Meters	21,161	21,696	22,380	22,920	23,329		
Miles of Water Mains	266	280	298	299	299		
Average Daily Consumptions (Gal)	11.11 MGD	9.89 MGD	10.498 MGD	10.498 MGD	11.943 MGD		
Wastewater							
Number of Connections	20,791	21,325	21,951	22,529	23,094		
Miles of Sewer Lines	243	250	257	258	258		
Number of Treatment Plants	1	1	1	1	1		
Average Daily Treatment	6 MGD	6.25 MGD	6.21 MGD	6.21 MGD	6.21 MGD		
Treatment Capacity	9.87 MGD	9.87 MGD	9.87 MGD	9.87MGD	9.87MGD		
Solid Waste	, , , , , , , , ,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,,,,,,,		
Number of Accounts	20,879	21,411	22,080	22,641	23,215		
Education	.,,	,	,	<i>/-</i>	-, -		
Elementary Schools	23	23	20	20	20		
High Schools	5	5	5	5	5		
Alternative Schools	3	3	3	3	3		
Adult Education	1	1	1	1	1		
Charter School	1	1	1	1	1		
Teachers	1,019	1,041	1,092	1,099	1,099		
Elementary Classrooms	895	895	899	884	884		
High School Classrooms	461	457	457	445	445		
Adult Education Classrooms	42	3	3	3	3		
Current Enrollment	22,909	23,981	23,852	23,599	23,599		

Source: City of Manteca Budget Document

Manteca Fire Department Annual Report

Various Manteca Unified School District Records

City of Manteca

Note: n/a denotes information not available.

^{*} Includes the Fire Department's Chief Officers

^{**} Updated numbers from Muni Service Sales Tax Analysis

^{***} New State Mandates require reserves to be as fully trained as a full-time Firefighter, making it difficult to retain individuals as reserves when they can move on to full-time firefighter employment.

			Fiscal Year		
	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Population					
Citizens	84,842	87,319	86,859	88,803	90,917
Date of Incorporation	May 28,1918				
Form of Government	Council/Manager	Council/Manager	Council/Manager	Council/Manager	Council/Manager
Area	21.45	21.48 44,829	21.48	21.48 47,957	22.18 39,652
Registered Voters	43,642 3,740	44,829 4,679	46,145		,
Building Permits Issued Employees from Budget Document	3,740 407	4,679	4,777 408	4,319 451	4,819 468
Fire Protection	1	400	400	431	400
Number of Stations	5	5	5	5	5
Number of Reserve Personnel	15	5***	5***	12	10
Number of Sworn Fire Personnel	49	49	50	50	50
Number of Calls Answered	9.052	10,480	10,852	10,771	11,303
Police Protection	1	10,400	10,032	10,771	11,505
Number of Stations	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Police Officers	73	73	74	74	79
Number of Volunteers	17 (1)	56	61	65	67
Number of Support Personnel	36	38	39	41	44
Number of Calls Answered	46,874	44,791	45,274	43,497	41,552
Parks & Recreation	1	11,721	13,271	13,177	11,552
Park Sites	70	71	72	72	75
Acres of Parks	470	474	480	480	485
Senior Centers	1	1	1	1	1
Swimming Pools	2	2	2	2	2
Tennis Courts	8	8	8	8	8
Pickle Ball Court		1	1	1	1
Number of Park/Golf Trees	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000
Number of Street Trees	12,675	12,500	12,550	12,550	12,550
Acres of Golf Course	111	111	111	111	111
Public Libraries	1	1	1	1	1
Landscape Maintenance Districts	29	29	29	29	29
Benefit Area District	4	4	4	4	4
Community Facility Districts	16	19	23	24	27
Public Works					
Miles of Streets	275	280	290	290	309
Number of Street Lights	5,650	5,650	5,654	5,771	6,022
Water Utility					
Number of Meters	24,906	26,475	28,143	28,612	33,022
Miles of Water Mains	320	338	345	345	359
Average Daily Consumptions (Gal)	13.643 MGD	12.90 MGD	13.21 MGD	12.346 MGD	13.40 MGD
Wastewater]				
Number of Connections	24,411	25,730	27,120	28,612	30,012
Miles of Sewer Lines	272	273	276	278	295
Number of Treatment Plants	1	1	1	1	1
Average Daily Treatment	6.83 MGD	7.30 MGD	7.50 MGD	8.1 MGD	8.35 MGD
Treatment Capacity	9.87 MGD				
Solid Waste]	25.065	27.264	20.764	20.172
Number of Accounts Education	24,541	25,867	27,264	28,764	30,172
Elementary Schools] 19	15	15	15	15
High Schools	5	5	5	5	4
Alternative Schools	2	2	1	1	2
Adult Education	1	0	1	1	1
Charter School	1	0	0	0	0
Teachers	1,242	707	751	730	670
Elementary Classrooms	550	593	549	557	842
High School Classrooms	272	331	352	353	353
Adult Education Classrooms	Not Available	21	21	21	21
Current Enrollment	24,061	15,458	15,604	15,935	16,376
		•	•	•	<i>'</i>

Source: City of Manteca Budget Document

Manteca Fire Department Annual Report

Note: n/a denotes information not available.

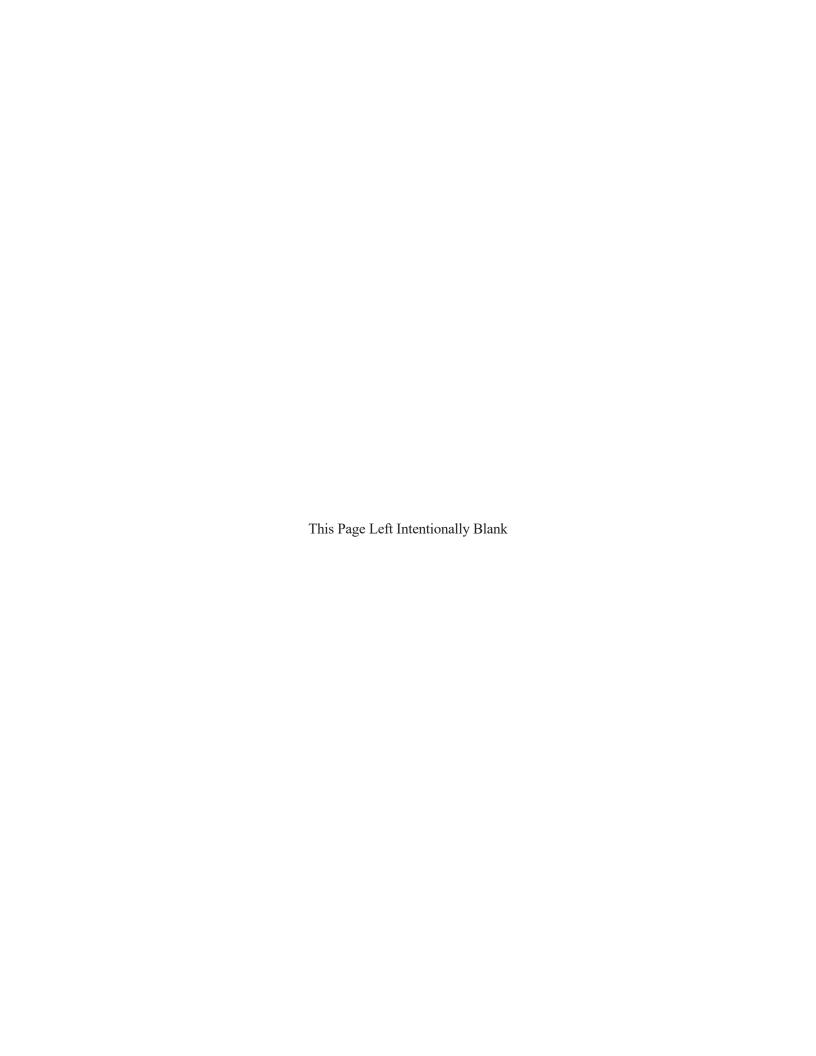
Various Manteca Unified School District Records

City of Manteca

^{*} Includes the Fire Department's Chief Officers

^{***} Updated numbers from Muni Service Sales Tax Analysis

*** New State Mandates require reserves to be as fully trained as a full-time Firefighter, making it difficult to retain individuals as reserves when they can move on to full-time firefighter employment.



MANTECA FINANCING AUTHORITY BASIC COMPONENT UNIT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Directors of the Manteca Financing Authority Manteca, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the 2009 Sewer Revenue Bonds Fund (Fund) of the Manteca Financing Authority (Authority), a component unit of the City of Manteca (City), California, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the 2009 Sewer Revenue Bonds Fund of the Authority, as of June 30, 2024, and the change in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Authority and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirement relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

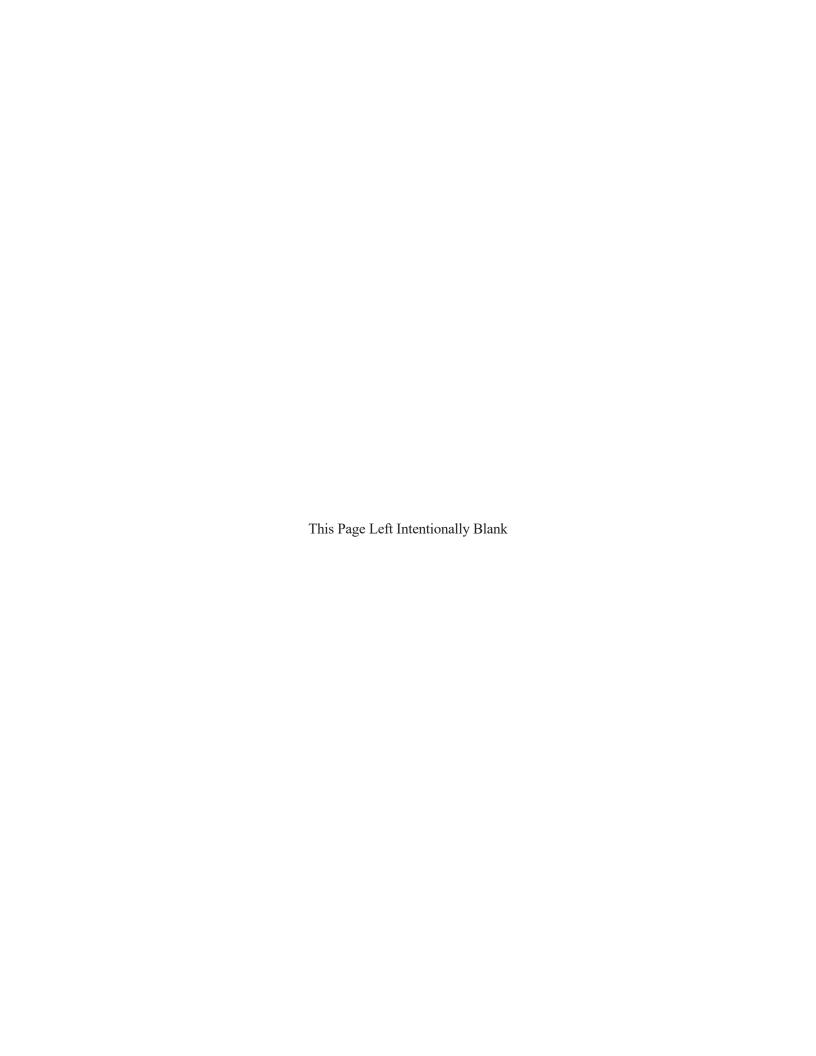
Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated May 22, 2025, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Pleasant Hill, California

Mane & associates

May 22, 2025



MANTECA FINANCING AUTHORITY

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

The purpose of The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues and Changes in Net Position is to summarize the entire Authority's financial activities and financial position. They are prepared on the same basis as is used by most businesses, which means they include all the Authority's assets and deferred outflows of resources and all its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, as well as all its revenues and expenses.

The Statement of Net Position reports the difference between the Authority's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and the Authority's total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, including all the Authority's long-term debt. The Statement of Net Position summarizes the financial position of all the Authority's activities in a single column.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position reports increases and decreases in the Authority's net position. It is also prepared on the full accrual basis, which means it includes all the Authority's revenues and all its expenses, regardless of when cash changes hands.

MANTECA FINANCING AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

	2009 Sewer Revenue Bonds
ASSETS	
Current Assets: Investments held by trustee (Note 2) Interest receivable	\$2,007,187 88,230
Total Current Assets	2,095,417
Receivable from the City of Manteca (Note 3)	16,992,813
Total Assets	19,088,230
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Accrued interest payable Lease revenue bonds payable (Note 4): Due in less than one year	88,230 560,000
Total Current Liabilities	648,230
Non-Current Liabilities: Lease revenue bonds payable (Note 4): Due in more than one year	18,440,000
Total Liabilities	19,088,230
NET POSITION	
Restricted for Debt Service	
Total Net Position	

See accompanying notes to financial statements

MANTECA FINANCING AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	2009
	Sewer
	Revenue Bonds
OPERATING REVENUE	
Interest on base rental payments	\$958,803
Total Operating Revenue	958,803
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Interest and fiscal fees	1,058,763
Total Operating Expenses	1,058,763
Operating Loss	(99,960)
NONOPERATING INCOME	
Interest on investments	99,960
Net Nonoperating Income	99,960
Change in net position	
Net position at beginning of year	
Net position at end of year	

See accompanying notes to financial statements

MANTECA FINANCING AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	2009 Sewer
	Revenue Bonds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Receipts from the City Payments to bond trustees	\$1,015,459 (1,058,763)
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	(43,304)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Investment interest received	99,960
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	99,960
Net Cash Flows	56,656
Cash and investments at beginning of period	1,950,531
Cash and investments at end of period	\$2,007,187
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash flows from operating activities:	
Operating loss Change in assets:	(\$99,960)
Receivables, net	56,656
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	(\$43,304)

See accompanying notes to financial statements

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Organization and Purpose

The Manteca Financing Authority (Authority) is a Joint Powers Authority organized by the City of Manteca (City) and the Manteca Redevelopment Agency (Agency) on May 1, 1991 under the laws of the State of California. The Authority was organized to provide assistance to the City and Agency in financing public improvements for the benefit of the residents of the City and surrounding areas. Administrative and related normal business expenses incurred in the day-to-day operations of the Authority are provided by the City and are not included in the accompanying financial statements. Such expenses are insignificant to the Authority's operations.

The Authority is an integral part of the City and the accompanying financial statements are included as a component of the basic financial statements prepared by the City. A component unit is a separate governmental unit, agency, or nonprofit corporation which, when combined with all other component units, constitutes the reporting entity as defined in the City's basic financial statements.

B. Basis of Presentation

The Authority's Basic Component Unit Financial Statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board is the acknowledged standard setting body for establishing accounting and financial reporting standards followed by governmental entities in the U.S.A.

These Standards require that the financial statements described below be presented.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Authority's funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major individual funds, each of which is displayed in a separate column. The Authority considers its only fund to be a major fund.

C. Basis of Accounting

The Authority accounts for all transactions in a single enterprise fund (proprietary fund type). A fund is an accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts established to record the financial position and results of operations of a specific governmental activity. The activities of enterprise funds closely resemble those of the private sector in which the purpose is to conserve and add to economic resources. Enterprise funds account for operations that provide services on a continuous basis and are substantially financed by revenues derived from user charges.

The financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

D. Major Fund

The Authority's only fund is required to be identified as a major fund and presented in the fund financial statements. Major funds are defined as funds that have either assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenses equal to ten percent of their fund-type total and five percent of the grand total.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The Authority reported its only fund, the 2009 Sewer Revenue Bonds Enterprise Fund, as a major enterprise fund in the accompanying financial statements, and the fund is used to account for Bond transactions.

E. Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Authority categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels based on the extent to which inputs used in measuring fair value are observable in the market.

Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 inputs are inputs – other than quoted prices included within level 1 – that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

If the fair value of an asset or liability is measured using inputs from more than one level of the fair value hierarchy, the measurement is considered to be based on the lowest priority level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

F. Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - INVESTMENTS HELD BY TRUSTEE

The Authority invests in individual investments and in investment pools. Individual investments are evidenced by specific identifiable pieces of paper called *securities instruments*, or by an electronic entry registering the owner in the records of the institution issuing the security, called the *book entry* system.

The Authority's investments are carried at fair value, as required by generally accepted accounting principles. The Authority adjusts the carrying value of its investments to reflect their fair value at each fiscal year end, and it includes the effects of these adjustments in income for that fiscal year.

NOTE 2 - INVESTMENTS HELD BY TRUSTEE (Continued)

A. Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

In accordance with the Lease Revenue Bond Indenture of Trust, a Trustee holds the portion of Bond proceeds established as reserves for debt service on these Bonds. The California Government Code requires these funds to be invested in accordance with bond indentures or State statutes. The table below identifies the investment types and their minimum credit ratings that are authorized for investments held by trustee and certain provisions of the debt agreement. The bond indenture contains no limitations for the maximum investment in any one issuer or the maximum percentage of the portfolio that may be invested in any one investment type.

		Minimum
	Maximum	Credit
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Quality
United States Treasury Bill, Bonds, Notes	5 years	N/A
United States Government Agency Obligations	5 years	N/A
Bankers' Acceptances	30 days to 1 year	A-1
Commercial Paper	270 days to 1 year	A-1
Certificates of Deposit	30 days to 5 years	None to A
Repurchase Agreements	None to 30 days	A-1
Local Agency Investment Fund	n/a	Not rated
Money Market Funds	n/a	AA-m
Investment Agreements	None	None to AA
State and Municipal Bonds, Notes	None	Two Highest Categories

B. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the Authority's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the Authority's investments by maturity:

	12 Months
Investment Type	or Less
Held by Trustees:	
Money Market Funds (U.S. Securities)	\$2,007,187

C. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The actual rating as of June 30, 2024, for the Money Market Funds was AAAm as provided by Standard & Poor's investment rating system. Money market funds are available for withdrawal on demand and at June 30, 2024, have an average maturity of 6 days.

NOTE 2 - INVESTMENTS HELD BY TRUSTEE (Continued)

D. Fair Value Hierarchy

The Authority categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure fair value of the assets. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in an active market for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The Authority's money market funds are measured at amortized cost as of June 30, 2024.

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLE FROM THE CITY OF MANTECA

The Authority used the proceeds from its Bond issues to finance capital improvements throughout the City. The City leases these improvements from the Authority under the terms of the lease agreement that expires in 2037.

Anticipated receipts of the base rental payments, net of cash and investments held by trustee, capitalized interest proceeds and interest expense net of anticipated interest earned on the investments, are as follows:

Year ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$560,000	\$948,871	\$1,508,871
2026	640,000	919,221	1,559,221
2027	720,000	885,221	1,605,221
2028	810,000	846,465	1,656,465
2029	905,000	801,953	1,706,953
2030-2034	5,330,000	3,184,536	8,514,536
2035-2037	10,035,000	405,874	10,440,874
	\$19,000,000	\$7,992,141	26,992,141
		Less:	
Investments held by trustee			2,007,187
Amount representing interest		presenting interest	7,992,141
Receivabl	e from the City of Mant	eca June 30, 2024	\$16,992,813

NOTE 4 - LONG TERM DEBT

On May 27, 2009 the Authority issued the Sewer Revenue Bonds Series 2009 in the amount of \$19,000,000 to finance the City's expansion and upgrade of its Wastewater Quality Control Facility. The 2009 Revenue Bonds are secured by installment payments payable by the City of Manteca under the Installment Sales Agreement dated December 1, 2003, as amended by Amendment 1 dated June 1, 2009. The installment payments are special limited obligations of the City and are secured by a pledge of and lien on the net revenues of the City's sewer system.

On July 5, 2023, Moody's Investors Service withdrew the City's issuer rating and also withdrew it's rating of the 2009 Revenue Bonds, due to the City's delay in issuing the audited financial statements. In addition, Fitch Ratings withdrew its AA- rating for the 2009 Revenue Bonds for the same reason.

Annual debt service requirements are shown below for the long-term debt:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$560,000	\$1,045,112	\$1,605,112
2026	640,000	1,015,462	1,655,462
2027	720,000	981,462	1,701,462
2028	810,000	942,706	1,752,706
2029	905,000	898,194	1,803,194
2030-2034	5,330,000	3,665,741	8,995,741
2035-2037	10,035,000	887,079	10,922,079
Total	\$19,000,000	\$9,435,756	\$28,435,756

